

MICHAEL W. ABSHER, MAYOR

Public Affairs

000001

COMMISSIONERS

JIM WEBB

Streets & Public Improvements

JOHN M. BARWICK, JR.

Public Health & Safety

COMMISSIONERS

DOUG PATTON

Accounts & Finances

JOHN STOECKLIN

Public Property

March 20, 2025

ATLAS CPAs & Advisors LLC

P.O. Box 1728

Marion, Illinois 62959

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audits of the financial statements of the City of Marion, Illinois, which comprise the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended, and the disclosures (collectively, the "financial statements"), for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement. An omission or misstatement that is monetarily small in amount could be considered material as a result of qualitative factors.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of March 20, 2025, the following representations made to you during your audit.

Financial Statements

- 1) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated March 14, 2024, including our responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and for preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the applicable criteria.
- 2) The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP and include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government and all component units required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.
- 3) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 4) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 5) Significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 6) Related party relationships and transactions, including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 7) Adjustments or disclosures have been made for all events, including instances of noncompliance, subsequent to the date of the financial statements that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.
- 8) The effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole for each opinion unit. A list of the uncorrected misstatements is attached to the representation letter.
- 9) The effects of all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 10) Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the City is contingently liable, if any, have been properly recorded or disclosed.

Information Provided

- 11) We have provided you with:
 - a) Access to all information, of which we are aware, that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as records (including information obtained from outside of the general and subsidiary ledgers), documentation, and other matters and all audit or relevant monitoring reports, if any, received from funding sources.
 - b) Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
 - c) Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
 - d) Minutes of the meetings of City Council or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- 12) All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- 13) We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 14) We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the City and involves:
 - Management,
 - Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
 - Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 15) We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the City's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, regulators, or others.

- 16) We have no knowledge of instances of noncompliance or suspected noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or waste or abuse, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.
- 17) We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- 18) We have disclosed to you the names of the City's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions, including any side agreements.

Government-specific

- 19) There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices.
- 20) We have taken timely and appropriate steps to remedy identified and suspected fraud or noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that you have reported to us.
- 21) We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- 22) We have identified to you any previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the objectives of the audit and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 23) We have identified to you any investigations or legal proceedings that have been initiated with respect to the period under audit.
- 24) The City has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance or net position.
- 25) We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts, and legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.
- 26) We have appropriately disclosed all information for conduit debt obligations in accordance with GASBS No. 91.
- 27) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances of identified and suspected fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that we believe have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 28) There are no violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting, approving, and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements, or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance.
- 29) As part of your audit, you assisted with preparation of the financial statements and disclosures and schedule of expenditures of federal awards. We acknowledge our responsibility as it relates to those nonaudit services, including that we assume all management responsibilities; oversee the services by designating an individual, preferably within senior management, who possesses suitable skill, knowledge, or experience; evaluate the adequacy and results of the services performed; and accept responsibility for the results of the services. We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and disclosures and schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

- 30) The City has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 31) The City has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 32) The financial statements include all component units, appropriately present majority equity interests in legally separate organizations and joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations.
- 33) The financial statements include all fiduciary activities required by GASBS No. 84.
- 34) The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities in accordance with GAS BS No. 34, as amended.
- 35) All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASBS Nos. 34 and 37 for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are particularly important to financial statement users.
- 36) Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted) and classifications of fund balance (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 37) Investments, derivative instruments, and land and other real estate held by endowments are properly valued.
- 38) Provisions for uncollectible receivables have been properly identified and recorded.
- 39) Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 40) Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- 41) Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and reported.
- 42) Special and extraordinary items are appropriately classified and reported.
- 43) Deposits and investment securities and derivative instruments are properly classified as to risk and are properly disclosed.
- 44) Capital assets, including infrastructure and intangible assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable, depreciated or amortized.
- 45) We have appropriately disclosed the City's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available and have determined that net position is properly recognized under the policy.
- 46) We are following our established accounting policy regarding which resources (that is, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned) are considered to be spent first for expenditures for which more than one resource classification is available. That policy determines the fund balance classifications for financial reporting purposes.

- 47) We acknowledge our responsibility for the required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.
- 48) With respect to the non-major funds combining balance sheets and combining statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances on which an in-relation-to opinion is issued:
 - a) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the non-major funds combining balance sheets and combining statements of revenues, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and we believe the non-major funds combining balance sheets and combining statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The methods of measurement and presentation of the non-major funds combining balance sheets and combining statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, have not changed from those used in the prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.
 - b) If the non-major funds combining balance sheets and combining statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance is not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the supplementary information no later than the date we issue the supplementary information and the auditor's report thereon.
- 49) With respect to federal award programs:
 - a) We are responsible for understanding and complying with and have complied with, the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), including requirements relating to preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
 - b) We acknowledge our responsibility for preparing and presenting the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) and related disclosures in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, and we believe the SEFA, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. The methods of measurement or presentation of the SEFA have not changed from those used in the prior period and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the SEFA.
 - c) If the SEFA is not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the SEFA no later than the date we issue the SEFA and the auditor's report thereon.
 - d) We have identified and disclosed to you all of our government programs and related activities subject to the Uniform Guidance compliance audit, and have included in the SEFA, expenditures made during the audit period for all awards provided by federal agencies in the form of federal awards, federal cost reimbursement contracts, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations, and other direct assistance.

- e) We are responsible for understanding and complying with, and have complied with, the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of federal awards related to each of our federal programs and have identified and disclosed to you the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of federal awards that are considered to have a direct and material effect on each major program.
- f) We are responsible for establishing, designing, implementing, and maintaining, and have established, designed, implemented, and maintained, effective internal control over compliance for federal programs that provides reasonable assurance that we are managing our federal awards in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of federal awards that could have a material effect on our federal programs. We believe the internal control system is adequate and is functioning as intended.
- g) We have made available to you all federal awards (including amendments, if any) and any other correspondence with federal agencies or pass-through entities relevant to federal programs and related activities.
- h) We have received no requests from a federal agency to audit one or more specific programs as a major program.
- i) We have disclosed any communications from federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities concerning possible noncompliance with the direct and material compliance requirements, including communications received from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditor's report.
- j) We have disclosed to you the findings received and related corrective actions taken for previous audits, attestation engagements, and internal or external monitoring that directly relate to the objectives of the compliance audit, including findings received and corrective actions taken from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditor's report.
- k) Amounts claimed or used for matching were determined in accordance with relevant guidelines in OMB's Uniform Guidance (2 CFR part 200, subpart E).
- I) We have disclosed to you our interpretation of compliance requirements that may have varying interpretations.
- m) We have made available to you all documentation related to compliance with the direct and material compliance requirements, including information related to federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements.
- n) We have disclosed to you the nature of any subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period affecting noncompliance during the reporting period.
- o) There are no such known instances of noncompliance with direct and material compliance requirements that occurred subsequent to the period covered by the auditor's report.
- p) No changes have been made in internal control over compliance or other factors that might significantly affect internal control, including any corrective action we have taken regarding significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance, subsequent to the period covered by the auditor's report.
- q) Federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements are supported by the books and records from which the financial statements have been prepared.

- r) The copies of federal program financial reports provided you are true copies of the reports submitted, or electronically transmitted, to the respective federal agency or pass-through entity, as applicable.
- s) We have charged costs to federal awards in accordance with applicable cost principles.
- t) We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the summary schedule of prior audit findings to include all findings required to be included by the Uniform Guidance, and we have provided you with all information on the status of the follow-up on prior audit findings by federal awarding agencies and passthrough entities, including all management decisions.
- u) We are responsible for and have ensured the reporting package does not contain protected personally identifiable information.
- v) We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the auditee section of the Data Collection Form as required by the Uniform Guidance.
- w) We are responsible for taking corrective action on each audit finding of the compliance audit and have developed a corrective action plan that meets the requirements of the Uniform Guidance.

Signature

Title: / Ceasure

City of Marion, Illinois Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

Prepared by Treasurer's Department

Lance Roye, CPA Treasurer

City of Marion, Illinois Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

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CITY OF MARION, ILLINOIS

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

April 30, 2024

LEGISLATIVE

CITY COUNCIL

Michael W. Absher Mayor & Public Affairs Commissioner

Doug Patton
Accounts & Finance Commissioner

James "Jim" Webb Streets & Public Improvements Commissioner

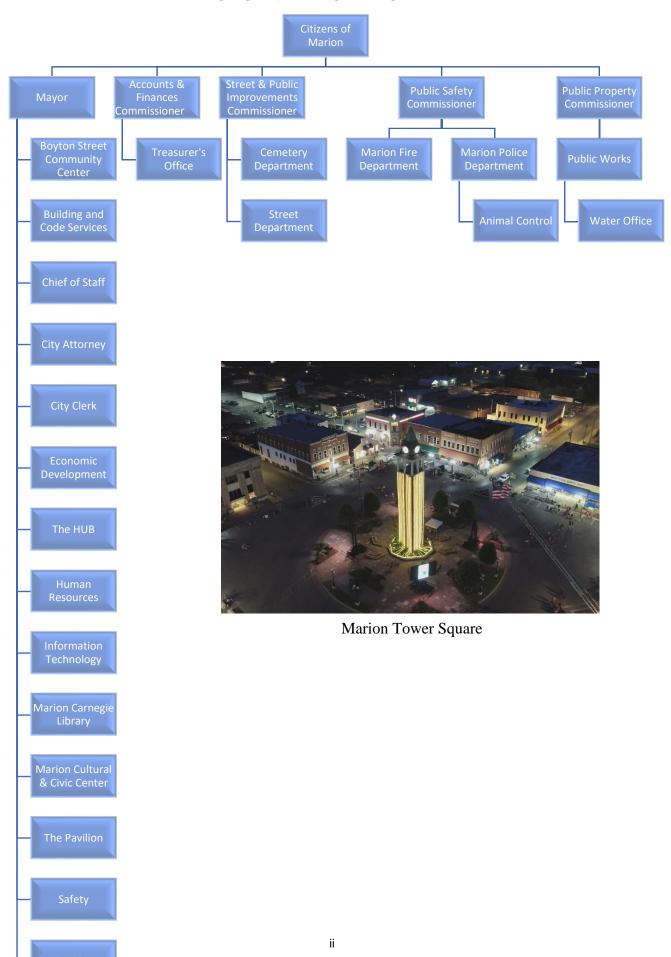
> John Stoecklin Public Property Commissioner

John Barwick, Jr.
Public Health & Safety Commissioner

ADMINISTRATIVE

Tammy Beasley-Wright, City Clerk Wendy Cunningham, City Attorney Jessica Force, Human Resource Director Brent Cain, Public Works Superintendent Doug Phillips, Street Superintendent Lance Roye, Treasurer Cody Moake, Chief of Staff David Fitts, Chief of Police Tim Barnett, Fire Chief

CITY OF MARION ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





MICHAEL W. ABSHER, MAYOR

Public Affairs

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COMMISSIONERS

JIM WEBB

Streets & Public Improvements

JOHN M. BARWICK, JR.

Public Health & Safety

COMMISSIONERS

DOUG PATTON
Accounts & Finances

JOHN STOECKLIN

Public Property

March 20, 2025

The Honorable Mayor Michael W. Absher Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Marion

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Marion, Illinois for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, is hereby submitted. Illinois statutes require that the City issue annually a report on its financial position and activity presented in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

Management of the City assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City of Marion's financial statements have been audited by Atlas CPA's and Advisors, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As a recipient of various federal and state financial assistance programs, The City of Marion may be required under the Uniform Guidance Audit Requirements, to have an annual audit of certain federal grant programs performed if we meet specified criteria. The City did meet those criteria this year.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors

Profile of the City of Marion

The City of Marion was incorporated on February 24, 1841. The city is located in Williamson County. The City is located approximately 120 miles southeast of St. Louis, Missouri and 57 miles northwest of Paducah, Kentucky. The city currently has land area of 14.61 square miles and a population of 16,855.

The City operates under a commissioner form of government which includes the Mayor and four City Commissioners, each elected at large in a non-partisan basis to four-year terms. The City of Marion is a home-rule community due to a referendum that was passed in November of 1994 as allowed by the Illinois Constitution. The Mayor and Commissioners constitute the legislative body of the City and as a group, are responsible for taxation, appropriations, ordinances, and other general functions. The Mayor and Commissioners are also over the administration of departments that have been assigned to them.

The City provides a full range of services, including fire and police protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure and the operating of the water and wastewater facilities and general administrative services. The City also owns and operates the HUB Recreational Center, the Marion Cultural and Civic Center, the Pavilion, the Senior Citizens Center, Boyton Street Community Center and the Marion Carnegie Library.

Accounting System and Budgeting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Resources are allocated and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which the spending activities are controlled.

The City's accounting records are generally maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under the cash basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when received. Expenditures are recorded when an expenditure occurs. After the end of the fiscal year, the City's management makes certain adjustments to the accounting records to permit the preparation of financial statements on the modified accrual and accrual basis of accounting to comply with GAAP. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when measurable and available to liquidate obligations of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred that is expected to draw upon current financial resources. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the City of Marion's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit budget requests to the City Treasurer no later than February 15th each year. The City Treasurer and the Mayor's Chief of Staff uses these requests as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. Once a preliminary proposed budget is developed, the City Treasurer and Mayor's Chief of Staff meet with department heads to discuss his or her specific budget. The revised budget is then made available to the Mayor and Commissioners for review on or before March 31st of each year. The City council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than April 30th, prior to the start of the new fiscal year on May 1st. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. Heads of City departments and boards may with prior approval of the City Treasurer initiate transfers of funds between line items within departments. The Mayor or a Commissioner may initiate transfer of funds between line items within his or her departments. Any transfers between department must be approved by Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. Budget to actual comparisons for the City's three major governmental funds are presented in the required supplementary information section.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Marion serves as the largest retail trade center in Southern Illinois with its central location along Interstate 57 and Illinois Route 13. Marion is the home to Rent One Park, a minor league level baseball stadium that houses both sporting and entertainment events. Marion serves as the home to many of the employees of the region's largest employers which include Aisin Illinois, Centerstone, Heartland Regional Medical Center, Intertape Polymer Group, Southern Illinois Healthcare, and Southern Illinois University, to name a few.

There are multiple retail and restaurant locations throughout Marion which help bolster its standing as the retail center of Southern Illinois. Strong sales tax revenues are driven by auto, motorcycle, and RV sales. Those industries are supported by big box stores such as Walmart, Target, and Sam's Club. Additionally, Marion is home to nationally recognized retailers' such as Dillard's, Menard's, Home Depot, Kroger. National chain restaurants are also a large driver of sales tax production in the City including Olive Garden, Texas Roadhouse, Cracker Barrel, Red Lobster, and O'Charley's.

For the Fiscal Year ending in April 2024, the city outperformed the prior year's municipal sales tax by nearly 3.8%. Additionally, the City experienced a 1.59% increase in home rule sales tax revenue over the previous year.

Future growth in sales tax revenues will come from projects already in production including a Chick-Fil-A, Raising Canes, and Chipotle. Additionally, Oasis Outdoors is expected to break ground on several projects centered around the approved STAR Bond Development and a new multi-sport complex that is expected to drive hundreds of thousands of people annually to Marion. Additional projects in the construction phase are a new restaurant and a new microbrewery.

Unfunded mandates from the state continue to be a burden on all municipalities in Illinois. Despite recent bond upgrades to the State and some signs that fiscal management trends are changing, a level

of uncertainty exists with future state support. Despite regional and state financial woes, Marion maintains a strong bond rating at Aa3 (Moody's), and an even stronger and stable financial future.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City Council, in 2019, initiated a long-term strategy to bring Marion residents a more sustainable future by making Marion one of the cheapest communities to reside in in Southern Illinois. To do so, the council resolved to not levy a real estate tax and in turn raised the City's home rule municipal sales tax by 0.75 of one percent. The move will net the City significantly more revenue both in the short and long-term than the property tax would have.

Those increased revenues fund the City's pension obligations, provide for capital improvements throughout City facilities, provide a resource to incentive economic development in properties that are underdeveloped or blighted, and provide the capital for the revitalization and redevelopment of Marion's downtown business corridor.

In FY 2019, the Council approved the largest geographic TIF in the City's history covering much of the Southeast residential corridor. In 2022 they followed with a second residentially focused TIF. These TIFs will serve as an engine to provide needed capital in the form of loans for homeowners to improve the condition of their homes. Additionally, the City will also use its increment to support the neighborhoods with new infrastructure, sidewalks, lighting, and street signs.

Preparations are ongoing to grow City reserves, fund future retiree health insurance obligations, and better position the City's pension obligations. With planned expansion to the City's retail base paired with City's reduction in debt service, the Council is in the planning stages of ensuring those funds are responsibly dedicated to future obligations while growing the City's reserves and continuing to support and capturing the growth Marion is experiencing. Since 2019 the City's reserve funds have grown by more than \$5M topping \$13M for the first time in the City's history. The council is committed to future reserve growth and debt reduction polices moving forward.

Financial Policies

The City has established several specific policies to guide its financial operations. Those policies relate to the following areas:

Accounting and Financial Reporting

- Facilitate the annual financial statement audit by an independent accounting firm.
- All department heads and City Council are able to review online on a daily basis the City's revenue and expenditure transactions.

Budgetary and Revenue Management:

- All dollars spent are appropriated by the City Council through the budget process.
- The City has established a comprehensive debt management policy
- The City has a policy to maintain a cash reserve balance of 25% of the General Fund budgeted expenditures including transfers. If part of the cash reserve is used, Council will take necessary actions to increase the cash reserve back to the 25% threshold.

Cash Management and Investments:

• City has a comprehensive Investment Policy which follows the Illinois State Statutes in investing public funds and requires all City deposits over FDIC coverage either to be collateralized or covered by a Federal Home Loan Bank Letter of Credit.

Purchasing:

• City has a comprehensive Purchasing Policy which encourages competitive bidding and requires City Council approval on all purchases over \$15,000.00.

Acknowledgments:

A special thanks to the Mayor and City Commissioners for their strong support to maintain the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Marion finances. The completion of the annual audit could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Treasurer's Department and staff across the City.

Respectfully submitted

Lance Roye, CPA

Treasurer

Cody Moake

Mayor's Chief of Staff





It's about time.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Commissioners City of Marion Marion, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marion, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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O: 618.993.2647 F: 618.993.3981

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14, budgetary comparison information on pages 84 through 86 and the retirement plans schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, and schedules of contributions on pages 87 through 97, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund statements and schedules on pages 98 through 115, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, statistical section and other information as listed in the table of contents but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Marion, Illinois March 20, 2025

ATZAS CPAS & Advisors PLLC

CITY OF MARION, ILLINOIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

April 30, 2024

The City of Marion's (the "City") discussion and analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements (beginning on page 15).

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The financial statement's focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements (see pages 15-16) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the primary government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities (see page 16) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental, business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The Governmental Activities reflect the City's basic services, including police, fire, public works, culture and recreation and administration. Shared state sales tax, home rule sales tax, utility taxes, hotel taxes and shared state income tax finance most of these services. The Business-type Activities reflect private sector type operations (Water and Wastewater) where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

The 2023 balances in Table Two includes various reclassifications to reflect appropriate reclasses made on matching 2024 balances.

CITY OF MARION, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) April 30, 2024

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than fund types.

The Governmental Major Fund (see pages 17 and 19) presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statement allows the demonstration of sources and uses associated therewith.

The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary Funds (Police Pension and Firefighters Pension Funds). While these funds represent trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

While the Business-type Activities column on the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (see pages 21-23) are the same as the Business-type column on the Government-Wide Financial Statement, the Governmental Major Funds total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement (see pages 18 and 20). The flow of current financial resources will reflect bond proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligation (bonds and others) into Governmental Activities column (in the Governmental-Wide Statement).

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 83 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide benefits to its employees and budget to actual information for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 84 through 97 of this report.

Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure – roads, bridges, storm sewers, etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. This new statement requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental column of the Government-Wide Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system (the modified approach) which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its cost of maintenance in lieu of depreciation.

CITY OF MARION, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) April 30, 2024

The City has chosen to depreciate assets over their useful life. If a road project is considered maintenance - a recurring cost that does not extend the road's original useful life or expand its capacity – the cost of the project will be expensed.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Gove			iness-type	pe Total				
	Act	ivities	Ac	ctivities	Gove	rnment			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 54,075	\$ 51,152	\$ 8,157	\$ 6,547	\$ 62,231	\$ 57,699			
Capital Assets	114,972	107,532	33,189	34,534	148,161	138,484			
Total Assets	169,047	158,684	41,346	41,081	210,394	199,765			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	19,725	25,077	2,282	2,282 2,909 22		27,986			
G	4.002	4.550	2 20 5	2.260	6.200	6.000			
Current Liabilities	4,083	4,559	2,205	2,269	6,288	6,828			
Noncurrent Liabilities	77,412	77,700	13,281	15,026	90,693	92,726			
Total Liabilities	81,495	82,259	15,486	17,295	96,981	99,554			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,245	20,880	1,806	1,837	20,051	22,717			
Net Position:									
Invested in Capital Assets,									
Net of Related Debt	92,472	90,907	21,529	27,790	114,001	118,697			
Restricted	18,367	18,038	647	935	19,014	18,973			
Nonspendable	1	982	-	-	1	982			
Assigned	37	-	-	-	37	-			
Commited	9,056	-	_	_	9,056	_			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(30,901)	(29,306)	4,160	(3,867)	(26,741)	(33,173)			
Total Net Position	\$ 89,032	\$ 80,621	\$ 26,336	\$ 24,858	\$ 115,368	\$ 105,479			

For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Position (page 15).

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Assets summary presentation:

Net Results of Activities – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted assets.

Borrowing for Capital – which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital – which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase invested in capital assets and an increase in related new debt which will not change the invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital – which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) will reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Principal Payment on Debt – which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation – which will reduce capital assets and invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Current year impacts

The City's combined net position (which is the City's bottom line) increased from \$105.48 million to \$115.37 million for a total increase of \$9.88 million in net position. Of this increase, Governmental Activities increased by \$8.41 million and Business-Type Activities increased by \$1.47 million. Within Governmental Activities, Current and Other assets increased by \$2.92 million. Of the \$8.41 million increase, \$4.80 million was an increase in cash and investments. The reason for the increase in cash was cash revenues over cash disbursements in the General Fund (\$9.96 million), and the Tax Increment Financing Fund (\$1.94 million). The City had a net decrease in total receivables of \$2.1 million which was due to a decrease in Property Tax Receivable. This decrease was due to the decrease in property tax in the Tax Increment Financing Fund. Pension and OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources decreased by \$5.35 million. This will be recognized as an expense in future years. Current Liabilities decreased by \$476 thousand which was due to an accounts payable decrease of \$178 thousand due to construction projects and \$298 thousand decrease in unearned revenue most of which was from grant monies received but not yet spent. Noncurrent Liabilities decreased by \$288 thousand. Main reasons for the decrease were a decrease in the OPEB Liability of \$754 thousand and a decrease in Pension liability of \$1.95 million. The decrease in pension liability is due to good investment performance and other factors. Pension and OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources decreased by \$2.64 million. In Business Activities, the main reason for the \$1.61 million increase in Current and Other Assets was an increase in cash and investments. The \$658 thousand decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources is due to the same reasons as mentioned above under Governmental Activities.

Noncurrent Liabilities decreased by \$1.75 million. The decrease was due to a net decrease in long-term debt of \$1.20 million and a decrease in Net Pension and OPEB Liability of \$555 thousand.

Changes in Net Position

The following table represents the condensed statement of Changes in Net Position:

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024
(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Busine Acti			Total Government			
		2024		2023	2024		2023	2024	2023	
REVENUES									_	
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	4,851	\$	3,945	\$ 10,232	\$	8,572	\$ 15,083	\$ 12,517	
Operating grants and										
contributions		822		1,840	-		-	822	1,840	
Capital grants and										
contributions		106		2,465	-		1,179	106	3,644	
General revenues:										
Property taxes		7,828		6,952	-		-	7,828	6,952	
Sales Tax (shared and										
home rule)		25,863		24,704	-		-	25,863	24,704	
Other taxes		9,590		9,438	-		-	9,590	9,438	
Other		2,080		1,283	259		126	2,339	1,409	
Total Revenues		51,140		50,627	10,491		9,877	61,631	60,504	
EXPENSES:										
General government		6,096		4,470	_		_	6,096	4,470	
Public health and safety		16,869		16,331	_		_	16,869	16,331	
Streets, alleys & cemeteries		5,716		5,659	_		_	5,716	5,659	
Culture and recreation		6,839		6,461	-		_	6,839	6,461	
Development		6,610		5,786	-		_	6,610	5,786	
Interest expense		309		273	-		-	309	273	
Unallocated depreciation		456		1,371	-		-	456	1,371	
Water		-		-	5,326		4,114	5,326	4,114	
Sewer		-		-	3,521		3,600	3,521	3,600	
Total Expenses		42,896		40,351	8,847		7,714	51,743	48,605	
Excess before Transfers		8,245		10,276	1,644		2,163	9,889	12,439	
Transfers		166		(4)	(166)		4	-		
Change in Net Position		8,411		10,272	1,478		2,167	9,457	12,439	
Net Position, May 1		80,621		70,349	24,858		22,691	105,479	93,040	
Net Position, April 30	\$	89,032	\$	80,621	\$ 26,336	\$	24,858	\$ 115,368	\$ 105,479	

Normal Impacts

Revenues:

Economic Condition – which can reflect a declining, stable, or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income, and sales tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.

Increase/Decrease in City Approved Rates – while certain rates are set by statute, the City Council has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, wastewater, impact fees, building fees, home rule sales tax, etc.).

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

Market Impacts on Investment Income – the City's investment portfolio is managed using a short-term average maturity and the market condition may cause investment income to fluctuate less than alternative longer-term options.

Expenses:

Introduction of New Programs – within the functional expense categories (Public Safety, Public Works, General Government, etc.) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

Increase in Authorized Personnel – changes in service demand may cause the City Council to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent 49.87% of the City's total operating expenses.

Salary Increases (annual adjustments and merit) – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

Inflation – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

Current Year Impacts

Governmental Activities

Revenue:

The City's largest of revenues is sales tax which was 42.75% of total Governmental Activities general revenues. The second largest source of revenue is property taxes at 13% of total Governmental Activities general revenues. Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts generated \$7.6 million or 97.90% of the property tax. The property tax generated by the TIF districts must be used for development or other eligible costs within the TIF districts. Total revenues excluding special items and transfers remained consistent year over year. Charges for services increased by \$906 thousand due to increased activity in the revenue producing facilities. Net ticket sales for the Marion Cultural and Civic Center increased by \$682 thousand. Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$2.27 million. Most of that decrease was from no longer receiving COVID-19 money for capital projects. Property taxes increased by \$876 thousand due to the increase in TIF receipts and a new residential TIF. Investment income increased by \$841 thousand.

Expenses:

Total expenses increased by \$2.46 million from the prior year. The \$378 thousand increase in Culture and Recreation was due to increased activity. Public Health and Safety increased by \$650 thousand with \$250 thousand of the increase due to GASB 68 pension and OPEB costs. \$255 thousand of the increase was in salary and operating cost and \$131 thousand increase in depreciation expense. Streets and Alleys expenses increased \$58 thousand due to operating, pension and OPEB costs. Development expenses increased by \$832 thousand over the prior year. The City contributes to three different defined benefit pension plans which are the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund, and the Firefighters Pension Fund. See the Notes to Financial Statements for a detailed analysis of the various pension funds.

Business-type Activities

Revenues:

Charges for services increased by \$1.6 million, which was from normal operations.

Expenses:

Total expenses for Water and Sewer Departments increased over the prior year. The Water Department had an increase of \$1.2 million while the Sewer Department had a decrease of \$78 thousand. There was a \$549 thousand decrease in pensions in both departments due to a decrease in pension and OPEB costs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

On April 30, 2024, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 17) reported a fund balance of \$43.46 million which is a 12% increase from the beginning of the year (\$38.47 million). Due to the increase in cash during the year as discussed above, the following fund balances increased as follows, Economic Development \$1.66 million, Committed \$485 thousand and Unassigned \$2.89 million. \$13.76 million is in unassigned general fund types indicates availability for continuing City services. The \$9.05 million in committed funds represents cash reserves which are set aside for emergency situations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City passes a Budget Ordinance as the means to provide legal authority to allocate funds to specific spending activities. Transfers between line items within a department do not require council approval. If required, the City passes budget revisions to approve the spending of funds which were not anticipated. The Budget Ordinance is on the cash basis of accounting.

The general fund budget expenditures were amended for \$897 thousand in net increases. Capital Outlay had an increase of \$234 thousand.

Table 3
Budget Compared to Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024
(in thousands)

	Original	Amended	
General Fund Types	Budget	Budget	Actual
Expenditures			
General Government	\$5,090	\$5,253	\$5,060
Public Health and Safety	11,331	11,532	11,234
Streets, Alleys &			
Cemeteries	3,910	3,931	3,899
Cultural and Recreation	1,839	2,118	2,101
Development	1,066	1,066	1,025
Debt Service	476	475	493
Capital Outlay	1,072	1,307	1,533
Total	\$24,784	\$25,682	\$25,345

Capital Assets

At the end of Fiscal year 2024, the City's Governmental Funds invested \$114.9 million, net of depreciation (see Notes to Financial Statements #6) in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure as reflected in the following schedule.

Table 4
Governmental Funds
Change in Capital Assets
(in thousands)

	Balance April 30, 2023		Add De	Tran	sfers	Balance April 30, 2024		
Non-depreciable Assets								
Land	\$	29,246	\$	(257)	\$	-	\$	28,989
Construction in Progress		5,829		4,304		-		10,133
Other Capital Assets								
Infrastructure		75,740		(8,819)		-		66,921
Parking Lot Improvements		614		78		-		692
Buildings		43,881		4,773		-		48,654
Machinery and Equipment		7,385		622		-		8,007
Vehicles		6,736		757		-		7,493
Software		113		59		_		172
Land Improvements		1,758		90		-		1,848
Leased Equipment		92		-		-		92
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
on Other Capital Assets		(63,863)		(5,834)				(58,029)
Totals	\$	107,531	\$	7,441	\$		\$	114,972

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Debt Outstanding

The City has an Aa3 rating with Moody's Ratings Service. As a home rule authority, the City does not have a legal debt limit. As of April 30, 2024, the City had total long-term debt and loans payable of \$29.1 million. The schedule below does not include liabilities owed for accrued vacation, pension and other post-employment benefits which are detailed on the Statement of Net Position on page 15 and further explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Table 5
Changes in Long-Term Debt
(in thousands)

	A	alance oril 30, 2023	 Net ditions/ letions	Balance April 30, 2024		
Governmental Activities						
General Obligation Debt	\$	11,705	\$ (1,980)	\$	9,725	
Other Contractual Liabilities		7,907	4,388		12,295	
Governmental Activities Total		19,612	2,408		22,020	
Business Activities						
General Obligation Debt		3,417	(709)		2,708	
Other Contractual Liabilities		4,868	(497)		4,371	
Business Activities Total		8,285	(1,206)		7,079	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	27,897	\$ 1202	\$	29,099	

The City during the year incurred bank loans \$5.7 million of which \$5 million was for new sports complex, while paying off \$1.9 million in total debt. See Note 7 of Notes to Financial Statements for additional detail.

CITY OF MARION, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) April 30, 2024

Economic Factors

Economic factors continued on a positive pace as shown by unemployment numbers, increasing single-family home and commercial building permits, and increasing consumer spending.

Unemployment over the fiscal year was a low of 4.1% in May 2023, and a high of 5.1% in January 2024. The 12-month unemployment average for the fiscal year was 4.7%, which is a slight decrease over the previous fiscal year.

Commercial building permits increased both in number and in total investment with 32 permits issued, totaling \$30,462,289 while the previous year was 17 permits totaling \$15,196,859. 65 new residential permits were issued, which was much higher than the previous year, those permits totaled \$8,514,622 in new residential investment. A total of 97 building permits were issued in the fiscal year which includes homes, apartments, additions, and commercial buildings which is only down two permits from the previous year whereas, the total dollars invested in these buildings was \$38,976,911 compared to the previous year total of \$29,134,929; a 33% increase over the previous year.

This year showed modest economic growth in consumer spending, as measured by retail sales tax which increased over the previous fiscal year and continues a positive trend.

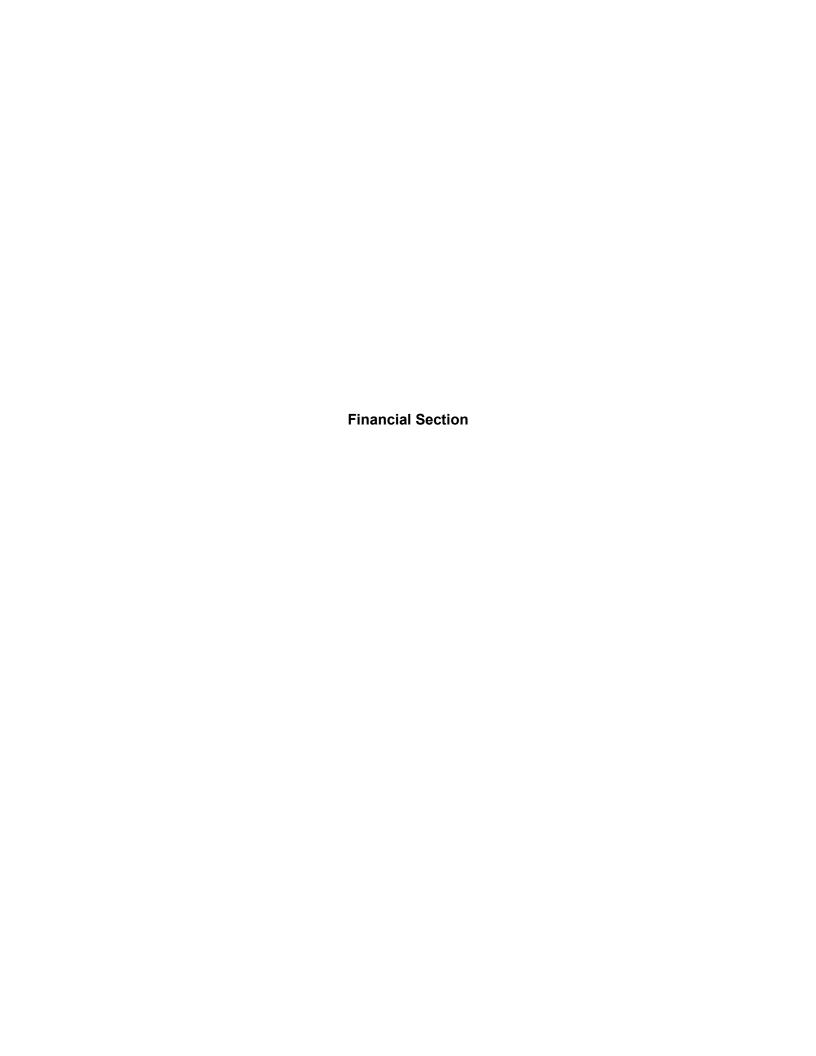
Most notable commercial project in this fiscal year were Olive Garden, Smoothie King, Oasis Homes, and expansions across the Oasis family of businesses.

The City continues to be optimistic about economic activity, not only by ongoing interest in new commercial sites, but also by current business expansions.

Economic factors continued a positive pace as shown by unemployment numbers, continued investments in single-family home, multi-family housing, and commercial building permits, as well as increased consumer spending.

Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Lance Roye, City Treasurer, City of Marion, 350 Tower Square Plaza, Marion, IL 62959.



City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Net Position April 30, 2024

	Governmental	Business-Type			
Assets	Activities	Activities	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,878,205	2,024,935	\$ 11,903,140		
Restricted cash	317,129	1,871,159	2,188,288		
Investments	26,782,237	3,123,788	29,906,025		
Restricted investments	1,763,098	-	1,763,098		
Receivables, net					
Accounts receivable	379,420	610,663	990,083		
Property taxes	5,964,251	-	5,964,251		
Sales taxes	6,404,515	-	6,404,515		
Other taxes	583,153	-	583,153		
Accrued interest Grant receivable	28,852	-	28,852		
Loans receivable	50,915 645,848	-	50,915		
Intergovernmental receivable	615,182		645,848 615,182		
Due from other funds	38,623	-	38,623		
Inventories	-	409,589	409,589		
Prepaid items	610,107	116,601	726,708		
Capital assets, non-depreciable	39,122,274	3,409,371	42,531,645		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	75,850,073	29,779,630	105,629,703		
Total Assets	169,033,882	41,345,736	210,379,618		
			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Deferred Outflow of Resources					
Deferred outflows, pensions	11,856,825	1,148,828	13,005,653		
Deferred outflows, other postemployment	7,868,470	1,132,926	9,001,396		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	19,725,295	2,281,754	22,007,049		
L to be titled as					
Liabilities Accounts payable	1 757 907	1,290,116	2 047 022		
Accounts payable Property taxes payable	1,757,807 16,651	1,290,110	3,047,923 16,651		
Accrued payroll	403,916	45,921	449,837		
Accrued payroll related expenses	39,580	40,021	39,580		
Accrued interest payable	390	34,889	35,279		
Due to other funds	-	38,624	38,624		
Customer deposits	-	795,929	795,929		
Damage deposits	112,300	-	112,300		
Unearned revenue	1,738,862	-	1,738,862		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	8,847,106	712,828	9,559,934		
Due in more than one year	13,758,880	6,459,423	20,218,303		
Net pension liability	19,425,628	398,451	19,824,079		
Net OPEB liability	35,380,695	5,709,880	41,090,575		
Total Liabilities	81,481,815	15,486,061	96,967,876		
Deferred Inflow of Resources					
Unavailable revenue, property taxes	5,964,251	-	5,964,251		
Deferred inflows, pensions	5,538,770	674,188	6,212,958		
Deferred inflows, other postemployement	6,741,893	1,131,693	7,873,586		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,244,914	1,805,881	20,050,795		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	92,472,096	21,528,421	114,000,517		
Restricted for:	02,472,000	21,020,421	114,000,017		
Donor restricted expenditures	350,319	-	350,319		
Public safety expenditures	1,063,444	-	1,063,444		
Capital projects	7,058,491	-	7,058,491		
Debt service	899,935	646,737	1,546,672		
Cemetery	17,210	-	17,210		
Maintenance of roadways	1,984,234	-	1,984,234		
Tourism and recreation	316,182	-	316,182		
Economic development	6,677,769	-	6,677,769		
Nonspendable	1,000	-	1,000		
Committed	9,055,866	-	9,055,866		
Assigned	37,091	-	37,091		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(30,901,189)	4,160,390	(26,740,799)		
Total Net Position	\$ 89,032,448	\$ 26,335,548	\$ 115,367,996		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

		Program Revenues					Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets					
					•		Prima	ry Government		_		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total
Governmental Activities	_					_		_				
General government	\$ 6,096,271	844,152	\$	634,123	\$	-	\$	(4,617,996)	\$	-	\$	(4,617,996)
Public health and safety	16,868,686	604,191		112,788		72,700		(16,079,007)		-		(16,079,007)
Streets, alleys, and cemeteries	5,716,391	69,225		-		13,761		(5,633,405)		-		(5,633,405)
Culture and recreation	6,839,252	3,333,301		75,137		19,925		(3,410,889)		-		(3,410,889)
Economic development	6,609,962	-		-		-		(6,609,962)		-		(6,609,962)
Interest expense	309,484	-		-		-		(309,484)		-		(309,484)
Unallocated depreciation expense	455,636	-		-		-		(455,636)		-		(455,636)
Total Governmental Activities	42,895,682	4,850,869		822,048		106,386		(37,116,379)		-		(37,116,379)
Business-Type Activities												
Water	5,325,759	4,585,488		-		-		-		(740,271)		(740,271)
Sewer	3,521,274	5,646,806		-		_		-		2,125,532		2,125,532
Total Business-Type Activities	8,847,033	10,232,294		-		-	-			1,385,261		1,385,261
Total Primary Government	\$ 51,742,715	\$ 15,083,163	\$	822,048	\$	106,386		(37,116,379)		1,385,261		(35,731,118)
	General Revenues											
	Taxes											
	Property taxes							7,827,898		_		7,827,898
	Sales taxes							25,862,975		_		25,862,975
		d franchise fees						4,943,780		-		4,943,780
	Intergovernmenta							4,646,608		_		4,646,608
	Investment incom							1,770,750		243,721		2,014,471
	Miscellaneous							308,848		15,228		324,076
	Transfers							166,460		(166,460)		-
	Total General Reve	enues and Transfers						45,527,319		92,489		45,619,808
	Change in Net Pos	ition						8,410,940		1,477,750		9,888,690
	Net Position - Begi	nning of Year						80,621,508		24,857,798		105,479,306
	Net Position - End	of Year					\$	89,032,448	\$	26,335,548	\$	115,367,996

City of Marion, Illinois Balance Sheet Governmental Funds April 30, 2024

	General	General TIF Development Capital Proj		Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,736,114	\$ 2,129,050	\$ 1,766,000	\$ 1,169,963	\$ 1,512,053	\$ 9,313,180	
Restricted cash	71,590	-	-	-	245,539	317,129	
Investments	13,531,534	4,454,159	8,762,840	-	33,704	26,782,237	
Restricted investments	1,416,219	-	-	-	346,879	1,763,098	
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	379,420	379,420	
Property taxes receivable	100	5,797,711	-	-	166,440	5,964,251	
Sales taxes receivable	5,518,158	-	-	-	899,368	6,417,526	
Other taxes receivable	408,118	-	-	-	175,035	583,153	
Accrued interest receivable	28,852	-	-	-	-	28,852	
Grant receivable	-	-	7,457	-	43,458	50,915	
Loan receivable	228,586	417,262	-	-	-	645,848	
Intergovernmental receivable	615,182	-	-	-	-	615,182	
Due from (to) other funds, net	325,479	-	(296,879)	-	30,041	58,641	
Prepaid items	524,369				85,738	610,107	
Total Assets	25,404,301	12,798,182	10,239,418	1,169,963	3,917,675	53,529,539	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	381,704	218,748	1,054,911		122,462	1,777,825	
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	351,938	210,740	16,651	-	51,978	420,567	
	39,580	-	10,001	-	31,976	39,580	
Accrued payroll related expenses	•	-	-	-	-		
Damage deposits	112,300	-	4 700 040	-	-	112,300	
Unearned revenue			1,709,219	-	29,643	1,738,862	
Total Liabilities	885,522	218,748	2,780,781	<u> </u>	204,083	4,089,134	
Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Unavailable revenue, property taxes	100	5,797,711			166,440	5,964,251	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable	524,369	417,262	-	-	1,000	942,631	
Restricted for:							
Donor restricted expenditures	13,350	-	-	-	336,969	350,319	
Public safety	27,278	-	-	-	1,036,166	1,063,444	
Capital projects	-	-	7,058,491	-	-	7,058,491	
Debt service	-	-	-	929,117	-	929,117	
Cemetery	-	-	-	-	17,210	17,210	
Maintenance of roadways	-	-	-	-	1,984,234	1,984,234	
Tourism and recreation	-	-	-	-	316,182	316,182	
Economic development	1,577,370	6,364,461	-	-	-	7,941,831	
Committed	9,055,866	-	-	-	-	9,055,866	
Assigned	37,091	-	-	-	-	37,091	
Unassigned (Deficit)	13,283,355		400,146	240,846	(144,609)	13,779,738	
Total Fund Balances	24,518,679	6,781,723	7,458,637	1,169,963	3,547,152	43,476,154	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 25,404,301	\$ 12,798,182	\$ 10,239,418	\$ 1,169,963	\$ 3,917,675	\$ 53,529,539	

City of Marion, Illinois Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the statement of Net Position April 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 43,476,154
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	114,972,347
Interest payable is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred; these costs are recorded in governmental funds as expense when paid.	(390)
The assets and liabilities of the health reimbursement fund are not included in the fund financial statements, but are included in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position.	565,025
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.	(443,496)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, unamortized loss, and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(22,175,501)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not reported in governmental funds.	7,444,632
Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB obligation are not reported in the governmental funds.	 (54,806,323)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 89,032,448

City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

	General	TIF I	Development	Cap	oital Projects	D	ebt Service Fund	Non	-Major Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues					<u>.</u>						
Property taxes	\$ 57	\$	7,663,087	\$	-	\$	-	\$	164,754	\$	7,827,898
Sales tax	23,159,798		-		-		-		2,703,177		25,862,975
Other taxes and franchise fees	3,778,911		-		-		-		1,164,869		4,943,780
Licenses and permits	480,121		-		-		-		.		480,121
Intergovernmental revenue	3,497,776		-				-		1,148,832		4,646,608
Service charges and fees	2,384,187		-		11,251		-		1,823,101		4,218,539
Grant revenue	820,111								108,323		928,434
Investment income	859,983		284,518		500,756		35,615		74,849		1,755,721
Miscellaneous revenue	294,014		-		615		-		18,219		312,848
Restricted donations	34,825								5,386		40,211
Total Revenues	35,309,783		7,947,605		512,622		35,615		7,211,510		51,017,135
Expenditures											
General government	5,060,435		-		-		-		-		5,060,435
Public health and safety	11,234,040		-		-		-		2,560,288		13,794,328
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	3,899,442		92,331		-		-		1,358,281		5,350,054
Culture and recreation	2,100,863		-		-		-		3,614,418		5,715,281
Economic development	1,025,029		5,210,591		326,935		-		34,398		6,596,953
Debt Service:											
Principal	462,058		708,182		182,201		1,948,425		14,810		3,315,676
Interest	30,898		-		103,947		205,107		1,460		341,412
Capital outlay	1,533,195				7,999,332				1,858,858		11,391,385
Total Expenditures	25,345,960		6,011,104		8,612,415		2,153,532		9,442,513		51,565,524
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	9,963,823		1,936,501		(8,099,793)		(2,117,917)		(2,231,003)		(548,389)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in (out)	(7,911,934)		(255, 177)		3,338,417		2,358,763		2,086,394		(383,537)
General long-term debt issued	572,042		(200,)		5,148,512		_,000,.00		_,000,00.		5,720,554
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	215,442				-,,-				_		215,442
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,124,450)		(255,177)		8,486,929		2,358,763		2,086,394		5,552,459
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,839,373		1,681,324		387,136		240,846		(144,609)		5,004,070
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	21,679,306		5,100,399		7,071,500		929,117		3,691,761		38,472,085
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 24,518,679	\$	6,781,723	\$	7,445,626	\$	1,169,963	\$	3,547,152	\$	43,463,143

City of Marion, Illinois

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenes, Expenditures, and Changed in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,004,070
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the Statement of Activities.		
Depreciation expense (3,768,269)		
Capital asset purchases, capitalized 11,391,385	_	7,623,116
The effect of various transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins,		
and contributions) is to increase (decrease) net assets.		(215,441)
in Net Position, but does not require the use of current financial resources.		
Therefore, this accrued expense is not reported as an expenditure in		
governmental funds.		(6,696)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and		
OPEB are not reported in governmental funds.		
in governmental funds.		
OPEB liability (1,919,224))	
Net pension liability (232,105)	<u>-</u>	(2,151,329)
The issuance of long-term debt (bonds,loans,leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental		
funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. Also,		
governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar		
items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest		
is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an		
interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net		
effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:		
Repayment of long-term debt 3,280,821		
Amortization of bond premium 31,928		
Issuance of long-term debt(5,720,554	<u>) </u>	(2,407,805)
The Health Reimbursement fund is used by management to charge the costs of		
health insurance reimbursements to individual funds. The net revenue		
is reported with the govermental activities.		565,025
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	8,410,940

City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds April 30, 2024

Governmental

		Activities Internal Service Health			
	Water Department	Sewer Department	Total Business- Type Activities	Reimbursement Fund	
Assets	Department	Department	Type Activities		
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,401,127	\$ 623,808	\$ 2,024,935	\$ 565,025	
Restricted cash	857,203	1,013,956	1,871,159	-	
Investments	2,744,946	378,842	3,123,788	-	
Accounts receivable	296,296	314,367	610,663	-	
Inventory	302,134	107,455	409,589	-	
Prepaid items	52,434	64,167	116,601	-	
Total Current Assets	5,654,140	2,502,595	8,156,735	565,025	
Non-Current Assets:					
Capital assets, non-depreciable	1,027,298	2,382,073	3,409,371	-	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	14,696,284	15,083,346	29,779,630		
Total Non-Current Assets	15,723,582	17,465,419	33,189,001		
Total Assets	21,377,722	19,968,014	41,345,736	565,025	
Deferred Outflow of Resources					
Deferred outflows, pensions	549,520	599,308	1,148,828	-	
Deferred outflows, other postemployment	479,050	653,876	1,132,926		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	1,028,570	1,253,184	2,281,754		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	343,710	946,406	1,290,116	-	
Accrued payroll	21,351	24,570	45,921	-	
Accrued interest payable	12,302	22,587	34,889	-	
Due to other funds	5,015	33,609	38,624	-	
Compensated absences	41,556	50,772	92,328	-	
Customer deposits	795,929	-	795,929	-	
Bonds payable	240,499	-	240,499	-	
Notes payable	195,622	309,347	504,969		
Total Current Liabilities	1,655,984	1,387,291	3,043,275		
Non-Current Liabilities:					
Bonds payable	1,815,464	652,000	2,467,464	-	
Notes payable	1,720,667	2,145,418	3,866,085	-	
Capital lease payable	906	-	906	-	
Net pension liability	174,795	223,656	398,451	-	
Net OPEB liability	2,305,876	3,404,004	5,709,880		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	6,017,708	6,425,078	12,442,786		
Total Liabilities	7,673,692	7,812,369	15,486,061		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows, pensions	309,832	364,356	674,188	-	
Deferred inflows, other post employement	423,073	708,620	1,131,693		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	732,905	1,072,976	1,805,881		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	11,636,379	9,892,042	21,528,421	-	
Restricted for:					
Debt service	317,339	329,398	646,737	-	
Unrestricted	2,045,977	2,114,413	4,160,390	565,025	
Total Net Position	\$ 13,999,695	\$ 12,335,853	\$ 26,335,548	\$ 565,025	

City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

Govermental

				Activities
		Internal Service		
	Water Department	Sewer Department	Total Business- Type Activities	Health Reimbursement Fund
Operating Revenues				
Service charges and fees	\$ 4,585,488	\$ 4,297,946	\$ 8,883,434	\$ -
Miscellaneous	7,137	8,091	15,228	
Total Operating Revenues	4,592,625	4,306,037	8,898,662	
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services	980,368	1,071,190	2,051,558	_
Contractual services	82,659	73,550	156,209	_
Utilities	127,090	486,794	613,884	_
Repairs and maintenance	175,290	519,852	695,142	_
Other supplies and expenses	124,480	397,873	522,353	_
Insurance claims and expenses	239,467	441,000	680,467	_
Water purchases	1,575,355	-	1,575,355	_
Depreciation	494,233	730,338	1,224,571	_
Sale Closing Costs	97,463		97,463	
Total Operating Expenses	3,896,405	3,720,597	7,617,002	
Operating Income	696,220	585,440	1,281,660	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	173,342	70,379	243,721	15,029
	173,342	1,348,860	•	15,029
General Long-Term Debt Issued Bad Debt	(3,239)	(3,240)	1,348,860 (6,479)	-
Bond premium amortization	5,382	28,195	33,577	-
Interest expense	(84,374)	(63,699)	(148,073)	
Capital Outlay	(04,574)	(1,800)	(1,800)	
Sale of capital assets	(1,107,257)	(1,000)	(1,107,257)	<u> </u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues	(1,016,431)	1,378,980	362,549	15,029
Income Before Transfers	(319,926)	1,964,135	1,644,209	15,029
Transfers in (out)	(83,230)	(83,229)	(166,459)	549,996
Change in Net Position	(403,156)	1,880,906	1,477,750	565,025
Net Position - Beginning of Year	14,402,851	10,454,947	24,857,798	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 13,999,695	\$ 12,335,853	\$ 26,335,548	\$ 565,025

City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

		Enterprise Funds		Govermental Activities
	-		Internal Service Health	
	Water Department	Sewer Department	Total Business- Type Activities	Reimbursement Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,799,386	\$ 4,345,405	\$ 9,144,791	\$ -
Payments to employees	(862,688)	(900,118)	(1,762,806)	-
Payments to suppliers of goods and services	(3,116,783)	(1,567,374)	(4,684,157)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	819,915	1,877,913	2,697,828	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities				
Net operating transfers	(79,519)	(86,332)	(165,851)	549,996
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital				
Financing Activities	(79,519)	(86,332)	(165,851)	549,996
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,496,018	-	6,496,018	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(77,109)	(66,063)	(143,172)	-
Bond issue costs	(3,239)	(3,240)	(6,479)	-
Purchase of capital assets	(4,053,414)	(2,322,332)	(6,375,746)	-
Bond premium amortization	5,382	28,195	33,577	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(1,107,257)	-	(1,107,257)	-
General long-term debt issued	-	1,348,860	1,348,860	-
Proceeds from long-term debt	(426,946)	(775,139)	(1,202,085)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related	202.425	(4 =00 = 40)	(050.004)	
Financing Activities	833,435	(1,789,719)	(956,284)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest on investments	173,342	70,379	243,721	15,029
Change in Investment	(2,182,757)	(120,122)	(2,302,879)	-
Net Cash (Used) by Investing Activities	(2,009,415)	(49,743)	(2,059,158)	15,029
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(435,584)	(47,881)	(483,465)	565,025
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,693,914	1,685,645	4,379,559	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 2,258,330	\$ 1,637,764	\$ 3,896,094	\$ 565,025
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating Income	\$ 696,220	\$ 585,440	\$ 1,281,660	\$ -
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	494,233	730,339	1,224,572	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	206,761	39,368	246,129	-
(Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(24,545)	(834)	(25,379) (11,080)	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(9,059) 292,419	(2,021) 334,619	(11,060) 627,038	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(618,068)	465,236	(152,832)	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	9,632	12,959	22,591	-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	68,142	-,	68,142	-
Increase (decrease) in capital lease payable	· -	(2,581)	(2,581)	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(160,157)	(154,495)	(314,652)	-
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(113,335)	(121,373)	(234,708)	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(22,328)	(8,744)	(31,072)	
Total Adjustments	123,695	1,292,473	1,416,168	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 819,915	\$ 1,877,913	\$ 2,697,828	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds April 30, 2024

	Pension Tru Funds		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments -	\$	772,092	
Consolidated Pooled Investments		35,276,807	
Total Assets		36,048,899	
Net Position Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	36,048,899	

City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Pensior Fur	
Additions		
Contributions		
Employer	\$	2,477,494
Plan members		474,379
Total Contributions		2,951,873
Investment Income		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		2,767,783
Interest and dividends		467,670
Investment expense		(8,367)
Net Investment Income		3,227,086
Total Additions		6,178,959
Deductions		
Benefits paid		2,300,677
Refunds of contributions		40,201
Administrative expense		80,514
Total Deductions		2,421,392
Change in Net Position		3,757,567
Net Position, Beginning		32,291,332
Net Position, Ending	\$	36,048,899

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on February 24, 1841 and operates under an elected Mayor/Council form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, fire protection, street maintenance, recreation, and general administrative services.

The City's reporting entity includes the City's governing board and all related organizations for which the City exercises oversight responsibility.

The City has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies with activities which benefit the citizens of the City should be included within its financial reporting entity or as a component unit. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the City exercises oversight responsibility (which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters), scope of public services, and special financing relationships.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The City also has business-type activities and proprietary funds on which to apply the pronouncements.

The Police Pension Fund and Fire Pension Fund have been included as fiduciary component units reported as a Pension Trust Fund. The Police Pension Fund functions for the benefit of the City's sworn police employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Mayor, two elected police officers, and one elected beneficiary constitute the pension board. The Fire Pension Fund functions for the benefit of the City's sworn firemen and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Mayor, two elected firemen, and one elected beneficiary constitute the pension board. The City and the Police/Fire Pension Fund participants are obligated to fund all of the Police/Fire Pension Fund costs based upon actuarial valuations, including administrative costs. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Accordingly, the Police Pension and Fire Pension Funds are fiscally independent of the City. No separate annual financial report is issued for the Police Pension Fund or Fire Pension Fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basic Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The City's government-wide activities include both governmental and business-type activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt an obligations. Interfund receivables/payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The City's net position is reported in four parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net assets; non-spendable; and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- (a) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- (b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The following fund types are used by the City:

Governmental Fund Types - These are the funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The funds included in this category are as follows:

General Fund Types - The General Fund and the Semi-Autonomous Departments (Cultural and Civic Center, Senior Citizens, Senior Citizens Council, Boyton Street Community Center, and Economic Incentive) are the general operating funds of the City. They are used to account for all financial resources devoted to financing the general services that the City performs for its citizens, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts and major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City's special revenue funds are the Tax Increment Financing Redevelopment Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, the Housing Rehab Fund, the Gas Tax Fund, Foreign Fire Insurance Fund, the Pavilion Fund, the HUB Recreation Center Fund, the Special Revenues - Police Fund, Carnegie Library Fund, Property Tax Fund, the Federal Assistance Fund, and Goddard Chapel Restoration Fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Debt Service Fund - This fund is established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of long-term debt including capital lease obligations, principal and interest other than those payable from Enterprise Funds.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Enterprise Funds).

Proprietary Fund Types - These funds account for operations that are organized to be self-supporting through user charges. The fund included in this category is the Enterprise Fund.

Enterprise Funds - These funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Internal Service Fund - These funds are established to account for services and commodities furnished by a department of the City to other departments within the City.

Fiduciary Fund Types - These funds account for assets held by the City as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations, and other units of governments. These funds are as follows:

Pension Trust Funds - These funds were established to provide pension benefits for City police and fire employees. The principal revenue source for this fund is employer and employee contributions. The financial statements presented for these funds, the Statement of Plan Net Position and Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position, are not consistent with conventional basic financial statements.

Custodial Funds - This fund is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. The agency fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City does not currently have any custodial funds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Major and Non-major Funds:

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

<u>Fund</u> <u>Brief Description</u>

Major Governmental:

General Fund Types Accounts for financial resources devoted to

financing the general services that the City

performs for its citizens.

Tax Increment Financing Accounts for revenues and expenditures providing

Redevelopment Fund tax incentives related to the development,

redevelopment, and rehabilitation of real property

within the TIF districts.

General Projects Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures to acquire

and construct major capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund:

Debt Service Fund Accounts for the payment of long-term debt

principal, interest and related costs.

Major Proprietary:

Water Accounts for activities related to providing

water service to the citizens of the City.

Sewer Accounts for activities related to providing

sewer service to the citizens of the City.

Non-major governmental:

Permanent:

Throgmorton Endowment Fund Accounts for the revenues and expenditures to

maintain the Throgmorton gravesite.

Special Revenue Funds:

Road and Bridge Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

improving roads and infrastructure.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund Accounts for the revenues and expenditures of

improving roads and infrastructure as authorized

by Illinois Department of Transportation.

Gas Tax Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

improving roads and infrastructure and other expenditures determined by the council.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Foreign Fire Insurance Fund	Accounts for revenues received from the Illinois
-----------------------------	--

Municipal League and the corresponding

expenditures of that money. The money shall be used for the maintenance, use, and benefit of the

fire department.

Special Revenue Police Fund Accounts for the revenues and expenditures

received from various fines, fees, and other revenue. The money shall be used for public health and safety purposes as determined by

Illinois State Statute.

Pavilion Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of the

City's event center.

HUB Recreation Center Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of the

City's recreation center.

Goddard Chapel Restoration Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

maintaining Goddard Chapel.

Carnegie Library Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of the

City's library.

Property Tax Fund Accounts for revenues received from home rule

sales tax. The money shall be used for employer contributions to the police and firefighters pension

funds.

Housing Rehab Fund Accounts for revenues received from housing

rehabilitation services.

Federal Assistance Fund Accounts for revenues received from the federal

government for COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief

Funding.

Internal Service Fund Accounts for reimbursements to City employees

and certain retirees to cover medical claims and

deductibles over \$500.

Star Bonds Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of the

City's Star Bonds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The accrual basis of accounting is also utilized by the proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The accrual basis of accounting is followed for presentation of assets of the Pension Trust Funds. Liabilities pertaining to benefits payable or refunds payable are presented on the modified accrual basis, with remaining liabilities presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Modified Accrual

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available." Revenues are considered "available' when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be "available" as they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for sales tax and telecommunication taxes which are 90 days. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Taxes (excluding property taxes), licenses, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when paid.

D. Annual Budget Ordinance

The City Council annually passes a budget ordinance which includes all fund types using the cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Each fund's budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: salaries and benefits, services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, debt service. All unexpended budgetary items lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and cash on deposit with financial institutions that can be withdrawn without prior notice or penalty. Cash equivalents include short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. For purposes of proprietary fund statement of cash flows presentation, cash and cash equivalents totaled \$3,896,094 at April 30, 2024.

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all City funds. Certain funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in a common checking account, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying value which reasonably estimates fair value.

Investments held by the fiduciary funds are managed as a single consolidated portfolio and entities that transferred assets to the portfolio are considered Participant Members. Each Participant Member owns a percentage of the overall pool, and their allocated fund is based on the initial in-kind asset transfer an additional cash contributions and withdrawals submitted to the fund. Percentage ownerships for all Participant Member Funds are recalculated each time a contribution or withdrawal is received and invested (or redeemed) from the consolidated portfolio. Income and expense activity for each month is earned at the consolidated portfolio level and is then allocated to each member fund based on the weighted average of the percentage ownership during the month. Participant Member Funds do not own the underlying assets in the consolidated portfolios, but instead own a percentage of the overall Net Asset Value (NAV) of the consolidated fund.

G. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Bad debts of the General Fund are accounted for by the allowance reserve method in recognizing bad debt expense. This method better matches the cost of operating the fund with revenues of the fund and is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

H. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method, and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption for governmental funds and the proprietary funds. Reported inventories of governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Due To and Due From Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position.

J. Restricted Assets

Enterprise funds and debt service funds are required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources (consisting of cash and temporary investments) that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Carnegie Library, Senior Citizens, Boyton Street, and Civic Center are required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources (consisting of cash and temporary investments) that can be used only for donor-designated purchases.

K. Capital Assets

The City is required to spread the cost of its capital assets over the assets' useful lives. These capital assets include land, buildings, and related equipment. The depreciation expense amounts charged to each of the functions are in the statement of activities.

The City's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government wide financial statements. The City maintains infrastructure asset records consistent with all other capital assets.

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical or estimated historical cost, including all ancillary charges necessary to place the asset in its intended location and condition for use. Infrastructure projects with a cost of \$100,000 or more are also reported at historical cost. Donated capital assets requires measurement at acquisition value (an entry price). Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that exceed \$15,000 for building improvements, \$10,000 for land improvements, \$50,000 for water and sewer line improvements, and \$10,000 for software, and which significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Depreciation on all assets is calculated using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of assets are based on local government suggested basis, past experience, or other reliable sources. Useful lives typically will not exceed fifty (50) years.

The following estimated useful lives are used for depreciation purposes:

Infrastructure 15-40 years
Buildings and improvements 15-50 years
Furniture and equipment 5-20 years

Property, plant and equipment acquired for proprietary funds is capitalized in the respective fund to which it applies.

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost. Assets acquired by gift or bequest are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of transfer.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Depreciation of exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary funds' balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation applied to the cost of each class of property, plant and equipment. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets of the Water and Sewer departments are as follows:

Buildings and grounds 15-75 years Improvements 15-75 years Machinery and equipment 5-15 years Water and sewer lines 50-75 years

L. Compensated absences

For the City as a whole, benefit pay is accrued for benefits earned but not taken at April 30, 2024. Unused vacation time cannot be carried over to subsequent years with the exception of the Police Department.

Police Department officers may carryover up to 40 hours of vacation to the first two months of the next year or six months of the next year if preapproved vacation has been cancelled by the employer. The City allows employees to accumulate unused sick leave to a maximum of 1,920 hours, for all except police officers and firefighters which is 1200 hours. Sick leave will be paid upon illness while in the employment of the City. This sick leave program also includes an annual buy-back provision upon the meeting of certain requirements, and is not paid upon termination except for police officers and firefighters which can be paid up to 600 hours of accumulated sick time upon retirement after 20 years of service. As of April 30, 2024, the liability for sick leave is \$2,496,330.

M. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

N. Net position and fund balance classifications

Government-wide Statements

The government wide net position is classified into the following four categories:

- a) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Unrestricted net position All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or 'invested in capital asset, net of related debt", or non-spendable."
- d) Nonspendable Consists of assets that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually to be maintained intact.

Fund Statements

The governmental funds' fund balance is classified into the following categories:

- a) Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b) Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.
- c) Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the City's Council approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the City. Only the Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.
 - The City's policy is to maintain a reserve balance at minimum level equal to or greater than 25% of the General Fund current year budgeted expenses including transfers from the General Fund less capital outlays supported by specific revenue sources.
- d) Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed.
- e) Unassigned fund balances are the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred amount on debt refunding is recognized as a deferred outflow, and the related expense will be amortized to future periods. Additionally, the City has deferred outflows related to pension and other postemployment benefits to be recognized in future periods and for pension contributions made after the measurement dates. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City reports unavailable/unearned property taxes in this category. The City also reports deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

R. Leases

Effective May 1, 2022, the City implemented GASB No. 87, Leases. As the lessee, the City determines whether a contract is, or contains a lease at inception. Lease agreements with a maximum lease term of twelve months or less, including options to extend, are accounted for as short-term leases. Lease agreements that transfer ownership of the underlying asset to the City at the end of the contract are recorded as a finance purchase with a related lease liability. Lease agreements not classified as a short-term lease, or a finance purchase are accounted for as an intangible right to use lease asset. An Intangible right to use lease asset represents the City's right to use an underlying asset during the lease term and the lease liability represents the City's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Intangible right to use lease assets and lease liabilities are recognized at lease commencement based upon the estimate prevent value of unpaid lease payments over the lease term. The City uses its incremental borrowing rate based on information available at lease commencement in determining the present value of unpaid lease payments. As the lessor, the City applies the same criteria but recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources equal to the present value of the lease payments.

S. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, the City implemented GASB No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). The City determines whether a contract conveys control of the right to use another party's (SBITA vendor's) IT software, infrastructure, or data warehouse, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The SBITA liability is the present value of the annual payments using the County's incremental borrowing rate. The liability is amortized providing the principal and interest components of the payments over the SBITA term. The SBITA asset is measured as the SBITA liability plus any capitalized expenditures/expenses incurred in the initial implementation stage. The SBITA asset is depreciated (amortized) using a straight-line depreciation method over the term of the SBITA arrangement.

The City did not have any SBITA's applicable to the implementation of the new standard during the year ended April, 2024. Therefore, GASB No. 96 does not affect the financial statement presentation and disclosure.

T. Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 11, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was enacted to amongst other provisions, provide emergency assistance for individuals, families and businesses affected by the coronavirus pandemic. The City may continue to be adversely affected through lack of employees to work, or changes in revenue and expenses. Management will continue to evaluate the impact it will have on future operations.

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments

The City and Pension Funds categorize the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices on active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Permitted Deposits and Investments — The City's investment policy allows for deposits and investments in interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposits, any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act, bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States, bond, note indentures or similar obligations held by an agency of the United States, State of Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET).

A. Deposits

	Primary Government									
		vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Statement Fiduciary N Total Position		uciary Net	="		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,878,205	\$	2,024,935	\$	11,903,140	\$	772,092	\$	12,675,232
Restricted Cash		317,129		1,871,159		2,188,288		-		2,188,288
Investments		26,782,237		3,123,788		29,906,025	3	35,276,807		65,182,832
Restricted Investments		1,763,098				1,763,098				1,763,098
Total Cash and Investments	\$	38,740,669	\$	7,019,882	\$	45,760,551	\$ 3	36,048,899	\$	81,809,450

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits might not be returned to it. The City's general investment policy requires all amounts deposited or invested with financial institutions in excess of any insurance limit shall be protected using one of two methods. The first method is a) collateralization with securities eligible for City investment or any other high-quality, interest bearing security, b) the second method is using an irrevocable letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Chicago. The market value of the pledged securities shall equal or exceed the portion of the deposit requiring collateralization.

At April 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions, which includes demand deposits, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit, was \$14,848,925 (excludes \$14,598 in cash on hand held at the City). The bank balance was \$43,238,132. As of April 30, 2024, none of the City's bank balances (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) were exposed to custodial credit risk.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the depository banks used by the City had pledged \$4,788,750 in federal securities by U.S. Bank to secure the City's deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the FDIC. The pledged securities are held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

The City also had a \$19,000,000 irrevocable letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank to cover deposits held by First Southern Bank.

B. Investments

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Funds' share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

The Illinois Investment Fund (IMET) is a nonprofit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The IMET Convenience Fund is not rated. Investments are valued at the fund's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Firefighters' Pension Fund

The Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund (IFPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate firefighter pension funds. IFPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610, and codified within the Illinois Pension Code to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds. Participation in IFPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate firefighter pension funds is mandatory. Investments of the Fund are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IFPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IFPIF's annual report. For additional information on IFPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report as of June 30, 2023. A copy of that report can be obtained from IFPIF at 1919 South Highland Avenue, Building A, Suite 237, Lombard, Illinois 60148 or at www.ifpif.org.

IFPIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in the Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investments could be sold. IFPIF acts as the investment custodian under the Treasury and Security Division.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy, in accordance with Illinois Statutes, establishes a target allocation across asset classes. The target allocation table is available at www.ifpif.org.

Investment Policy: IFPIF's current investment policy was adopted by the Board of Trustees on June 17, 2022. IFPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The IFPIF shall not be subject to any of the limitations applicable to investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Sections 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code.

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments: At year end, the Fund's allocated value of investments with the Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund were \$15,984,665 measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share as determined by the pool. The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table available at www.ifpif.org.

Police Pension Fund

The Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund (IPOPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate police officer pension funds. IPOPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610, and codified within the Illinois Pension Code to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds. Participation in IPOPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate police officer pension funds is mandatory. Investments of the Fund are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IPOPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IPOPIF's annual report. For additional information on IPOPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report as of June 30, 2022. A copy of that report can be obtained from IPOPIF at 456 Fulton Street, Suite 402, Peoria, Illinois 61602 or at www.ipopif.org.

IPOPIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investments could be sold. IPOPIF acts as the investment custodian under the Treasury and Security Division.

The Police Officers' Pension Fund's investment policy, in accordance with Illinois Statutes, establishes a target allocation across asset classes. The target allocation table is available at www.ipopif.org.

Investment Policy: IPOPIF's current investment policy was adopted by the Board of Trustees on December 17, 2021, revised April 14, 2023. IPOPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The IPOPIF shall not be subject to any of the limitations applicable to investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Sections 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code.

Investments: At year end, the Fund's allocated value of investments with the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund were \$19,292,142 measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share as determined by the pool. The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table available at www.ipopif.org.

The only assets not transferred were the two Insurance contracts held with Edwards Jones. The two contracts mature on November 17, 2023 and December 9, 2023 respectively.

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

As of April 30, 2024, the City, had the following investments and maturities:

		Inves	_				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 – 5	6 – 10	More Than 10	Rating	
Common & Preferred Stocks	\$ 133,469	\$ 133,469	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	
Municipal Bonds	1,700,000	-	-	285,000	1,415,000	AA3 – A2	
Illinois Funds Money Market	28,231,793	28,231,793	-	-	-	N/A	
IMET	1,603,861	1,603,861				N/A	
Total	\$31,669,123	\$29,969,123		\$ 285,000	\$ 1,415,000		

All of the investments listed above, except for Illinois Funds Money Market and IMET, are valued using Level 1 inputs.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City minimizes its exposure to credit risk by limiting its investments to the safest types of securities; by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers which the City will do business; and by diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. Disclosures are required for any issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments, exclusive of mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, external investment pools and investments issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government. The investment policy of the City contains a 50% limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and the Illinois Public Treasurers Investment Pool.

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value, as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The City had no foreign currency risk as of April 30, 2024.

Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments, other than the following provision for investments: a list will be maintained of financial institutions authorized to provide investment services. In addition, a list will also be maintained of approved security broker/dealers selected by creditworthiness who maintain an office in the State of Illinois. These may include primary" dealers or regional dealers that qualify under Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule). The policy also states that, at the request of the City, the firms performing investment services for the City shall provide their most current audited financial statements and/or their most current Consolidated Report of Condition (call report) for review. At year end, none of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk due to one of the following:

- Investments were part of an insured pool
- Investments were book-entry only in the name of the City and were fully insured
- Investments were part of a mutual fund
- Investments were held by an agent in the City's name
- Investments which are secured by an irrevocable letter of credit with the FHLB of Chicago.

Note 3 - Restricted Assets

Governmental Funds

	General	Senior Citizens Council	Economic Incentive	Street Community Center	Marion Carnegie Library	Special Revenue Police	Permanent Fund	Total
Cash	\$ 71,107	\$ -	-	\$ 483	\$ 3,366	\$242,173	\$ -	\$ 317,129
Investments Total	\$ 71,192	10,892 \$ 10,892	1,405,327 1,405,327	\$ 483	344,748 \$348,114	\$242,173	2,131 \$ 2,131	1,763,098 \$2,080,227

Restricted assets of the General Fund represent restricted grant monies which are restricted as to the type of expenditures allowed.

Note 3 – Restricted Assets (continued)

Restricted assets of the Library and Senior Citizens Council represent donations received in which the principal and sometimes the earnings of these assets are restricted as to the type of expenditures allowed.

Restricted assets of the Boyton Street Community Center Fund represent a scholarship fund in which these assets are restricted as to the type of expenditures allowed.

Restricted assets of the permanent fund is for the upkeep of the Barnett and Throgmorton grave lots in the Rose Hill Cemetery.

Restricted assets of the Economic Incentive Fund are restricted for developer payments.

Restricted assets of the Housing Rehab Fund are restricted for grant expenditures.

Restricted assets of the Special Revenues Police fund represent various cash accounts, which are restricted by state statutes or other restrictions.

Enterprise Fund

 Water Department
 Sewer Department

 Cash
 \$ 857,203
 \$ 1,013,956

Restricted assets of the Water and Sewer Departments are for debt service and capital improvements.

Note 4 – Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied as of January 1 each year on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real property in the City. The County Clerk's Office determines necessary tax rates and extends the taxes based upon the equalized assessed values. Assessed values are established by the County Assessment Board at 33 1/3% of assumed market value.

Property taxes are due in two installments, the first installment is normally due in August and the second installment is due in October. Interest, at a maximum of 1 1/2% per month attaches to delinquent taxes. There is not a specific lien date, however, any property with taxes still delinquent are subject to the property tax sale which is normally held on December.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue when they become available to finance expenditures. This occurs when the taxes have been collected. Accordingly, assessed but uncollected taxes are reported in the City's financial statements as receivables fully offset by deferred revenue accounts.

The 2023 assessed valuation for property taxes collected in fiscal year 2024 in the City of Marion was \$428,409,858 and in the Tax Increment Funds were \$77,163,381. The tax levy for 2023 which represents the property taxes collected in fiscal year 2024 was 0.00002 per \$100 assessed valuation.

Note 5 - Loans Receivable

The City provides a positive environment for all types of businesses including technology, agriculture and medical research, light industry, distribution facilities, and retail developments. The City promotes economic stability and growth through the issuance of business, restoration, and economic development loans. An allowance of \$50,000 exists in the General Fund due to doubtful accounts. Loans not to be collected in the current year are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Gen	eral Fund	Red	TIF levelopment Fund	Total
Business Loans	3%	\$	94,519	\$	-	\$ 94,519
Economic Development Loans			134,067		417,262	 551,329
Total		\$	228,586	\$	417,262	\$ 645,848

Note 6 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for the fiscal year:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Incre	eases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 29,246,642	\$	25,395	\$ (282,697)	\$ 28,989,340
Construction in Progress	5,828,821	9.	510,040	(5,205,927)	10,132,934
Total capital assets not being depreciated	35,075,463		535,435	(5,488,624)	39,122,274
Total capital according to produced			000, 100	(0,100,021)	00,122,271
Capital assets being depreciated:					
	1 750 170		90 666		1 0 1 0 1 1 1
Land improvements Parking lot improvements	1,758,478		89,666	-	1,848,144
Office equipment	613,694 527,406		78,081	(22,032)	691,755 505,374
Fixed mechanical equipment	3,209,439	1	- 45,517	(186,002)	3,468,954
Major moveable equipment	3,649,371		72,921	(87,959)	4,034,335
Vehicles	6,735,871		172,921 157,279	(200,133)	7,493,017
Railroad improvements	610,953	3		(200, 133)	610,953
Mall infrastructure	19,157,897		_	(8,820,000)	10,337,897
Buildings	43,881,035	5.2	242,021	(469,066)	48,653,990
Streets	42,008,204	0,2	-	(100,000)	42,008,204
Bridges	946,386		_	_	946,386
Storm sewers	3,869,951		_	_	3,869,951
Sidewalks	2,952,284		_	_	3,952,284
Flood control projects	5,050,469		-	_	5,050,469
Street lights	716,590		_	_	716,590
Traffic lights	425,797		_	-	425,797
Software	113,442		70,100	(10,929)	172,613
Leased Equipment	92,000		-	· -	92,000
Total capital assets being depreciated	136,319,268	7.3	355,585	(9,796,121)	133,878,731
3 1				(2, 22, 7	
Less accumulated depreciation for:	000 000		00.070		202.222
Land improvements	302,690		96,276	-	398.966
Parking lot improvements	286,366		37,351	(00,000)	323,717
Office equipment	427,568		24,178	(22,032)	429,714
Fixed mechanical equipment	1,339,171		92,967	(178,172)	1,353,966
Major moveable equipment	2,310,639		38,370	(86,798)	2,562,405
Vehicles	4,131,018		86,536	(145,546)	4,752,005 520,583
Railroad improvements Mall infrastructure	505,307 19,157,897		15,275	(8,820,000)	10,337,897
Buildings	13,856,608	1 .	- 117944	(339,090)	14,635,462
Streets	16,168,693		38,345	(339,090)	17,107,038
Bridges	595,535		23,659	_	619,194
Storm sewers	1,295,021		98,470	_	1,393,491
Sidewalks	710,255		98,360	_	808,615
Flood control projects	2,316,333		01,009	_	2,417,342
Street lights ,	277,413		35,830	-	313,243
Traffic lights	36,655		21,290	-	57,945
Software	111,332		7,953	(10,929)	108,356
Leased Equipment	34,457		34,457	-	68,914
Total accumulated depreciation	63,862,958		68,270	(9,602,567)	58,028,658
,			-,	(-,,,)	
Total capital assets being depreciated,	72,456,310	3,5	87,315	(193,554)	75,850,073
net					
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 107,531,773	\$ 13,1	22,750	\$ (5,682,178)	\$ 114,972,347
					

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,113,024
Public health and safety	795,449
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	301,079
Cultural and recreation	1,103,082
Unallocated	455,636
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 3,768,270

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

(continuea)		Dii						- "
5		Beginning				Б		Ending
Business-type activities:		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,372,543	\$	-	\$	(3,135,062)	\$	237,481
Construction in progress		5,679,082		2,859,164		(5,366,356)		3,171,890
Total capital assets not being depreciated		9,051,625		2,859,164	_	(8,501,418)		3,409,371
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements Structures Buildings Fixed equipment Equipment and machinery Trucks and tractors Transmission and distribution systems Lift station Leased equipment		65,505 3,351,714 18,764,039 2,974,731 1,233,172 1,499,472 15,275,697 1,493,931 10,161		4,053,115 66,296 119,200 46,785 1,302,583		(74,742) - - -		65,505 7,404,829 18,764,039 3,041,027 1,277,630 1,546,257 16,578,280 1,493,931 10,161
Total capital assets being depreciated		44,668,422		5,587,979		(74,742)		50,181,659
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Structures Buildings Fixed equipment Equipment and machinery Trucks and tractors Transmission and distribution systems Lift station Leased equipment		41,012 912,458 10,039,936 1,045,687 902,792 1,263,755 4,089,049 887,708 3,806		3,112 146,369 448,523 99,905 51,320 84,705 320,092 66,739 3,806		(8,745) - - - - - - -		44,124 1,058,827 10,488,459 1,145,292 945,367 1,348,459 4,409,141 954,448 7,612
Total accumulated depreciation		19,186,203		1,224,571		(8,745)		20,402,029
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	25,482,219		4,363,408		(65,997)		29,779,630
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	34,533,845	\$	7,222,572	\$	(8,567,416)	\$	33,189,001
Business-type activities: Water Sewer Total business-type activ	vities	depreciation e	expe	\$ ense \$		494,232 730,339 1,224,571	_ _	

Note 7 - Leases

Pursuant to GASB No. 87, Leases, the City has recorded an intangible right to use lease asset which represents the City's right to use an underlying asset during the lease term. The City has obtained property through Right to Use leased assets.

Monthly installments of \$3,195. Discount rate is the respective lease start date and term, at 7.830%. The due dates range from 2022 to 2024.

Note 7 - Leases (continued)

At April 30, 2024, Right-to-Use leased assets consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities	
Right-to-Use Asset	\$ 92,000
Total Right-to-Use Assets	92,000
Less accumulated amortization:	(68,194)
Right-to-Use Assets, net	\$ 23,806
Business Type Activities	
Right-to-Use Asset	\$ 10,161
Total Right-to-Use Assets	10,161
Less accumulated amortization:	(7,612)
Right-to-Use Assets, net	\$ 2,549

Pursuant to GASB No.87, Leases, the City recorded a right to use lease liability in conjunction with the intangible right to use lease asset. The lease liability represents the City's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease.

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations

Legal Debt Margin

The City of Marion, Illinois is a home rule municipality. Under the Illinois Compiled Statutes, a home rule government may issue notes and bonds in excess of any statutory limitation and they shall not reduce the debt incurring power otherwise authorized for any such unit of government. Therefore, the City of Marion, Illinois has no legal debt limitation.

Note 8 – Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Changes in Long-Term Debt for Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of long-term transactions of the City's governmental activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases		Decrease	Ending Balance	 mounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds-						
GO Bonds, series 2014	2,325,000	-		325,000	2,000,000	335,000
GO Bonds, series 2019	334,710	-		108,417	226,293	111,540
GO Bonds, series 2020	8,670,000	-		1,515,000	7,155,000	1,535,000
Subtotal	11,329,710	-		1,948,417	9,381,293	1,981,540
Add - Premium on bonds	375,560			31,928	 343,632	 54,990
Total Bonds Payable	11,705,270			1,980,345	 9,724,925	2,036,530
Other Liabilities -						
Finance Lease Payable	59,722	-		34,898	24,824	24,824
Notes Payable	7,846,999	5,664,201		1,241,157	12,270,043	6,217,559
Compensated absences	579,497	6,696		-	586,193	568,193
Net Pension Liability	36,135,182	-		16,709,554	19,425,628	-
OPEB Liability	21,373,669	14,007,026	_		 35,380,695	
Total Other Liabilities	65,995,069	19,677,923		17,985,609	 67,687,383	6,810,576
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 77,700,339	\$19,677,923	\$	19,965,954	\$ 77,412,309	\$ 8,847,106

Loans with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing, which were shown as capital leases in the prior years, have been reclassed to notes payable.

For governmental activities the General Fund makes payments on the compensated absences, OPEB liability and net pension liability.

The City's outstanding bonds and notes payable from direct borrowings related to governmental activities are \$226,293 and \$12,270,043 respectively. There are no special provisions to these issues. In regards to the notes payable, \$5,194,272 of the debt has specific collateral attached to it.

Note 8–Long-Term Obligations (continued)

General Obligation Bonds payable at April 30, 2024, are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation -

The City issued \$4,520,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014, for capital projects, dated December 23, 2014, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$200,000 to \$850,000 from November 1, 2015 through November 1, 2026; interest rate is variable from 2.00% to 4.00%	\$ 2,000,000
The City issued \$745,000 General Obligation TIF Series 2019 Bonds, to pay off prior General obligation bonds Series 2007, dated August 08, 2019 due in annual principal installments ranging from \$99,562 to \$114,754 through October 15, 2025; interest rate is fixed at 2.88%	226,293
The City issued \$10,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020, for capital projects, dated October 29, 2020, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$745,000 to \$1,330,000 from November 1, 2022 through November 1, 2032; interest rate is variable from 1.00% to 2.00%	7,155,000
General Obligation Bonds Payable	9,381,293
Add: Premium on bonds	 343,632
Total	\$ 9,724,925

As of April 30, 2024, \$1,169,963 is available in Debt Service Funds to service General Obligation Bonds.

Debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2025	\$1,981,540	\$ 180,889	\$ 2,162,429			
2026	1,599,753	153,297	1,753,050			
2027	1,525,000	110,713	1,635,713			
2028	685,000	69,056	754,056			
2029	695,000	59,563	754,563			
2030 - 2033	2,895,000	113,588	3,008,588			
Total	\$9,381,293	\$ 687,106	\$ 10,068,399			

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Notes payable at April 30, 2024 are comprised of the following individual notes:

Notes Payable -

a)	0.00% note payable to Illinois Dept. of Transportation for engineering services for Morgan Street Overpass in monthly installments of \$2,500 through April 27, 2014, and then changing to annual installments of \$90,000 through April 27, 2025.	\$ 90,000
b)	0.00% note payable to Illinois Dept. of Transportation for single point interchange ramps in monthly installments of \$50,000 through October 12, 2015, and then changing to annual installments of \$618,182 through October 12, 2027.	1,854,545
d)	Banterra Bank for Toyota Corolla & Honda HR-V, in monthly installment of \$1,413.25 beginning Aug. 21, 2022, through July 21, 2025.	20,835
e)	First Southern Trust Bank for '22 Explorer for Police Dept. in monthly installment of \$6,319.65 beginning Aug. 19, 2023, through July 19, 2025.	·
f)	Banterra Bank for Gas Tax Street 2022 Caterpillar. In monthly payment of \$2,727.13 beginning July 27, 2022, through June 27, 2027.	93,260
g)	2.25% note payable to Banterra Bank for Gas Tax Fund (Street Department) in monthly installments of \$3,818 beginning March 10, 2020, through February 10, 2025.	100,045 37,620
h)	1.88% note payable to Banterra Bank for Police Department vehicles in monthly installments of \$5,090.68 beginning November 6, 2021, through October 6, 2024.	30,304
i)	1.93% note payable to Banterra Bank for Police Department radios in monthly installments of \$1,758.82 beginning July 30, 2021, through June 30, 2026.	
j)	2.50% note payable to First Southern Bank for construction loan beginning January 12, 2021, through January 15, 2032.	46,390
k)	First Southern Bank for Ford F250 for Fire Department, in monthly installment of \$792.64 beginning Dec. 18, 2023, through Dec. 18, 2027.	4,297,552
I)	2.366% note payable to Government leasing for 2 fire trucks in monthly installments of \$5,821 beginning May 18, 2016, through May 18, 2026	35,162
m)	5.50% note payable to First Southern Bank for an interest only construction loan for a sports complex. Beginning April 30, 2024, through July 30, 2024. This was refinanced May 30, 2024. See subsequent event Note 20.	141,863 5,000,000

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations (continued)

n)	4.65% note payable to First Southern Bank for 2 police vehicles in monthly installments of \$1,767 beginning November 8, 2023, through November 8, 2024.	
		\$ 87,364
0)	4.65% note payable to First Southern Bank for reversible snowplow in monthly installments of \$2,985 beginning December	
	6, 2023, through December 6, 2028.	150,012
p)	5.00% note payable to Farmers State Bank for 7 police vehicles	
	in monthly installments of \$9,544 beginning January 5, 2024, through December 15, 2026.	 285,091
Total		\$ 12,270,043

Debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	6,217,589	\$	49,528	\$ 6,267,117	
2026		1,098,034		101,433	1,199,467	
2027		417,817		96,453	514,270	
2028		341,463		91,638	433,101	
2029		320,691		85,873	406,564	
2030- 2033		3,874,449		370,510	4,244,959	
Total	\$	12,270,043	\$	795,435	\$ 13,065,478	

Finance lease payable at April 30, 2024 are comprised of the following individual lease:

Finance Lease Payable -

7.830% lease payable to Wells Fargo for office copiers in monthly installments of \$3,195 beginning May 1, 2022 through December 31, 2024.	\$ 24,824
Total	\$ 24,824

Debt service requirements to maturity for finance payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	24,824	\$	734	\$	25,558
Total	\$	24,824	\$	734	\$	25,558

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Changes in Long-Term Debt for Business Type Activities

The following is a summary of the City's business-type activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024:

Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decrease	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds-					
GO Bonds, series 2014 GO Refunding Bonds,	\$ 445,000	\$ -	\$ 445,000	\$ -	\$ -
series 2017	1,210,000	-	230,000	980,000	235,000
GO Bonds, series 2022	1,700,000	-	-	1,700,000	-
Subtotal	3,355,000	-	675,000	2,680,000	235,000
Add - Premium on bonds	61,540	<u> </u>	33,577	27,963	27,963
Total Bonds Payable	3,416,540		708,577	2,707,963	262,963
Other Liabilities -					
Finance Lease Payable	6,596	-	3,854	2,742	2,742
Notes Payable	4,861,452	-	493,509	4,367,903	353,682
Compensated absences	83,343	8,986	-	92,329	92,329
Net Pension Liability	713,103	-	314,652	398,451	-
Net OPEB Liability	5,944,588	<u> </u>	234,708	5,709,880	
Total Other Liabilities	11,609,082	8.986	1,946,723	10,751,345	449,865
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 15,025,622	\$ 8,986	\$ 1,755,300	\$ 13,279,308	\$ 712,828

The City's outstanding notes payable from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$1,665,887 are secured with specific collateral for each borrowing.

Loans with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing which were show as capital leases in prior years, have been reclassed to notes payable.

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations (continued)

General obligation bonds payable at April 30, 2024, are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation -

\$ 980,000
1,700,000
\$ 2,680,000
 27,963
\$ 2,707,963
\$

As of April 30, 2024, \$646,727 is available in water and sewer funds to service general obligation bonds and IEPA loans.

Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	235,000	\$	75,088	\$ 310,088
2026		240,000		69,150	309,150
2027		250,000		62,400	312,400
2028		255,000		54,825	309,825
2029 – 2033		285,000		248,775	533,775
2034 - 2038		1,195,000		124,875	1,319,875
2039		220,000		3,300	223,300
Total	\$	2,680,000	\$	638,413	\$ 3,318,413

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Enterprise Fund notes payable at April 30, 2024, are comprised of the following individual notes payable:

Notes Payable -

a)	2.90% note payable to First Southern Bank for Rolling Hills sewer system improvements, in monthly installments of \$6,270 beginning July 30, 2017 through June 30, 2027.	\$ 227,228
b)	0.000% note payable to the State of Illinois for water line replacements, in semi-annual installments of \$12,189 beginning October 15, 2011 through October 15, 2030.	158,452
c)	1.25% note payable to the State of Illinois for N.E. sewer-line extension, in semi-annual installments of \$33,675 beginning June 11, 2013, through May 11, 2033.	601,512
d)	1.25% note payable to the State of Illinois for sewer plant renovation, in semi-annual installments of \$59,128 beginning November 8, 2013, through November 8, 2032.	1,003,653
e)	2.21% note payable to the State of Illinois for water-line replacements, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$13,490 to \$16,158 including interest through December 15, 2035.	331,638
f)	1.50% note payable to the State of Illinois for construction of water main loop and high service pump installation, in semi-annual installments ranging from \$11,927 to \$12,090 beginning December 30, 2021, through June 30, 2041.	370,959
g)	1.50% note payable to the State of Illinois for elevated water storage tank improvements, in semi-annual installments ranging from \$4,330 to \$6,333 beginning November 15, 2021, through May 15, 2041	194,286
h)	1.582% lease payable to U.S. Bancorp for water tower due in semi-annual installments of \$65,108 tax exempt beginning July 13, 2021, through January 13, 2031	859,638
i)	2.13% lease payable to Government leasing for industrial park lift station rehab and South Market Street extension in annual installments of \$85,185 beginning May 28, 2021, through May 28, 2031	620,537
Total		\$ 4,367,903

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Debt service requirement to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	353,682	\$	65,689	\$ 419,371
2026		661,653		57,140	718,793
2027		520,661		48,422	569,083
2028		466,160		40,224	506,384
2029		460,473		33,371	493,844
2030 – 2034		1,584,418		74,380	1,658,798
2035 – 2039		231,894		15,572	247,466
2040 - 2042		88,962		2,037	90,999
Total	\$	4,367,903	\$	336,835	\$ 4,704,738

Enterprise Fund lease payable as of April 30, 2024 is as follows:

Finance Lease Payable -

7.830% lease payable to Wells Fargo for office copiers in monthly installment of \$353 beginning May 1, 2022 through December 31, 2024

\$ 2,742

Total

Debt service requirement to maturity for lease payable is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	F	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$	2742	\$ 81	\$ 2,823
Total	\$	2,742	\$ 81	\$ 2,823

Note 9 - Lease Obligations

The City is obligated under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore, the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the City's asset or liability accounts. The City also has recorded capitalized leases for the purchase of certain items. See Note 7 for additional information.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Summary:

Net Pension Liability:

Net Pension Liability is reported in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	Net Pen			
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	\$	1,638,399		
Fire Pension Fund		8,653,258		
Police Pension Fund		9,532,422		
Total Aggregate Net Pension Liability	\$	19,824,079		

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources are reported in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	Net Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience			bsequent nployer ntributions	Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings			Changes in Assumptions	
Illinois Municipal		•						<u>. </u>	
Retirement Fund	\$	860,659	\$	20,434	\$	1,711,606		\$ (113,269)	
Fire Pension Fund		455,787		-		590,743		1,633,247	
Police Pension Fund		225,864		-		514,025		893,599	
Totals	\$	1,542,310	\$	20,434	\$	2,816,374	\$	2,413,577	

Pension Expense

Pension expenses are included in the accompanying statement of activities as follows:

	Pensi	ion Expense
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	\$	(228,554)
Fire Pension Fund		1,567,009
Police Pension Fund		1,603,043
Total Pension Expense	\$	2,941,498

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

A. Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the 'Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriffs Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

As of December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IMRF
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	112
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	91
Active plan members	160
Total	363

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2023 was 5.95%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, the City contributed \$477,569 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

C. Actuarial Assumptions

Ν	<u>/let</u>	<u>hod</u>	s and	l As	ssur	<u>npt</u>	on	<u>ร เ</u>	Jsed	to	De	<u>tern</u>	<u>nir</u>	<u>1e T</u>	<u> Tota</u>	ıl F	ens	<u>sion</u>	<u>ı Li</u>	<u>iab</u>	ilit	y a	t C	<u>)ec</u>	em	<u>beı</u>	<u> 31 </u>	, 20	<u>023</u>

Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Price Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.75% to 13.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility Retirement Age

condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation report pursuant to an

experience study of the period 2017 – 2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-

median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disable Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements

projected using scale MP-2020.

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

D. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2023:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	34.5%	5.00%
International Equity	18.0%	6.35%
Fixed Income	24.5%	4.75%
Real Estate	10.5%	6.30%
Alternative Investments	11.5%	6.05-8.65%
Cash Equivalents	1.0%	3.80%
Total	100.0%	

E. Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 3.77%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

F. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	lan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	 et Pension set)/Liability (A) – (B)
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 33,589,470	\$ 30,316,174	\$ 3,273,296
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	694,260	-	694,260
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,392,171	-	2,392,171
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	258,146	-	258,146
Changes of assumptions	(43,933)	450 407	(43,933)
Contributions-Employer	-	456,427	(456,427)
Contributions-Employee	-	370,239	(370,239)
Net Investment Income	-	3,383,756	(3,383,756)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of		(4.000.074)	
Employee Contributions	(1,882,274)	(1,882,274)	-
Other (Net Transfer)	 	 725,119	 (725,119)
Net changes	 1,418,370	 3,074,409	 (1,634,897)
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$ 35,007,840	\$ 33,390,583	\$ 1,638,399

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

95.38%

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plans net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	 1% Lower (6.25%)	Di	scount Rate (7.25%)	1% Higher (8.25%)	_
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,617,494	\$	1,638,399	\$ (1,551,902)	

H. Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized pension income of \$(228,554). At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension		
Expense in Future Periods		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 890,107	\$ 29,448
Changes of assumptions	-	113,269
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	4,331,412	2,619,806
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	5,221,519	2,762,523
Pension Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date	20,434	
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$ 5,241,953	\$ 2,762,523

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Ne	et Deferred Outflows of
Year Ending December 31,		Resources
2024	\$	449,445
2025		796,804
2026		1,394,187
2027		(181,440)
Total	\$	2,458,996

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Fire Pension Fund

A. Plan Description

Fire-sworn personnel are covered by the Fire Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contribution levels are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The Fire Pension Board consists of five members. Two are elected by active plan members. One is elected by the retired members and two are appointed by the City. At April 30, 2024, the Fire Pension Plan membership consisted of:

	Fire
Active members	25
Retirees and beneficiaries	19
Inactive, Non-retired members	1
Total	45

The Fire Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The Fire Pension Plan now has a two Tier coverage. Tier 1 coverage is for Firefighters employed prior to January 1, 2011. Tier 2 coverage is for Firefighters employed after December 31, 2010. Tier 1 employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly benefit of 1/2 the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. Tier 2 employees must attain the age of 55 or more with 10 years of creditable service to receive a monthly benefit computed by multiplying 2.50% for each year of service completed by the final average salary (as defined in the statutes). Tier 1 employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. Tier 2 employees attaining the age 50 with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire with a reduced benefit. The maximum pension under Tier 1 or Tier 2 is 75% of the computed salary. The monthly benefit of Tier 1 employees who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of 55 years by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly benefit of Tier 2 employees shall be increased on January 1st occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60. Each annual increase shall be the lesser of 1/2 of the Consumer Price Index- Urban or 3% of the original pension.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Fire Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective July 1, 2011, the City has until the year 2040 to fund the plan in an amount sufficient to bring the total assets of the fire pension fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities. For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City's contribution was 59.81% of covered payroll.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

C. Actuarial Assumptions

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability and Contribution Rates Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal									
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value								
Salary Increases	Graded by age								
Investment Rate of Return	6.75% per year								
Inflation	2.50% per year								
Retirement Age	Graded by age Tier 1 – 12% at 50 to 100% at age 65 Tier 2 – 3% at 50 to 100% at age 65								
Mortality	PubS-2010 base rates projected to 2023 with scale MP2021								

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

D. Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 4.12%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

E. Change in Net Pension Liability

	Total		
	Pension Liability	an Fiduciary let Position	let Pension sset)/Liability
	 (A)	 (B)	 (A) – (B)
Balances at April 30, 2023	\$ 23,914,047	\$ 14,643,564	\$ 9,270,483
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	493,419	-	493,419
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,576,794	-	1,576,794
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	73,115	-	73,115
Assumption changes	-	-	-
Contributions-Employer	-	1,059,674	(1,059,674)
Contributions-Employee	-	171,670	(171,670)
Net Investment Income	-	1,529,209	(1,529,209)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of			,
Employee Contributions	(1,023,022)	(1,023,022)	-
Other (admin expense)	 (33,843)	 (33,843)	
Net changes	 1,086,463	 1,703,688	(617,225)
Balances at April 30, 2024	\$ 25,000,510	\$ 16,347,252	\$ 8,653,258

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

65.39%

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

F. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 6.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	 1% Lower (5.75%)	Di	scount Rate (6.75%)	 1% Higher (7.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,429,985	\$	8,653,258	\$ 5,590,587

G. Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,567,009. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	0	Deferred utflows of lesources	Ir	Deferred offlows of esources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	691,436	\$	235,649
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		1,633,247		-
earnings on pension plan investments		1,581,925		991,182
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	3,906,608	\$	1,226,831

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Voor Ending April 20	Net D	Net Deferred Outflows of		
Year Ending April 30,		Resources		
2025	\$	418,594		
2026		981,873		
2027		533,105		
2028		333,559		
2029		377,770		
Thereafter		34,876		
Total	\$	2,679,777		

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Police Pension Fund

A. Plan Description

Police-sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and the employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The Police Pension Board consists of five members. Two are elected by active plan members. One is elected by the retired members and two are appointed by the City. At April 30, 2024, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

	Police
Active members	45
Retirees and beneficiaries	30
Inactive, Non-retired members	7
Total	82

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The Police Pension Plan now has a two Tier coverage. Tier 1 coverage is for policemen employed prior to January 1, 2011. Tier 2 coverage is for policemen employed after December 31, 2010. Tier I employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly benefit of 1/2 the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the police service at the date of retirement. Tier 2 employees must attain the age of 55 or more with 10 years of creditable service to receive a monthly benefit computed by multiplying 2.50% for each year of service completed by the final average salary (as defined in the statutes). Tier I employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. Tier 2 employees attaining the age 50 with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire with a reduced benefit. The maximum pension under Tier 1 or Tier 2 is 75% of the computed salary. The monthly benefit of Tier 1 employees who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of 55 years by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly benefit of Tier 2 employees shall be increased on January 1st occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60. Each annual increase shall be the lesser of 1/2 of the Consumer Price Index- Urban or 3% of the original pension.

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City's contribution was 46.12% of covered payroll.

A separate report on the police pension fund may be obtained at the City Clerk's office in City Hall.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

C. Actuarial Assumptions

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability and Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Salary Increases Graded by age

Inflation 2.50%

Investment Rate of Return 6.75% per year

Retirement Age Graded by age

Tier 1 – 20% at 50 to 100% at age 65 Tier 2 – 5% at 50 to 100% at age 65

Mortality PubS-2010 base rates projected generationally

with scale MP2021

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

D. Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 4.12%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

E. Changes in Net Pension Liability

Balances at April 30, 2023	\$	Total Pension Liability (A) 27,190,762		lan Fiduciary Net Position (B) 17,647,769		et Pension set)/Liability (A) – (B) 9,542,993
Changes for the year:	Ψ	27,190,702	Ψ	17,047,703	Ψ	9,042,990
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience of the Total Pension Liability	\$	1,787,192		-	\$	832,676 1,787,192
Assumption changes Contributions-Employer Contributions-Employee Net Investment Income		770,450 - - - -		1,417,820 302,709 1,680,360		770,450 - (1,417,820) (302,709) (1,680,360)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions Other (admin. expense)		(1,317,857) (29,154)		(1,317,857) (29,154)		- -
Net changes Balances at April 30, 2024	\$	2,043,307 29,234,069	\$	2,053,878 19,701,647	\$	(10,571) 9,532,422

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

67.39%

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

F. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 6.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	 1% Lower (5.75%)	Di	Discount Rate (6.75%)		1% Higher (7.75%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,878,413	\$	9,532,422	\$	6,026,764	

G. Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,603,043. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	_	outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods			
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	1,426,825 893,599	\$ 1,200,961 -
earnings on pension plan investments		1,536,66	1,022,643
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	3,857,092	\$ 2,223,604

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows of		
Year Ending April 30,	Resources		
2025	\$	209,178	
2026		850,598	
2027		278,369	
2028		5,291	
2029		147,702	
Thereafter		142,350	
Total	\$	1,633,488	

Note 11 – Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees of the City of Marion, Illinois may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments).

The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the City. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The deferred compensation plan is administered by the City. Under the terms of an IRC Section 457 deferred compensation plan, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment of the deferred compensation amounts held by the City, are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The City holds no investment responsibility or liability for losses under the plan.

Note 12 - Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Plan Description

In addition to providing pension benefits described in Note 10, the City of Marion, Illinois provides the continuation of health care benefits to employees, who retire from the City. Employees who terminate after reaching retirement eligibility in the plan are eligible to elect to continue their health care coverage by paying the required portion of the monthly premium rate. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended through its personnel manual and union contracts. No assets are accumulated in a way that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement 75.

Note 12 - Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Benefits Provided

The City provides continued medical and prescription drug coverage at subsidized rates to all eligible employees, which creates an explicit subsidy of retiree medical and prescription drug coverage. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the City's retirement plans. Upon a retiree reaching age 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the retiree can choose to not participate in the plan or continue under the City plan at a Medicare Supplement rate which is also subsidized.

Membership

The City's Retiree Healthcare Program includes five employee groups.

At April 30, 2024, membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	88
Active employees	154
Total	242
Participating employers	1

B. Total OPEB Liability

The City's OPEB liability of \$41,090,575 was measured as of April 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2024.

C. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Discount (Interest) Rate 4.12%

Salary Increases 3.50% per year

Mortality PubS-2010 table rates projected generationally

using scale MP2021 for Police and Fire. All others

PubG-2010 table using scale MP2021

Note 12 — Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

D. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	T	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at April 30, 2023	\$	42,079,770
Changes for the year: Service Cost Interest		1,088,141 1,562,130
Assumption Changes Benefit Payments		(2,351,442) (1,287,924)
Net Changes Balance at April 30, 2024	\$	(989,095) 41,090,675

E. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.12 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.12 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1º	% Decrease (3.12%)	Di	scount Rate (4.12%)	 % Increase (5.12%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	48,869,787	\$	41,090,675	\$ 35,033,357

Note 12 — Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

F. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower (6.75 percent decreasing to 3.25 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.25 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
	Decreasing to 3.25%	Decreasing to 4.25%	Decreasing to 5.25%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 34,626,297	\$ 41,090,675	\$ 49,517,302

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,098,156. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	253,905	\$ 12,445		
Changes of assumptions		8,747,491	 7,861,141		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB	\$	9,001,396	\$ 7,873,586		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net De	eferred Outflows of
Year Ending April 30,		Resources
2025	\$	706,923
2026		706,923
2027		660,223
2028		337,454
2029		(700,254)
Thereafter		(583,459)
Total	\$	1,127,810

Note 13 – Fund Balance Reporting

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

A. Nonspendable Fund Balance -

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

B. Restricted Fund Balance:

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. \$366,724 of the restricted net position or restricted fund balance results from enabling legislation adopted by the City. The City has the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Restricted for TIF development</u>: This was created to restrict the use of all resources collected or earned by the Tax Increment Financing Funds for development of private and public projects in the TIF districts.

<u>Restricted for donor expenditures</u> - This was created to segregate a portion of fund equity for future expenditures defined by the donor.

Restricted for maintenance of roads: This was created by enabling legislation (state and local) to fund the maintenance and upkeep of City streets.

Restricted for public safety expenditures: This was created by enabling legislation to restrict the use of 911 fees, DUI, drug enforcement fees, vehicle fund, and foreign fire insurance collected for police and fire department expenditures.

Restricted for debt service - This was created to segregate a portion of the fund equity account for debt service, including both principal payments and interest payments. The restriction was established to satisfy legal restrictions imposed by various bond agreements.

<u>Restricted for tourism and recreation</u> - This was created to restrict the use of funds collected for the promotion of tourism and recreation.

Note 13 – Fund Balance Reporting (continued)

<u>Restricted for cemetery</u> - This was created to restrict the use of funds set aside by the council for cemetery related expenditures.

<u>Restricted for capital projects</u> - This was created to restrict the use of funds set aside by the council for various capital projects.

C. Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (City Council). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action (resolution or ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

By City ordinance, the City has committed to a cash reserve policy in the general fund that requires a minimum level equal to or greater than 25% of the general fund's current year budgeted expenditures and transfers out. Council has a right to determine if any portion of the cash reserve should be spent and is required to take all necessary actions to increase the cash reserve balance to the 25% threshold in future years.

D. <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>

The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the Finance Commissioner as allowed by Council Resolution to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balance amounts are shown in the general fund.

E Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the general fund for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

F Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then assigned balances, next unassigned balances and finally act to reduce committed balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

Note 13 – Fund Balance Reporting (continued)

	General Fund	Permanent Capital Fund Projects Fun			Special Revenue Debt Service Funds Funds				Total Government Funds	
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	\$ 524,369	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$ 417,262	\$	-	\$	942,631
Restricted for:										
Donor expenditures	13,350		-		-	336,969		-		350,319
Public health and safety	27,278		-		-	1,036,166		-		1,063,444
Capital projects	-		-		7,058,491	-		-		7,058,491
Debt service	-		-		-	-		929,117		929,117
Cemetery	-		1,020		-	16,190		-		17,210
Maintenance of roadways	-		-		-	1,984,234		-		1,984,234
Tourism and recreation	-		-		-	316,182		-		316,182
Economic development	1,577,370		-		-	6,364,461		-		7,941,831
Committed	9,055,866		-		-	-		-		9,055,866
Assigned	37,091		-		-	-		-		37,091
Unassigned (Deficit)	13,283,355		111		387,135	(144,720)		240,846		13,766,727
Total Fund Balances	\$ 24,518,679	\$	2,131	\$	7,445,626	\$ 10,326,744	\$	1,169,963	\$	43,463,143

Note 14 – Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City had numerous transactions between funds. Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at April 30, 2024 arising from these transactions were as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund			
Fund	Receivables	Payables			
	\$ 327,210	\$ -			
General Fund	267	-			
Goddard Chapel Fund Senior	_	97			
Citizen Fund Pavilion Fund	_	5,527			
HUB Recreation Center Fund	-	32,102			
TIF	-	20,018			
Gas Tax Fund	68,002	-			
Foreign Fire Insurance Fund	-	599			
Water Fund	-	5,015			
Sewer Fund	-	33,609			
Property Tax	-	1,634			
Star Bond	16,611	16,611			
Capital Projects Fund	-	296,878			
Total	\$ 412,090	\$ 412,090			

Note 14 – Interfund Transactions (continued)

Interfund balances result from the timing difference between when payments are made or receipts received and when transfers are made to and from other funds.

Interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Schedule of operating transfers within the reporting entity:

Fund	Transfer Out	Transfer In
General Fund Types -		
General Fund	\$ 9,823,905	\$ 249,811
Cultural and Civic Center Fund	-	875,813
Senior Citizen Council Fund	-	615,047
Boyton Street Fund	-	366,959
Capital Projects Replacement Fund	20,660	425,000
Economic Incentive Fund	600,000	-
Total General Fund Types	10,444,565	2,532,630
Special Revenue Funds -		
Carnegie Library Fund	-	841,588
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	-	691,855
HUB Recreational Center Fund	966,360	1,670,895
TIF Redevelopment Fund	6,452,465	6,197,288
Gas Tax Fund	160,825	-
Police Fund	4,699	-
Foreign Fire Insurance Fund	9,512	-
Property Tax Fund	 	 23,453
Total Special Revenue Funds	 7,593,861	9,425,079
Capital Project Fund	 939,935	 4,278,352
Health Reimbursement	-	549,996
Debt Service Fund	 	 2,358,763
Enterprise Funds -		
Water Fund	83,230	-
Sewer Fund	83,229	-
Total Enterprise Funds	 166,459	
·	 	
Total	\$ 19,144,820	\$ 19,144,820

Note 14 – Interfund Transactions (continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 15 - Tax Abatement

As of April 30, 2024, the City provides tax rebates through two main programs. The tax rebates are in substance equivalent to tax abatements and thus disclosed under GASB pronouncement 77-Tax Abatements. The two main programs are as follows:

- 1. Tax Increment Financing District Redevelopment Agreements
- 2. Economic Incentive Agreements

Tax Increment Financing District Redevelopment Agreements

This type of agreement is authorized by the Illinois Statute 65 ILCS 5111-74.4 et. Seq., the "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act", the "TIF Act". The TIF Act allows developers to be reimbursed certain eligible projects costs for developments within the TIF District. The eligible costs are reimbursed to the developer through a combination of sales tax increment and real estate tax increment rebates or just real estate tax increment rebates. In all cases, the developer must first pay the tax and then request reimbursement of the tax pay along with proof of payment.

In general, the sales tax increment is based upon a percentage of the municipal sales tax generated. Usually when a developer moves from a non TIF area to a TIF area any sales tax reimbursement must be above a baseline amount. Any real estate rebate is a percentage of the real estate taxes generated above a baseline amount. The baseline amount in most cases is the amount of equal assessed valuation at the time the TIF district is created. The developer will receive rebates until the earlier of the eligible project costs are reimbursed or the TIF ends. Specific details such as eligibility, special provisions, percentage of rebate, type of rebate, commitments by Developers, etc. would be specific to each Redevelopment Agreement, but all the terms in the contracts are per an approved Redevelopment Agreement entered into pursuant to the TIF Act. The following is the amount of taxes rebated during the year ending April 30, 2024 by TIF District.

Note 15 – Tax Abatement (continued)

	Amou	unt of Sales Tax	Amount of Real			
Tax Increment District		Rebated	Estate	Tax Rebated		
Marion TIF I	\$	1,518	\$	391,807		
Marion TIF V		-		280,848		
Marion Heights I TIF		658,014		584,324		
Marion Heights II TIF		-		251,426		
Marion TIF XIII		4,424		238,691		
Marion TIF XIV		-		37,174		
Marion Hillview TIF		-		180,138		
Marion TIF XVI		-		52,182		
Marion TIF XVII		682,027		147,315		
Marion Little Tractor TIF		-		18,834		
Marion TIF XIX		-		9,642		
Marion TIF XX		-		82,367		
Marion TIF XXI	-	<u> </u>	ī	38,489		
Total	\$	1,378,090	\$	2,313,237		

The City is required to file an annual report on each TIF District with the Illinois State Comptroller. Those reports can be viewed on the Comptroller's website.

Economic Incentive Agreements

The City has also entered into Economic Incentive Agreements which are allowed under Illinois Statute 65 ILCS 5/8-11-20 et. Seq. These agreements allow for the rebate of a percentage of municipal sales tax generated by the developer for a specified period of time or sometimes until certain developer costs are reimbursed. As with the TIF agreements, all other details such as eligibility, special provisions, commitments by the developers, etc. are specified in each of the Economic Incentive Agreements.

Total Sales Tax Rebated \$_____129,916

Note 16 - Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged municipal sales tax and real estate taxes generated in connection with the Tax Increment Financing redevelopment agreements with developers.

Effective July 1, 2005, the City increased its home rule sales tax by one quarter of one percent. The City has entered into an agreement with the Southern Illinois Baseball Group, Inc. (Developer) to pay them one-half of the sales tax increase (one eighth of one percent). The City pays the Developer by the last day of the month its sales tax portion for the preceding month. The Developer cannot use the funds for any purpose other than to satisfy construction loan obligations. In January 2022, the ball park was sold to Marion Stadium, LLC. The above agreement was transferred to the new owners. The City's obligation will continue until the earlier of (1) thirty years after the City's first payment or (2) the date that all construction loan obligations have been paid in full. As of April 30, 2024, the Developer's portion of the home rule sales tax increase amounted to \$800,541.

Note 17 - Contingent Liabilities

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs: property, liability, and workers' compensation. During the year ended April 30, 2024, there were no significant reductions in coverage. Also, there have been no settlement amounts which have exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

Contingencies:

Litigation

The City is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the City.

Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Development

The City has various TIF districts for which they are contingently liable to developers as costs are incurred over a period of years. As eligible redevelopment costs are incurred, the City receives municipal sales tax and real estate taxes. The City in turn refunds a percentage of the tax increment to the developer based on the percentages specified in the various redevelopment agreements.

Note 18 - Risks and Uncertainties

Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit. It is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the statement of net assets available for benefits.

Note 19 - Commitments

In October of 2006, the City entered into an agreement with the Rend Lake Conservancy District to supply the City with a needed supply of treated water for domestic, commercial and industrial use. The agreement is in effect until December 31, 2046. The City may discontinue purchasing treated water from the District only if (a) the District has recouped its costs of providing water to the delivery point and the cost of the water storage reservoir or (b) the City reimburses the District for any remaining cost which has not been recouped by the District. Construction of the project was completed in July 2010.

Note 20 - Subsequent Events

In preparing the financial statements, the City has evaluated transactions for potential disclosure through March 20, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that one event has occurred subsequent to April 30, 2024, that would require disclosure.

On May 29, 2024, the City refinanced a \$5 million, 5.5% short-term construction loan that was in effect as of April 30, 2024, to a \$30 million long-term construction loan. The loan payments begin June 29, 2024 with 18 months of interest only payments, and end December 5, 2050. It carries an initial interest rate of 5.5%, then increases to 7.5% in 2036.



City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) General Fund Types Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 57	\$ (43)
Sales taxes	24,810,000	24,810,000	23,159,798	(1,650,202)
Other taxes and franchise fees	3,725,750	3,725,750	3,778,911	53,161
Licenses and permits	433,350	433,350	480,121	46,771
Intergovernmental revenue	3,361,000	3,361,000	3,497,776	136,776
Service charges and fees	1,759,870	1,669,870	2,384,187	714,317
Grant revenue	649,280	699,280	820,111	120,831
Investment income	365,700	365,700	859,983	494,283
Interest income	95,100	95,100	-	(95,100)
Miscellaneous income	199,100	262,100	294,014	31,914
Operating donations	36,000	36,000	34,825	(1,175)
Total Revenues	35,435,250	35,458,250	35,309,783	(148,467)
Expenditures				
General government	5,089,540	5,252,920	5,060,435	(192,485)
Public health and safety	11,330,710	11,532,210	11,234,040	(298,170)
Streets, alleys, and cemeteries	3,910,550	3,930,550	3,899,442	(31,108)
Cultural and recreation	1,839,360	2,117,860	2,100,863	(16,997)
Economic development	1,066,050	1,066,050	1,025,029	(41,021)
Debt service:				
Principal	444,460	444,460	462,058	17,598
Interest	31,110	31,110	30,898	(212)
Capital outlay	1,072,650	1,306,650	1,533,195	226,545
Total Expenditures	24,784,430	25,681,810	25,345,960	(335,850)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	10,650,820	9,776,440	9,963,823	187,383
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(11,085,900)	(11,094,900)	\$ (7,911,934)	3,182,966
General long-term debt issued	678,000	678,000	572,042	(105,958)
Net increase (decrease) in fair value	(4,000)	(4,000)	-	4,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			215,442	215,442
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(10,411,900)	(10,420,900)	(7,124,450)	3,296,450
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 238,920	\$ (644,460)	2,839,373	\$ 3,483,833

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) TIF Development Fund Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts				ual Amounts, Igetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)		
		Original	Final					
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	6,955,630	\$	7,428,630	\$ 7,663,087	\$	234,457	
Interest Income		72,600		74,210	-		(74,210)	
Investment income		75,000		8,610	 284,518		275,908	
Total Revenues		7,103,230		7,511,450	 7,947,605		436,155	
Expenditures								
Streets, alleys and cemeteries		104,000		299,000	92,331		(206,669)	
Economic development		5,527,470		6,181,130	5,210,591		(970,539)	
Debt service:								
Principal		708,200		708,200	 708,182		(18)	
Total Expenditures		6,339,670		7,188,330	 6,011,104		(1,177,226)	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		763,560		323,120	 1,936,501		1,613,381	
Other Financing (Uses)								
Transfers out		(391,820)		(391,820)	 (255,177)		136,643	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	371,740	\$	(68,700)	 1,681,324	\$	1,750,024	

City of Marion, Illinois Notes to Required Supplemental Information April 30, 2024

Budgetary Information

The City Council annually passes a budget ordinance which includes all fund types using the cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Adjustment to budget basis from GAAP basis is due to timing differences. Each fund's budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: salaries and benefits, services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, debt service. All unexpended budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The fund financial statements in this report are prepared on the modified accrual basis. The budget ordinance is prepared using the cash basis of accounting. The following schedule reconciles the difference between the modified accrual basis and the legally enacted budget and General and TIF funds:

	 Actual on GAAP Basis		ctual on Adjustment to Budg			ctual on dgetary Basis Budget			Variance Over (Under)		
General Fund:											
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 35,309,783 25,345,960	\$	8,817 -	\$	35,318,600 25,345,960	\$	35,458,250 25,681,810	\$	(139,650) (335,850)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 9,963,823		8,817		9,972,640		9,776,440		196,200		
Other financing sources (uses)	(7,124,450)		(2,449,644)		(9,574,094)		(10,420,900)		(846,806)		
Net change in fund balances	2,839,373	\$	(2,440,827)	\$	398,546	\$	(644,460)	\$	245,914		
Fund balance, beginning of year	 21,679,306										
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 24,518,679										
TIF Fund:											
Revenues	\$ 7,947,605	\$	-	\$	7,947,605	\$	7,511,450	\$	(436,155)		
Expenditures	 6,011,104		<u>-</u>		6,011,104		7,188,330		1,177,226		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 1,936,501		<u>-</u>		1,936,501		323,120		1,613,381		
Other financing sources (uses)	 (255,177)		_		(255,177)		391,820		136,643		
Net change in fund balances	 1,681,324	\$		\$	1,681,324	\$	(68,700)	\$	1,750,024		
Fund balance, beginning of year	 5,100,399										
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,781,723										

The City operated within the legal confines of the budget ordinance prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2024	2023
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	\$ 694,260 2,392,171 258,146 (43,933) (1,882,274)	\$ 639,931 2,274,771 595,907 - (1,954,643)
Net Change in Pension Liability	1,418,370	1,555,966
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	33,589,470	32,033,504
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 35,007,840	\$ 33,589,470
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Employee contriburions Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Other (Net Transfers)	\$ 477,569 370,239 3,383,756 (1,882,274) 725,119	\$ 555,046 340,287 (4,647,911) (1,954,643) 60,329
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,074,409	(5,646,892)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	30,316,174	35,963,066
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 33,390,583	\$ 30,316,174
Net Pension (Asset)/Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 1,617,257	\$ 3,273,296
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	95.38%	90.25%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 8,026,377	\$ 7,561,941
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	20.15%	43.29%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available. Additional years' information will be presented as it becomes available.

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$ 578,818 2,171,907 521,648 - (1,813,603)	\$ 651,066 2,128,698 (102,736) (272,871) (1,730,486)	\$ 650,197 2,001,545 757,224 - (1,580,644)	\$ 601,509 1,963,085 (435,519) 791,468 (1,443,037)	\$ 611,219 1,982,884 (618,757) (837,535) (1,350,847)	\$ 591,756 1,919,498 (327,102) (31,862) (1,351,237)	\$ 556,314 1,813,559 372,714 - (1,340,561)
1,458,770	673,671	1,828,322	1,477,506	(213,036)	801,053	1,402,026
30,574,734	29,901,063	28,072,741	26,595,235	26,808,271	26,007,218	24,605,192
\$ 32,033,504	\$ 30,574,734	\$ 29,901,063	\$ 28,072,741	\$ 26,595,235	\$ 26,808,271	\$ 26,007,218
\$ 631,554 311,651 5,376,001 (1,813,603) (163,492) 4,342,111	\$ 567,142 286,524 4,097,305 (1,730,486) (31,546) 3,188,939	\$ 547,638 298,579 4,580,448 (1,580,644) 339,294 4,185,315	\$ 669,876 312,701 (1,417,569) (1,443,037) 303,198 (1,574,831)	\$ 651,087 274,662 4,125,252 (1,350,847) (1,129,183) 2,570,971	\$ 621,827 258,102 1,554,011 (1,351,237) (157,298)	\$ 618,207 253,187 112,070 (1,340,561) 33,620
31,620,955	28,432,016	24,246,701	25,821,532	23,250,561	22,325,156	22,648,633
\$ 35,963,066 \$ (3,929,562)	\$ 31,620,955 \$ (1,046,221)	\$ 28,432,016 \$ 1,469,047	\$ 24,246,701 \$ 3,826,040	\$ 25,821,532 \$ 773,703	\$ 23,250,561 \$ 3,557,710	\$ 22,325,156 \$ 3,682,062
112.27% \$ 6,917,350	103.42% \$ 6,267,830	95.09% \$ 6,630,005	86.37% \$ 6,529,006	97.09% \$ 6,103,020	86.73% \$ 5,699,612	85.84% \$ 5,592,090
-56.81%	-16.69%	22.16%	58.60%	12.68%	62.42%	65.84%

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 477,569	\$ 555,046	\$ 631,554	\$ 566,612	\$ 547,638
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	477,569	555,046	631,554	567,142	547,638
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (530)	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 8,026,377	\$ 7,561,941	\$ 6,917,350	\$ 6,267,830	\$ 6,630,005
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	5.95%	7.34%	9.13%	9.05%	8.26%
		2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution		\$ 669,876	\$ 635,324	\$ 621,828	\$ 610,097
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution					
Contribution in relation to the actuarially		\$ 669,876	\$ 635,324	\$ 621,828	\$ 610,097
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		\$ 669,876	\$ 635,324	\$ 621,828 621,827	\$ 610,097 618,207

Notes to Schedule:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2016. Information prior to fiscal year 2016 is not available.

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 4 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Actuarially determined contributions were not available on a fiscal year basis.

 $\label{lem:methods} \mbox{Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:} \\$

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method

Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method Wage growth Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age

Mortality

Aggregate entry age normal Level percentage of payroll, closed Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 21-year closed period.

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the

Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 16 years for most employers (five employers were financed over 17 years; one employer was financed over 18 years; two employers were financed over 19 years; one employer was financed over 20 years; three employers were financed over 25 years; four employers were financed over 26 years and one employer was financed over 27 years).

 $\hbox{5-year smoothed market; 20\% corridor}\\$

2.75% 2.25%

2.85% to 13.75% including inflation

7.25%

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the

type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant

to an experience study

of the period 2017-2019.

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-

Weighted, below-median

income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and

Female (adjusted 105%)

tables, and future mortality improvements projected

using scale MP-2020. For

disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted,

below-median income,

General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both

unadjusted) tables, and future

mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

For active members,

the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median

income, General, Employee,

Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future

mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2024		2023		2022
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of benefit terms	\$	493,419 1,576,794	\$	437,061 1,409,034	\$	407,884 1,277,866
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Other (admin expense)	_	73,115 - (1,023,022) (33,843)		445,633 1,202,013 (955,572) (16,294)	_	130,266 1,046,676 (830,080) (21,408)
Net Change in Pension Liability		1,086,463		2,521,875		2,011,204
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	23,914,047		21,392,172	_	19,380,968
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$	25,000,510	\$	23,914,047	\$	21,392,172
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Employee contributions Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Other (Net Transfers) Other (admin expense)	\$	1,059,674 171,670 1,529,209 (1,023,022) - (33,843)	\$	1,093,897 167,455 (148,906) (955,572) - (16,294)	\$	720,967 157,741 (1,190,012) (830,080) - (21,408)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,703,688		140,580		(1,162,792)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		14,643,564	_	14,502,984	_	<u>15,665,776</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$	16,347,252	\$	14,643,564	\$	14,502,984
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$	8,653,258	\$	9,270,483	\$	6,889,188
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		65.39%		61.23%		67.80%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	1,771,722	\$	1,639,408	\$	1,687,421
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll		488.41%		565.48%		408.27%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available. Additional years' information will be presented as it becomes available.

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
\$ 416,887 1,193,796	\$ 421,285 1,121,897 5,457	\$ 380,816 1,067,048	\$ 373,215 1,038,539	\$ 365,360 994,434	\$ 356,987 943,345	\$ 347,912 844,096	
432,935 11,817 (749,145) (16,971)	(46,100) 272,648 (631,570) (14,764)	(4,911) - (532,212) -	(458,631) - (529,531) -	(182,202) - (519,657) -	(31,022) - (506,344) 	(101,072) 870,309 (477,797)	
1,289,319	1,128,853	910,741	423,592	657,935	762,966	1,483,448	
18,091,649	16,962,796	16,052,055	15,628,463	14,970,528	14,207,562	12,724,114	
\$ 19,380,968	\$ 18,091,649	\$ 16,962,796	\$ 16,052,055	\$ 15,628,463	\$ 14,970,528	\$ 14,207,562	
\$ 673,801 159,422 3,626,759 (749,145) - (16,971)	\$ 670,792 150,991 (392,343) (631,570) - (14,764)	\$ 671,961 148,466 686,637 (532,212) (17,665)	\$ 656,121 145,684 650,050 (529,531) (15,357)	\$ 550,277 142,499 653,365 (519,657) (14,789)	\$ 493,200 139,192 19,892 (506,344) (15,338)	\$ 425,800 133,500 512,933 (477,797) (22,225)	
3,693,866	(216,894)	957,187	906,967	811,695	130,602	572,211	
11,971,910	12,188,804	11,231,617	10,324,650	9,512,955	9,382,353	8,810,142	
\$ 15,665,776	\$ 11,971,910	\$ 12,188,804	\$ 11,231,617	\$ 10,324,650	\$ 9,512,955	\$ 9,382,353	
\$ 3,715,192	\$ 6,119,739	\$ 4,773,992	\$ 4,820,438	\$ 5,303,813	\$ 5,457,573	\$ 4,825,209	
80.83%	66.17%	71.86%	69.97%	66.06%	63.54%	66.04%	
\$ 1,602,842	\$ 1,604,657	\$ 1,600,401	\$ 1,543,819	\$ 1,511,781	\$ 1,475,356	\$ 1,431,067	
231.79%	381.37%	298.30%	312.24%	350.83%	369.92%	337.18%	

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Employer Contributions Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 874,458	\$ 1,093,897	\$ 720,967	\$ 672,247	\$ 656,860
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	1,059,674	1,093,897	720,967	673,801	670,792
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (185,216)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,554)	\$ (13,932)
Covered payroll	\$ 1,771,722	\$ 1,639,408	\$ 1,687,421	\$ 1,602,842	\$ 1,604,657
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	59.81%	66.73%	42.73%	42.04%	41.80%
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 673,801	\$ 657,794	\$ 622,389	\$ 423,633	2015 \$ 425,798
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution					
Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ 673,801	\$ 657,794	\$ 622,389	\$ 423,633	\$ 425,798
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 673,801	\$ 657,794 656,121	\$ 622,389 550,277	\$ 423,633 493,200	\$ 425,798 425,800

Notes to Schedule:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2016. Information prior to fiscal year 2016 is derived from actuarial valuations developed in conformity with GASB Satement No. 25 and 27.

The annual required contribution presented here represents the amount calculated using guidelines prescrived by GASB. The city is legally required to make contributions as determined by state statue which may differ from the amounts presented above. The City has made the minimum contribution required by stated statute.

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of April 30 of the current fiscal year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method

Inflation
Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Mortality

Entry age normal

100% of unfunded as a level dollar amount

18 years

Smoothed (5 years)

2.50%

Graded by age

6.75%

Graded by age

Tier 1 - 15% at 50 to 100% at age 65 $\,$

Tier 2 - 3% at 50 to 100% at age 65

PubS-2010 base rates projected to 2022 with scale MP2021

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability and Related Ratios Police Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of benefit terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Other (admin expense)	\$ 832,676 1,787,192 - 770,450 - (1,317,857) (29,154)	\$ 816,898 1,679,591 - 378,076 93,957 (1,375,341) (30,229)	\$ 780,947 1,532,776 - (171,776) 1,304,104 (1,094,284) (24,488)
Net Change in Pension Liability	2,043,307	1,562,952	2,327,279
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	27,190,762	25,627,810	23,300,531
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 29,234,069	\$ 27,190,762	\$ 25,627,810
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Employee contriburions Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Other (Net Transfers) Other (admin expense)	\$ 1,417,820 302,709 1,680,360 (1,317,857) (29,154)	\$ 1,751,433 287,315 231,279 (1,375,341) (30,229)	\$ 1,217,031 266,336 (1,252,137) (1,094,284) (24,488)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,053,878	864,457	(887,542)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	17,647,769	16,783,312	17,670,854
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 19,701,647	\$ 17,647,769	\$ 16,783,312
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 9,532,422	\$ 9,542,993	\$ 8,844,498
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	67.39%	64.90%	65.49%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 3,074,454	\$ 3,057,010	\$ 2,669,608
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	310.05%	312.17%	331.30%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available. Additional years' information will be presented as it becomes available.

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 767,261 1,464,611 - (114,210) 15,008 (1,079,701) (35,212)	\$ 618,466 1,317,308 33,502 1,291,960 40,371 (1,119,621) (21,353)	\$ 559,356 1,380,424 - (1,755,490) - (946,856) -	\$ 541,348 1,349,045 - (487,598) - (930,348)	\$ 515,566 1,306,976 - (279,109) - (911,588)	\$ 489,508 1,235,401 - 238,173 - (895,194)	\$ 480,209 1,074,041 - (850,327) 2,526,327 (792,811)
1,017,757	2,160,633	(762,566)	472,447	631,845	1,067,888	2,437,439
22,282,774	20,122,141	20,884,707	20,412,260	19,780,415	18,712,527	16,275,088
\$ 23,300,531	\$ 22,282,774	\$ 20,122,141	\$ 20,884,707	\$ 20,412,260	\$ 19,780,415	\$ 18,712,527
\$ 1,017,351 261,350 4,116,492 (1,079,701) - (35,212)	\$ 1,012,811 225,133 (470,338) (1,119,621) - (21,353)	\$ 1,014,558 213,300 802,525 (946,856) (35,303)	\$ 997,462 202,395 838,002 (930,348) (25,250)	\$ 850,449 200,549 996,676 (911,588) (22,663)	\$ 722,600 180,337 173,455 (895,194) (11,262)	\$ 662,900 178,949 738,694 (792,811) (10,054)
4,280,280	(373,368)	1,048,224	1,082,261	1,113,423	169,936	777,678
13,390,574	13,763,942	12,715,718	11,633,457	10,520,034	10,350,098	9,572,420
\$ 17,670,854	\$ 13,390,574	\$ 13,763,942	\$ 12,715,718	\$ 11,633,457	\$ 10,520,034	\$ 10,350,098
\$ 5,629,677	\$ 8,892,200	\$ 6,358,199	\$ 8,168,989	\$ 8,778,803	\$ 9,260,381	\$ 8,362,429
75.84%	60.09%	68.40%	60.89%	56.99%	53.18%	55.31%
\$ 2,613,422	\$ 2,430,908	\$ 2,101,205	\$ 2,069,936	\$ 1,970,828	\$ 1,866,868	\$ 1,824,825
215.41%	365.80%	302.60%	394.65%	445.44%	496.04%	458.26%

City of Marion, Illinois **Schedule of Employer Contributions Police Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,326,065	\$ 1,751,433	\$ 1,217,031	\$ 1,058,015	\$ 1,101,703
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	1,417,820	1,751,433	1,217,031	1,017,351	1,012,811
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (91,755)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,664	\$ 88,892
Covered payroll	\$ 3,074,454	\$ 3,057,010	\$ 2,669,608	\$ 2,613,422	\$ 2,430,908
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	46.12%	57.29%	45.59%	38.93%	41.66%
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	2019 \$ 1,117,351	2018 \$ 1,102,293	2017 \$ 1,033,259	2016 \$ 722,504	\$ 662,898
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution					
Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,117,351	\$ 1,102,293	\$ 1,033,259	\$ 722,504	\$ 662,898
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,117,351 1,014,558	\$ 1,102,293 997,462	\$ 1,033,259 850,449	\$ 722,504 722,600	\$ 662,898

Notes to Schedule:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2016. Information prior to fiscal year 2016 is derived from actuarial valuations developed in conformity with GASB Satement No. 25 and 27.

The annual required contribution presented here represents the amount calculated using guidelines prescrived by GASB. The city is legally required to make contributions as determined by state statue which may differ from the amounts presented above. The City has made the minimum contribution required by stated statute.

Entry age normal

100% of unfunded as a level dollar amount

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of April 30 of the current fiscal year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 18 years Asset valuation method

Smoothed (5 years) Inflation 2.50% Salary increases Graded by age Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Graded by age Tier 1 - 15% at 50 to 100% at age 65 Tier 2 - 5% at 50 to 100% at age 65

Mortality PubS-2010 base rates projected to 2022 with scale MP2021

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Annual Money Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Fire Pension Plan	10.38%	(0.94)%	(7.55)%	30.17%	(3.18)%	6.00%	6.18%	6.75%	2.50%	6.05%
Police Pension Plan	9.42%	1.41%	(6.96)%	30.52%	(3.40)%	6.19%	7.05%	9.30%	1.88%	7.53%

Notes:

The City implemented GASB statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to fiscal year 2015 is not available.

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Last Six Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability Service Cost	\$ 1.088.141	\$ 799.868	\$ 1.112.780	\$ 818.611	\$ 644,279	\$ 589,748
Interest on total OPEB liability Changes of benefit terms	1,562,030	1,291,910	972,679	1,070,225 (279,752)	1,175,782	1,168,126
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(2,351,442) (1,287,924)	1,622,993 1,203,982 (1,228,241)	(8,996,650) (1,161,240)	288,950 8,337,779 (1,103,215)	5,024,096 (1,076,671)	- 880,678 (1,001,554)
Net Change in OPEB Liability	(989,195)	3,690,512	(8,072,431)	9.132.598	5.767.486	1,636,998
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	42,079,770	38,389,258	46,461,689	37,329,091	31,561,605	29,924,607
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 41,090,57 <u>5</u>	\$ 42,079,770	\$ 38,389,258	\$ 46,461,689	\$ 37,329,091	\$ 31,561,605
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 9,255,405	\$ 8,942,419	\$ 8,899,268	\$ 8,598,325	\$ 8,786,287	\$ 8,489,166
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	443.96%	470.56%	431.38%	540.36%	424.86%	371.79%

Notes:
The City implemented GASB statement No. 75in fiscal year 2019. Information prior to fiscal year 2019 is not available.



City of Marion, Illinois Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds April 30, 2024

	Permane	ent Fund	Spec	cial Revenue Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	1,512,053	\$	1,512,053	
Restricted cash		-		245,539		245,539	
Investments		-		33,704		33,704	
Restricted investments		2,131		344,748		346,879	
Accounts receivable		-		379,420		379,420	
Property taxes receivable		-		166,440		166,440	
Sales taxes receivable		-		899,368		899,368	
Other taxes receivable		-		175,035		175,035	
Grant receivable		-		43,458		43,458	
Due from other funds		-		30,041		30,041	
Prepaid items				85,738		85,738	
Total Assets		2,131		3,915,544		3,917,675	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities							
Accounts payable		_		122,462		122,462	
Accrued payroll		_		51,978		51,978	
Unearned revenue				29,643		29,643	
Total Liabilities		-		204,083		204,083	
Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Unavailable revenue				166,440		166,440	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		1,000		-		1,000	
Restricted for:							
Donor restricted expenditures		_		336,969		336,969	
Public safety		-		1,036,166		1,036,166	
Cemetery		1,020		16,190		17,210	
Maintenance of roadways		-		1,984,234		1,984,234	
Tourism and recreation		_		316,182		316,182	
Unassigned		111_		(144,720)		(144,609)	
Total Fund Balances		2,131		3,545,021		3,547,152	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,131	\$	3,915,544	\$	3,917,675	

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Permar	ent Fund	Spe	cial Revenue Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	164,754	\$	164,754
Sales tax		-		2,703,177		2,703,177
Other taxes and franchise fees		-		1,164,869		1,164,869
Intergovernmental revenue		-		1,148,832		1,148,832
Service charges and fees		-		1,823,101		1,823,101
Grant revenue		-		108,323		108,323
Investment income		111		74,738		74,849
Operating Donation		-		5,386		5,386
Miscellaneous revenue				18,219		18,219
Total Revenues		111		7,211,399	,	7,211,510
Expenditures						
Public health and safety		-		2,560,288		2,560,288
Streets, alleys and cemeteries		-		1,358,281		1,358,281
Culture and recreation		-		3,614,418		3,614,418
Economic development		-		34,398		34,398
Debt service:						
Principal		-		14,810		14,810
Interest		-		1,460		1,460
Capital outlay				1,858,858		1,858,858
Total Expenditures				9,442,513		9,442,513
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		111		(2,231,114)		(2,231,003)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in				2,086,394		2,086,394
Transiers in	-		-	2,000,394		2,000,394
Total Other Financing Sources	,			2,086,394		2,086,394
Net Change in Fund Balances		111		(144,720)		(144,609)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		2,020		3,689,741		3,691,761
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	2,131	\$	3,545,021	\$	3,547,152

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) Capital Projects Fund Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Grant revenue	\$ 6,530,000	\$ 6,530,000	\$ -	\$ (6,530,000)
Investment income	286,080	286,080	500,756	214,676
Interest income	26,500	26,500	-	(26,500)
Charges for service	18,000	18,000	11,251	(6,749)
Miscellaneous revenue	1,990,790	1,990,790	615	(1,990,175)
Total Revenues	8,851,370	8,851,370	512,622	(8,338,748)
Expenditures				
Economic development	946,460	946,460	5,378,576	4,432,116
Debt service:				
Principal	-	=	182,201	182,201
Interest	-	87,500	103,947	16,447
Capital outlay	14,346,790	11,817,500	2,947,691	(8,869,809)
Total Expenditures	15,293,250	12,851,460	8,612,415	(4,239,045)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(6,441,880)	(4,000,090)	(8,099,793)	(4,099,703)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in	_	_	3,338,417	3,338,417
General long-term debt issued	2,553,230	2,553,230	5,148,512	2,858,205
Total Other Financing Sources	2,553,230	2,553,230	8,486,929	2,858,205
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,888,650)	\$ (1,446,860)	\$ 387,136	\$ (1,241,498)

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) Debt Service Fund Year Ended April 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amou	nts	al Amounts, getary Basis	Fina	ance with I Budget - r (Under)
	0	riginal		Final			
Revenues							
Interest income	\$	24,620		24,620	\$ 35,615	\$	10,995
Total Revenues		24,620		24,620	35,615		10,995
Expenditures							
Administration Costs		1,460		1,460	-		(1,460)
Bank Fees		30		30	-		(30)
Debt service:							
Principal		1,948,420		1,948,420	1,948,425		5
Interest		204,190		204,190	 205,107		917
Total Expenditures		2,154,100		2,154,100	 2,153,532		922
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(2,129,480)		(2,129,480)	 (2,117,917)		10,073
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		2,153,520		2,153,520	 2,358,763		205,243
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,153,520		2,153,520	2,358,763		205,243
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	24,040	\$	24,040	\$ 240,846	\$	215,316

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) Permanent Fund Year Ended April 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amount	s	Amounts, ary Basis	Final E	ce with Budget - (Under)
	Ori	ginal		Final			
Revenues Investment income	\$	50	\$	50	\$ 111	\$	61_
Total Revenues		50		50	 111		61
Expenditures					 		
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>			 		<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		50		50	 111		61
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	50	\$	50	\$ 111	\$	61

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) Special Revenue Funds Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amou	nts	al Amounts, getary Basis	Fin	riance with al Budget - ver (Under)
	 Original	7	Final	 <u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Revenues	 					
Property taxes	\$ 158,500	\$	234,000	\$ 164,754	\$	(69,246)
Sales tax	-		-	2,703,177		2,703,177
Other taxes and franchise fees	1,053,070		1,053,070	1,164,869		111,799
Operating/captial grants	1,238,360		1,238,360	-		(1,238,360)
Intergovernmental	741,270		797,870	1,148,832		350,962
Service charges and fees	1,748,270		1,748,270	1,823,101		74,831
Grant revenue	759,200		784,200	238,021		(546,179)
Investment income	-		-	74,738		74,738
Interest income	10,070		10,070	-		(10,070)
Operating donation Miscellaneous revenue	16,000		16,000	5,386		(10,614)
Miscellaneous revenue	 17,250		17,250.00	 18,219		969
Total Revenues	 5,741,990		5,899,090	 7,341,097		1,442,007
Expenditures						
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	5,139,990		5,140,990	2,560,288		(2,580,702)
Cultural and recreation	3,794,130		3,819,130	1,358,281		(2,460,849)
Economic development	-		-	3,614,418		3,614,418
Debt service:				0,014,410		0,014,410
Principal				34,398		
Interest	-		-	14,810		14,810
Grant Expenditure	1,500		1,500	1,460		
Capital outlay	 2,644,780		2,644,780	 1,988,556		(656,224)
Total Expenditures	11,580,400		11,606,400	9,572,211		(2,068,547)
Total Exponentarios	 11,000,100		11,000,100	 0,012,211		(2,000,011)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (5,838,410)		(5,707,310)	 (2,231,114)		3,510,554
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	 4,650,480		6,139,730	 2,086,394		(4,053,336)
Total Other Financing Sources	 4,650,480		6,139,730	 2,086,394		(4,053,336)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (1,187,930)	\$	432,420	\$ (144,720)	\$	(542,782)

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Balance Sheet General Fund Types April 30, 2024

	General	Cultural and Civic Center	Senior Citizens Council	Boyton Street Community Center	Capital projects replacement fund	Economic Incentive	Total - General Fund Types
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,527,528	\$ 573,185	\$ 46,489	\$ 756	\$ 334,564	\$ 253,592	\$ 2,736,114
Restricted cash	71,107	-	-	483	-	-	71,590
Investments	13,528,078	3,456	-	-	-	-	13,531,534
Restricted investments	-	-	10,892	-	-	1,405,327	1,416,219
Property taxes receivable	100	-	-	-	-	-	100
Sales taxes receivable	5,268,156	-	-	-	-	250,002	5,518,158
Other taxes receivable	408,118	-	-	-	-	-	408,118
Accrued interest receivable	28,847	-	5	-	-	-	28,852
Loans receivable	94,519	-	-	-	-	134,067	228,586
Intergovernmental receivable	615,182	-	-	-	-	-	615,182
Due from other funds	327,210	_	(97)	-	(1,634)	=	325,479
Prepaid items	416,106	93,886	9,150	5,227			524,369
Total Assets	22,284,951	670,527	66,439	6,466	332,930	2,042,988	25,404,301
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	306,560	56,332	17,437	1,375	-	-	381,704
Accrued payroll	325,064	13,612	6,931	6,331	-	-	351,938
Accrued payroll related expenses	39,580	-	-	-	-	-	39,580
Damage deposits	112,300						112,300
Total Liabilities	783,504	69,944	24,368	7,706			885,522
Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Unavailable revenue	100						100
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable	416,106	93,886	9,150	5,227	-	-	524,369
Restricted for: Donor restricted expenditures	-	-	10,897	2,453	-	-	13,350
Public safety	27,278	-	-	-	-	-	27,278
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	1,577,370	1,577,370
Assigned	37,091	-	-	-		-	37,091
Committed	9,055,866			-			9,055,866
Unassigned (Deficit)	11,965,006	506,697	22,024	(8,920)	332,930	465,618	13,283,355
Total Fund Balances	21,501,347	600,583	42,071	(1,240)	332,930	2,042,988	24,518,679
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 22,284,951	\$ 670,527	\$ 66,439	\$ 6,466	\$ 332,930	\$ 2,042,988	\$ 25,404,301

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Types For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

	General	Cultural and Civic Center	Senior Citizens Council	Boyton Street Community Center	Capital projects replacement fund	Economic Incentive	Total - General Fund Types
Revenues							
Property tax	\$ 57	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57
Sales tax	22,159,800	=	=	-	=	999,998	23,159,798
Other taxes and franchise fees	3,483,579	295,332	=	=	=	=	3,778,911
Licenses and permits	480,121	-	=	=	-	=	480,121
Intergovernmental revenues	3,497,776	-	=	=	=	=	3,497,776
Service charges and fees	742,585	1,559,875	81,727	=	=	=	2,384,187
Grant revenue	757,186	35,500	=	27,425	-	=	820,111
Investment income	760,721	13,895	=	=	9,973	75,394	859,983
Miscellaneous revenue	273,850	13,563	6,601	-	-	-	294,014
Restricted donations	30,647	<u> </u>	1,357	2,821		<u> </u>	34,825
Total Revenues	32,186,322	1,918,165	89,685	30,246	9,973	1,075,392	35,309,783
Expenditures							
General government	3,995,545	-	671,227	393,663	-	=	5,060,435
Public health and safety	11,234,040	-	=	=	-	=	11,234,040
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	3,899,442	-	-	-	-	-	3,899,442
Culture and recreation	-	2,100,863	-	-	-	-	2,100,863
Economic development	1,013,621	=	=	=	1,634	9,774	1,025,029
Debt Service:							
Principal	454,778	1,356	4,568	1,356	-	-	462,058
Interest	30,180	134	450	134	-	-	30,898
Capital outlay	1,379,095	48,284	20,930	5,136	79,750		1,533,195
Total Expenditures	22,006,701	2,150,637	697,175	400,289	81,384	9,774	25,345,960
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	10,179,621	(232,472)	(607,490)	(370,043)	(71,411)	1,065,618	9,963,823
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in (out)	(9,574,094)	875,813	615,047	366,959	404,341	(600,000)	(7,911,934)
General long-term debt issued	572,042	=	-	=	-	-	572,042
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	215,441	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-	-	215,441
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(8,786,611)	875,813	615,047	366,959	404,341	(600,000)	(7,124,451)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,393,010	643,341	7,557	(3,084)	332,930	465,618	2,839,372
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	20,108,340	(42,758)	34,512	1,843	-	1,577,370	21,679,307
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 21,501,350	\$ 600,583	\$ 42,069	\$ (1,241)	\$ 332,930	\$ 2,042,988	\$ 24,518,679

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Balance Sheet TIF Development Fund April 30, 2024

	 TIF #5	TIF #8	 TIF #10		TIF #11	 ΓIF #12	 TIF #13	 TIF #14
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,197	\$ 52,872	\$ 35,078	\$	122,623	\$ 25,826	\$ 433,565	\$ 102,314
Investments Property taxes receivable Loans receivable	222,879 -	719,618 176,427 -	 860,851 -		3,734,541 557,949 -	7,855 -	 734,857 417,262	134,019 -
Total Assets	 287,076	 948,917	 895,929	_	4,415,113	 33,681	 1,585,684	 236,333
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities								
Accounts payable	 	 	 180,880			 	 14,250	
Total Liabilities	 	 	 180,880			 -	 14,250	
Deferred Inflow of Resources Unavailable revenue	222,879	176,427	860,851		557,949	7,855	 734,857	134,019
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted for:	-	-	-		-	-	417,262	-
Economic development	 64,197	 772,490	(145,802)		3,857,164	 25,826	 419,315	 102,314
Total Fund Balances	 64,197	 772,490	 (145,802)		3,857,164	 25,826	 836,577	 102,314
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 287,076	\$ 948,917	\$ 895,929	\$	4,415,113	\$ 33,681	\$ 1,585,684	\$ 236,333

 TIF #15	TIF #16	TIF #17	7	TIF #18	7	ΓIF #19		TIF #20	TIF #21	1	ΓIF #22	Total - TIF evelopment Fund
\$ 365,262	\$ 49,670	\$ 74,359	\$	36,998	\$	51,582	\$	318,226	\$ 396,478	\$	-	\$ 2,129,050
 300,643	 78,491 -	 262,581 -		35,631 -		34,866		1,784,954 -	 605,708		- - -	 4,454,159 5,797,711 417,262
 665,905	 128,161	 336,940		72,629		86,448		2,103,180	 1,002,186			 12,798,182
 	 							20,018	 		3,600	 218,748
 	 	 						20,018	 		3,600	 218,748
 300,643	 78,491	 262,581		35,631		34,866		1,784,954	 605,708		<u>-</u>	 5,797,711
-	-	-		-		-		-	-		-	417,262
 365,262	 49,670	 74,359		36,998		51,582		298,208	 396,478		(3,600)	 6,364,461
 365,262	 49,670	 74,359		36,998		51,582	_	298,208	 396,478		(3,600)	 6,781,723
\$ 665,905	\$ 128,161	\$ 336,940	\$	72,629	\$	86,448	\$	2,103,180	\$ 1,002,186	\$		\$ 12,801,782

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances TIF Development Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

	TIF #1	TIF #5	TIF #8	TIF #10	TIF #11	TIF #12	TIF #13	TIF #14
Revenues Property taxes Investment income	\$ 3,520,262 95,977	\$ 225,632 2,459	\$ 178,542 39,091	\$ 653,136 4,023	\$ 487,896 69,256	\$ 9,175 815	\$ 667,266 27,537	\$ 97,033 2,744
Total Revenues	3,616,239	228,091	217,633	657,159	557,152	9,990	694,803	99,777
Expenditures Streets, alleys and cemeteries Economic development and Administration cost Debt service: Principal	412,800 618,182	- 288,331 -	- 7,335 -	1,266,598 13,500	1,061 298,625 76,500	- 5,367 -	- 703,464 -	- 44,722 -
Total Expenditures	1,030,982	288,331	7,335	1,280,098	376,186	5,367	703,464	44,722
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,585,257	(60,240)	210,298	(622,939)	180,966	4,623	(8,661)	55,055
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out)	(5,206,373)	125,955	(123,539)	673,517	3,683,825		- _	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,206,373)	125,955	(123,539)	673,517	3,683,825			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,621,116)	65,715	86,759	50,578	3,864,791	4,623	(8,661)	55,055
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	2,621,116	(1,518)	685,731	(196,380)	(7,627)	21,203	845,238	47,259
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 64,197	\$ 772,490	\$ (145,802)	\$ 3,857,164	\$ 25,826	\$ 836,577	\$ 102,314

 TIF #15	1	TIF #16	 TIF #17	1	ΓΙ F #18	1	TF #19	 TIF #20	 TIF #21	TIF #22	otal - TIF velopment Fund
\$ 306,077 11,090	\$	83,241 1,701	\$ 230,017 4,094	\$	36,066 1,160	\$	36,765 1,428	\$ 796,055 13,748	\$ 335,924 9,395		\$ 7,663,087 284,518
 317,167		84,942	 234,111		37,226		38,193	 809,803	 345,319		 7,947,605
- 190,210		- 59,172	- 840,061		- 25,550		- 16,276	85,268 992,952	6,002 55,528	3,600	92,331 5,210,591
 			 					 	 		 708,182
 190,210		59,172	 840,061		25,550		16,276	 1,078,220	61,530	3,600	 6,011,104
 126,957		25,770	 (605,950)		11,676		21,917	 (268,417)	 283,789	(3,600)	 1,936,501
 			 600,000					 	 (8,562)		 (255,177)
 			600,000						(8,562)		 (255,177)
126,957		25,770	(5,950)		11,676		21,917	(268,417)	275,227	(3,600)	1,681,324
 238,305		23,900	 80,309		25,322		29,665	 566,625	 121,251		 5,100,399
\$ 365,262	\$	49,670	\$ 74,359	\$	36,998	\$	51,582	\$ 298,208	\$ 396,478	(3,600)	\$ 6,781,723

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds April 30, 2024

	Goddard Chapel Restoration		Carnegie Library	Pav	ilion Fund		Recreation ter Fund	Road	and Bridge	Moto	or Fuel Tax
Assets	A 40.407	•	40.405	•	(47 507)	•	400.000	•	10.010	•	505.005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,187	\$	10,125	\$	(17,537)	\$	188,308	\$	43,342	\$	525,685
Restricted cash	-		3,366		-		-		-		-
Investments	-		33,701 344,748		-		-		-		-
Restricted investments Accounts receivable	-		344,746		-		-		-		-
Property taxes receivable	-		-		-		-		- 166,440		-
Sales taxes receivable	-		-		-		-		100,440		-
Other taxes receivable	-		-		- 112,158		-		-		-
Grant receivable	-		-		112,130		-		-		43,458
Due from (to) other funds	267		-		(5,527)		(32,102)		-		43,436
Prepaid items	207		15,358				58,783		-		-
Prepaid items			10,300		11,597		50,703		<u>-</u>		
Total Assets	18,454		407,298		100,691		214,989		209,782		569,143
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll	 - -		10,002 14,490		13,836 5,629		58,274 31,859		<u>-</u>		7,077 -
Unearned revenue	-	<u> </u>	-		-		29,643		-		-
Total Liabilities			24,492		19,465		119,776				7,077
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue, property taxes									166,440		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances Restricted for:											
Donor restricted expenditures	-		336,969		_		-		_		_
Public safety	-		-		_		-		_		_
Cemetery	16,190		-		_		-		_		_
Maintenance of roadways	_		_		-		_		101,900		1,426,411
Tourism and recreation	-		48,198		224,866		43,118		´ -		-
Unassigned	2,264		(2,361)		(143,640)		52,095		(58,558)		(864,345)
Total Fund Balances	18,454		382,806		81,226		95,213		43,342		562,066
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and											
Fund Balances	\$ 18,454	\$	407,298	\$	100,691	\$	214,989	\$	209,782	\$	569,143

G	as Tax		eign Fire surance	Spec	ial Revenue Police	tar Bond District	Housing	g Rehab	Pro	perty Tax	Fed Assis		tal - Special renue Funds
\$	500,329	\$	46,762	\$	84,563	\$ 106,531	\$	-	\$	5,758	\$	-	\$ 1,512,053
	-		-		242,173	-		-		-		-	245,539
	-		-		-	-		-		3		-	33,704
	-		-		- 0.400	- 070 007		-		-		-	344,748
	-		-		2,423	376,997		-		-		-	379,420 166,440
	-		-		-	289,753		-		609,615		-	899,368
	62,877		-		-	209,755		-		009,015		-	175,035
	02,077		_		_	_		_		_		_	43,458
	68,002		(599)		_	_		_		_		_	30,041
	-		-			 -	-						 85,738
	631,208		46,163		329,159	 773,281				615,376			3,915,544
	10,049 - -		- - -		7,900 - -	15,324 - -		- - -		- -		- -	122,462 51,978 29,643
	10,049	-			7,900	15,324							 204,083
			<u>-</u>							<u>-</u>			166,440
	_		_		_	_		_		_		_	336,969
	_		31,988		279,923	-		_		724,255		_	1,036,166
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-	16,190
	455,923		-		-	-		-		-		-	1,984,234
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-	316,182
	165,236		14,175		41,336	 757,957				(108,879)			 (144,720)
	621,159		46,163		321,259	 757,957				615,376			 3,545,021
\$	631,208	\$	46,163	\$	329,159	\$ 773,281	\$	-	\$	615,376	\$	_	\$ 3,915,544

City of Marion, Illinois

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Goddard Chapel Restoration	Carnegie Library	HUB Recreation negie Library Pavilion Fund Center Fund Road and Bridge			
Revenues						Motor Fuel Tax
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 164,754	\$ -
Sales tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other taxes and franchise fees	-	-	308,664	-	808	-
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	-	-	688,644
Service charges and fees	2,650	18,802	198,524	1,564,456	-	-
Grant revenue	-	56,062	-	3,500	-	13,761
Investment income	-	13,891	-	-	-	-
Operating Donation	275.0000	2,360	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	3	7	3,061	4,193	1,446	26,296
Miscellaneous revenue		11		1,190		
Total Revenues	2,928	91,133	510,249	1,573,339	167,008	728,701
Expenditures						
Public health and safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	664	-	-	-	225,566	675,000
Culture and recreation	-	872,410	510,887	2,231,121	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	-	7,188	1,356	6,266	-	-
Interest	-	708	134	618	-	-
Capital outlay		54,776	141,512	(12,226)		1,609,901
Total Expenditures	664	935,082	653,889	2,225,779	225,566	2,284,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,264	(843,949)	(143,640)	(652,440)	(58,558)	(1,556,200)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in (out)		841,588		704,535		691,855
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		841,588		704,535		691,855
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,264	(2,361)	(143,640)	52,095	(58,558)	(864,345)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	16,190	385,167	224,866	43,118	101,900	1,426,411
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 18,454	\$ 382,806	\$ 81,226	\$ 95,213	\$ 43,342	\$ 562,066

	Gas Tax		ign Fire urance		al Revenue Police		tar Bond District				tal - Special renue Funds
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	164,754
•	_	·	-	•	_	•	358,529	·	2,344,648	·	2,703,177
	768,829		86,443		125		-		-		1,164,869
	-		_		26,546		433,642		-		1,148,832
	-		-		38,669		-		-		1,823,101
	-		-		35,000		-		-		108,323
	-		-		-		-		-		13,891
	-		-		2,750		0		-		5,385
	14,283		-		10,860		184		514		60,847
					17,018						18,219
	783,112		86,443		130,968		792,355		2,345,162		7,211,398
	457.054		62,756		20,038		-		2,477,494		2,560,288
	457,051		-		-		-		-		1,358,281
	-		-		-		24 200		-		3,614,418
	-		-		-		34,398		-		34,398
	-		-		-		-		-		14,810
	-		-		-		-		-		1,460
					64,895						1,858,858
	457,051		62,756		84,933		34,398		2,477,494		9,442,513
	326,061		23,687		46,035		757,957		(132,332)		(2,231,115)
	(160,825)		(9,512)		(4,699)				23,453		2,086,395
	(160,825)	-	(9,512)		(4,699)				23,453		2,086,395
	165,236		14,175		41,336		757,957		(108,879)		(144,720)
	455,923		31,988		279,923		<u>-</u>		724,255		3,689,741
\$	621,159	\$	46,163	\$	321,259	\$	757,957	\$	615,376	\$	3,545,021

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Statement of Plan Net Position Pension Trust Funds April 30, 2024

	Po	lice Pension	F	ire Pension	Totals		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments -	\$	409,505	\$	362,587	\$	772,092	
Consolidated Pooled Investments		19,292,142		15,984,665		35,276,807	
Total Assets		19,701,647		16,347,252		36,048,899	
Net Position Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	19,701,647	\$	16,347,252	\$	36,048,899	
		, ,		, , 100	Ě	22,210,000	

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position Pension Trust Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Pol	ice Pension	Fi	re Pension	Totals
Additions					
Contributions					
Employer	\$	1,417,820	\$	1,059,674	\$ 2,477,494
Plan members		302,709		171,670	 474,379
Total Contributions		1,720,529		1,231,344	2,951,873
Investment Income					
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		1,525,420		1,533,679	3,059,099
Interest and dividends		164,844		11,509	176,353
Investment expense		(5,834)		(15,979)	 (21,813)
Net Investment Income		1,684,430		1,529,209	 3,213,639
Total Additions		3,404,959		2,760,553	6,165,512
Deductions					
Benefits paid		1,317,857		982,821	2,300,678
Refunds of contributions		-		40,201	40,201
Administrative expense		33,224		33,842	 67,066
Total Deductions		1,351,081		1,056,864	2,407,945
Change in Net Position		2,053,878		1,703,689	3,757,567
Net Position, Beginning		17,647,769		14,643,563	32,291,332
Net Position, Ending	\$	19,701,647	\$	16,347,252	\$ 36,048,899



City of Marion, Illinois Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 49,821,327	\$ 56,384,124	\$ 62,047,732	\$ 64,802,887	\$ 70,354,133	\$ 77,220,678	\$ 80,538,278	\$ 82,452,446	\$ 87,709,469	\$ 90,907,222	\$ 95,123,386
Restricted	9,714,621	6,306,101	6,897,029	5,808,163	3,253,750	6,276,399	5,318,774	9,860,086	12,842,292	18,038,057	18,367,564
Nonspendable		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	982,492	9,093,957
Unrestricted	1,155,681	3,551,954	(11,673,454)	(14,332,100)	(15,246,222)	(35,108,461)	(34,855,536)	(33,158,058)	(30,203,789)	(29,306,263)	(30,901,189)
Total governmental activities net position	60,691,629	66,243,179	57,272,307	56,279,950	58,362,661	48,389,616	51,002,516	59,155,474	70,348,972	80,621,508	91,683,718
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16,682,661	\$ 17,507,218	\$ 17,984,674	\$ 19,021,088	\$ 20,586,601	\$ 21,509,808	\$ 22,886,259	\$ 23,181,168	\$ 24,968,738	\$ 27,790,225	\$ 26,423,151
Restricted	1,584,620	993,495	1,057,109	608,764	538,239	647,651	767,698	288,199	353,191	934,330	1,130,914
Unrestricted	469,822	270,046	(506,364)	518,054	(168,842)	(4,042,028)	(3,931,078)	(3,199,137)	(2,630,849)	(3,866,757)	(1,194,963)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 18,737,103	\$ 18,770,759	\$ 18,535,419	\$ 20,147,906	\$ 20,955,998	\$ 18,115,431	\$ 19,722,879	\$ 20,270,230	\$ 22,691,080	\$ 24,857,798	\$ 26,359,102
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 66,503,988	\$ 73,891,342	\$ 80,032,406	\$ 83,823,975	\$ 90,940,734	\$ 98,730,486	\$ 103,424,537	\$ 105,633,614	\$ 112,678,207	\$ 118,697,447	\$ 121,546,537
Restricted	11,299,241	7,299,596	7,954,138	6,416,927	3,791,989	6,924,050	6,086,472	10,148,285	13,195,483	18,972,387	19,498,478
Nonspendable	-	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	982,492	9,093,957
Unrestricted	1,625,503	3,822,000	(12,179,818)	(13,814,046)	(15,415,064)	(39,150,489)	(38,786,614)	(36,357,195)	(32,834,638)	(33,173,020)	(32,096,152)
Total primary government net position	\$ 79,428,732	\$ 85,013,938	\$ 75,807,726	\$ 76,427,856	\$ 79,318,659	\$ 66,505,047	\$ 70,725,395	\$ 79,425,704	\$ 93,040,052	\$ 105,479,306	\$ 118,042,820

Note: Large decrease in Unrestricted fund balance for FY 2016 was due to implementation of GASB 68 Large decrease in Unrestricted fund balance for FY 2019 was due to implementation of GASB 75.

City of Marion, Illinois Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
EXPENSES											
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ 3,034,930	\$ 3,044,488	\$ 2,887,404	\$ 2,905,642	. , ,		\$ 3,922,707	, , ,	\$ 3,754,029	\$ 4,470,234	
Public, health and safety	9,116,936	10,391,875	10,717,970	11,010,205	11,556,371	11,710,576	12,608,626	12,003,017	13,422,393	16,330,998	16,868,686
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	3,653,773	3,266,538	4,131,493	4,731,698	4,603,839	5,280,601	5,455,812	4,959,099	4,817,023	5,658,310	5,716,391
Culture and recreation	2,617,267	3,451,285	4,868,411	4,954,123	5,445,073	5,285,483	5,329,206	3,997,435	5,056,596	6,461,398	6,839,252
Development	4,103,739	3,411,208	3,158,929	3,849,973	2,999,672	2,871,426	3,969,309	4,263,662	4,960,100	5,786,361	6,609,962
Interest	997,268	1,429,749	1,531,122	1,791,774	897,069	646,396	596,237	318,490	386,740	273,155	309,484
Unallocated depreciation expense	1,116,753	1,102,063	1,165,719	1,320,963	1,183,040	1,214,361	1,266,569	1,297,387	1,307,122	1,370,918	455,636
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	24,640,666	26,097,206	28,461,048	30,564,378	29,673,795	30,392,021	33,148,466	31,037,586	33,704,003	40,351,374	42,895,682
Business-Type Activities											
Water	3,418,034	3,555,727	3,451,019	3,483,060	3,568,810	3,340,696	3,035,442	3,387,490	3,524,205	4,114,191	5,325,759
Sewer	2,891,501	2,959,136	3,014,816	3,315,934	3,218,668	3,087,514	3,531,747	3,197,606	3,182,221	3,599,729	3,521,274
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	6,309,535	6,514,863	6,465,835	6,798,994	6,787,478	6,428,210	6,567,189	6,585,096	6,706,426	7,713,920	8,847,033
TOTAL GOVERNMENT EXPENSES	30,950,201	32,612,069	34,926,883	37,363,372	36,461,273	36,820,231	39,715,655	37,622,682	40,410,429	48,065,294	51,742,715
PROGRAM REVENUES											
Governmental Activities											
Charges for Services											
General government	240,997	263,636	259,680	403,481	343,011	365,579	359,645	\$ 611,510	\$ 709,490	\$ 741,973	844,152
Public, health and safety	279,359	299,545	206,155	202,967	305,639	361,725	352,754	285,793	489,008	592,779	604,191
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	92,250	94,276	97,407	90,637	94,046	117,232	87,015	95,515	111,537	59,705	69,225
Culture and recreation	419,543	845,505	2,434,950	2,500,938	2,657,089	2,581,198	2,262,979	888,126	2,022,587	2,551,289	3,333,301
			47,751			2,361,196	2,202,979	000,120	2,022,567	2,331,269	3,333,301
Development	50,130	45,835		44,571	33,208	1 220 706	1 221 271	1 201 222	1 502 246	1 040 460	- 022.040
Operating Grants and Contributions	962,603	973,519	833,299	703,151	889,252	1,339,796	1,321,274	1,261,222	1,502,246	1,840,469	822,048
Capital Grants and Contributions	30,727	2,463,824	3,512,458	466,748	638,620	1,934,015	280,340	1,284,325	954,579	2,464,959	106,386
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	2,075,609	4,986,140	7,391,700	4,412,493	4,960,865	6,699,545	4,664,007	4,426,491	5,789,447	8,251,174	5,779,303
Business-Type Activities											
Charges for Services											
Water	3,432,244	3,569,711	3,490,646	3,699,540	3,825,170	3,723,442	3,571,541	3,764,438	4,034,089	4,518,317	4,585,488
Sewer	3,013,746	3,104,756	3,108,394	3,224,683	3,350,002	3,358,505	3,805,914	3,416,256	3,903,195	4,053,954	5,646,806
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	16,106	75,098	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Grants and Contributions	225,956	-	-	-	-	-	-	815,105	1,049,512	1,179,365	-
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	6,671,946	6,690,573	6,674,138	6,924,223	7,175,172	7,081,947	7,377,455	7,995,799	8,986,796	9,751,636	10,232,294
TOTAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES	8,747,555	11,676,713	14,065,838	11,336,716	12,136,037	13,781,492	12,041,462	12,422,290	14,776,243	18,002,810	16,011,597
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)											
Governmental Activities	(22,565,057)	(21,111,066)	(21,069,348)	(26,151,885)	(24,712,930)	(23,692,476)	(28,484,459)	(26,611,095)	(27,914,556)	(32,100,200)	(37,116,379)
Business-Type Activities	362,411	175,710	208,303	125,229	387,694	653,737	810,266	1,410,703	2,280,370	2,037,716	1,385,261
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)	(22,202,646)	(20,935,356)	(20,861,045)	(26,026,656)	(24,325,236)	(23,038,739)	(27,674,193)	(25,200,392)	(25,634,186)	(30,062,484)	(35,731,118)

City of Marion, Illinois Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
(Continued)											
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION											
Governmental Activities											
Taxes											
Property taxes	6,189,554	6,546,608	7,170,616	7,476,252	7,880,710	8,311,961	8,552,881	5,450,350	6,221,610	6,951,757	7,827,898
Sales taxes	13,175,074	13,392,948	13,873,245	13,902,723	15,061,272	15,613,523	17,001,718	20,739,475	24,023,452	24,703,808	25,862,975
Other taxes and franchise fees	3,314,407	3,724,286	3,792,258	3,769,412	3,775,796	3,866,235	4,061,606	3,741,881	5,071,696	5,155,296	4,943,780
Intergovernmental	1,667,310	1,757,467	1,779,036	1,697,480	1,588,865	1,804,882	1,723,701	3,552,775	4,161,705	4,282,703	4,646,608
Investment Income	43,887	40,546	58,784	86,469	130,972	316,468	321,022	144,466	47,468	753,953	1,779,750
Miscellaneous	96,528	320,264	68,481	858	121,493	110,748	231,881	248,204	361,367	529,026	308,848
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets	(51,743)	(26,411)	(29,481)	-	-	(53)	_	-	26,636	-	_
Special items		-	-	-	(1,652,165)	-	-	-	(831,430)	-	-
Transfers	3,617	(305,006)	21,288	(1,773,665)	(175,465)	(21,678)	(796,449)	1,290,292	25,554	(3,807)	166,460
Total Governmental Activities	24,438,634	25,450,702	26,734,227	25,159,529	26,731,478	30,002,086	31,096,360	35,167,443	39,108,058	42,372,736	45,536,319
			-, -,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Business-Type Activities											
Investment Income	830	747	1,350	4,951	26,134	33,328	28,000	6,148	5,977	112,414	243,721
Miscellaneous	28,820	10,864	6,633	11,524	12,260	9,246	35,590	52,980	157,949	12,781	15,228
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets	20,020	10,004	0,033	(2,882)	(93,461)	39,146	(62,857)	403,647	2,109	12,701	15,220
Loss Recovery	140,751			(2,002)	(55,401)	33,140	(02,637)	403,047	2,103		
Special Item	140,731	(407,285)	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
•	(2.617)		(21 200)		175 465		706 440	(1 200 202)	(25 554)	2 907	(166.460)
Transfers	(3,617)	253,621	(21,288)	1,773,665	175,465	21,678	796,449	(1,290,292)	(25,554)	3,807	(166,460)
Total Business-Type Activities	166,784	(142,053)	(13,305)	1,787,258	120,398	103,398	797,182	(827,517)	140,481	129,002	92,489
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	24,605,418	25,308,649	26,720,922	26,946,787	26,851,876	30,105,484	31,893,542	34,339,926	39,248,539	42,501,738	45,628,808
	2 1,000,120	23,500,013	20,720,322	20,5 10,707	20,001,070	50,103,101	31,030,312	5 1,555,525	55,2 .0,555	12,501,750	15,020,000
CHANGES IN NET POSITION											
Governmental Activities	1,873,577	4,339,636	5,664,879	(992,356)	2,018,548	6,309,610	2,611,901	8,556,348	11,193,502	10,272,536	8,419,940
		, ,	194,998								
Business-Type Activities	529,195	33,657	194,998	1,912,487	508,092	757,135	1,607,448	583,186	2,420,851	2,166,718	1,477,750
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	2,402,772	4,373,293	5,859,877	920,131	2,526,640	7,066,745	4,219,349	9,139,534	13,614,353	12,439,254	9,897,690
		.,,	2,222,211	,	_,===,===	.,,,,,,,,,,	.,,	-,,	,,		2,001,000
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS											
Governmental Activities						(16,282,655)					
	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Business-Type Activities						(3,597,702)					
TOTAL DRIMANDY COVERNIAGNIT						(10 000 257)					
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				-	-	(19,880,357)					
CHANGES IN NET POSITION AFTER PRIOR											
PERIOD ADJUSTMENT											
Governmental Activities	1,873,577	4,339,636	5,664,879	(992,356)	2,018,548	(9,973,045)	2,611,901	8,556,348	11,193,502	10,272,536	8,419,940
Business-Type Activities	529,195	33,657	194,998	1,912,487	508,092	(2,840,567)	1,607,448	583,186	2,420,851	2,166,718	1,477,750
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 2,402,772	\$ 4,373,293	\$ 5,859,877	\$ 920,131	\$ 2,526,640	\$ (12,813,612)	\$ 4,219,349	\$ 9,139,534	\$ 13,614,353	\$ 12,439,254 \$	9,897,690
	·										

City of Marion, Illinois Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
GENERAL FUND	·										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- 9	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ 926,030	\$ 572,409	\$ 524,369
Restricted	168,382	205,425	194,866	272,970	211,370	554,462	80,495	1,023,555	1,196,979	1,655,362	1,617,998
Assigned	72,536	89,007	62,132	54,532	97	102,107	50,561	50,561	-	-	37,091
Committed	4,767,505	4,934,514	4,601,530	5,324,178	5,317,947	5,457,326	5,615,045	6,807,288	7,769,932	8,570,495	9,055,866
Unassigned	7,956,287	5,147,327	5,517,321	4,281,458	4,449,408	4,924,950	5,526,655	5,889,929	8,667,973	10,881,041	13,283,555
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 12,964,710	\$ 10,376,273 \$	10,375,849 \$	9,933,138	\$ 9,978,822	\$ 11,038,845	\$ 11,272,756	13,771,333	\$ 18,560,914	\$ 21,679,307	\$ 24,518,879
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS											
Special revenue funds											
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- 9	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 9	\$ -	\$ 432,665	\$ 409,083	\$ 417,262
Restricted	8,010,607	10,001,190	11,592,448	9,167,583	5,894,610	4,063,671	3,286,936	5,220,962	6,830,107	8,381,057	10,055,222
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	- ;	\$ (61,368)	(203)	-	(144,609)
Capital project funds											
Restricted	8,348,120	2,192,382	575	-	-	-	255,830	2,234,031	3,449,569	7,071,501	7,058,491
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	387,135
Debt service fund											
Restricted	1,714,318	2,030,882	2,007,390	2,060,270	1,652,220	1,690,076	1,721,041	1,452,888	946,076	929,117	929,117
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	240,846
Permanent fund											
Nonspendable	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	842	843	845	853	875	917	953	957	959	1,020	1,020

City of Marion, Illinois Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
REVENUES											
Property taxes	\$ 6.561.085	\$ 6 915 311	\$ 7,541,116 \$	7,845,967	\$ 7,947,961 \$	8,378,165 \$	8,622,108 \$	5,519,142	7,548,218	\$ 6,951,757 \$	7,827,898
Sales Taxes	13,175,074	13,392,948	13,871,400	13,902,723	15,061,272	15,613,523	17,001,718	20,739,475	24,023,452	24,703,808	25,862,975
Grant revenue	379,379	2,834,398	1,897,603	620,796	915,218	2,143,674	963,836	2,545,547	2,456,825	4,305,428	4,943,780
Licenses and permits	109,883	134,848	135,814	196,159	177,895	205,274	193,879	412,441	504,387	479,651	480,121
Intergovernmental revenue	2,179,741	2,341,172	2,232,422	2,103,310	2,041,314	2,254,675	2,361,479	3,552,775	4,161,705	4,282,703	4,646,608
Other taxes and franchise fees	3,369,112	3,726,122	3,794,103	3,771,172	4,027,684	4,145,323	4,061,607	3,741,881	5,071,696	5,155,296	4,218,539
Service charges and fees	946,239	1,454,841	2,886,849	2,981,795	2,899,531	2,899,567	2,868,522	1,468,503	2,828,235	3,403,137	928,434
Investment income	43,746	40,548	58,783	96,797	120,964	301,591	272,073	113,116	47,468	753,953	1,755,721
Restricted Donations	16,701	16,349	1,960,345	57,096	53,363	636,305	8,468	13,902	11,850	57,406	312,848
Miscellaneous Revenue	228,607	385,530	125,578	219,001	379,201	208,791	408,467	215,302	349,517	529,026	40,211
Total revenues	27,009,567	31,242,067	34,504,013	31,794,816	33,624,403	36,786,888	36,762,157	38,322,084	47,003,353	50,622,165	51,017,135
EXPENDITURES											
General government	3,224,133	2,859,345	3,095,427	3,029,997	3,116,284	3,507,190	3,725,468	4,006,638	3,909,513	4,493,241	5,060,435
Public, health and safety	8,463,207	9,304,123	9,447,754	9,906,545	10,289,669	10,839,566	10,986,314	11,353,013	12,180,947	13,920,391	13,794,328
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	3,397,904	3,168,355	3,984,181	4,541,950	3,977,856	4,905,927	4,985,572	4,543,292	4,656,884	5,069,118	5,350,054
Culture and recreation	2,246,813	3,097,183	3,926,022	3,940,925	4,162,323	4,259,080	4,222,289	2,956,202	4,258,604	5,217,121	5,715,281
Capital outlay	11,135,450	3,411,209	8,402,937	1,903,849	4,890,021	6,509,936	4,033,242	4,454,647	5,016,836	7,982,755	11,391,385
Development	4,169,397	16,797,470	3,154,664	3,744,462	2,999,447	2,840,508	3,969,311	3,408,581	5,010,830	5,764,837	6,596,953
Debt service	2,797,520	4,489,873	12,339,634	6,112,923	5,924,296	5,504,289	6,074,384	16,433,969	5,879,638	3,438,352	3,657,088
Total Expenditures	35,434,424	43,127,558	44,350,619	33,180,651	35,359,896	38,366,496	37,996,580	47,156,342	40,911,982	45,885,815	51,565,524
Total Experiultures	33,434,424	45,127,556	44,550,619	33,160,631	33,339,690	36,300,490	37,990,360	47,130,342	40,911,962	43,003,013	31,303,324
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(8,424,857)	(11,885,491)	(9,846,606)	(1,385,835)	(1,735,493)	(1,579,608)	(1,234,423)	(8,834,258)	6,091,371	4,736,350	(548,389)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Proceeds from long-term debt	10,865,781	5,753,469	9,200,855	344,236	268,663	429,484	1,216,185	12,934,886	1,429,545	3,288,744	5,720,554
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	10,000,701	3,733,103	3,200,033	3,230	200,000	.23, .0 .	1,210,103	456,919	54,820	229,709	215,442
Transfers in (out)	15,120	(305,006)	21,288	(1,773,665)	22,559	(21,678)	(237,755)	1,523,740	25,555	(3,807)	(144,609)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	10,880,901	5,448,463	9,222,143	(1,429,429)	291,222	407.806	978,430	14,915,545	1,509,920	3,514,646	5,791,387
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SPECIAL ITEMS											
Close out of Revolving Loan Fund	-	-	-	-	(1,652,165)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to County for property taxes		-	-	-	(603,045)	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL SPECIAL ITEMS			-		(2,255,210)					-	<u> </u>
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,456,044	\$ (6,437,028)	\$ (624,463) \$	(2,815,264)	\$ (3,699,481) \$	(1,171,802) \$	(255,993) \$	6,081,287	7,601,291	\$ 8,250,996 \$	5,242,998
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	11.51%	11.30%	34.33%	19.54%	19.44%	17.28%	17.89%	38.49%	16.38%	9.07%	9.10%

City of Marion, Illinois Taxable Sales by Category - Municipal Tax Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Merchandise	\$ 1,696,741	\$ 1,196,812	\$ 1,105,635	\$ 1,102,880	\$ 1,161,140	\$ 1,094,178	\$ 1,227,403	\$ 1,264,459	\$ 1,324,151	\$ 1,515,799
Food	710,905	1,191,796	1,266,470	1,317,227	1,342,746	1,382,883	1,570,161	1,719,160	1,726,696	2,034,231
Drinking and Eating Places	801,532	821,182	860,726	867,807	884,106	744,817	936,062	996,944	1,080,507	1,171,131
Apparel	177,750	155,387	153,404	157,921	144,071	103,930	153,764	149,639	149,132	145,561
Furniture & H.H. & Radio	69,064	53,170	49,520	64,539	97,606	113,696	139,417	137,051	118,967	128,571
Lumber, Bldg, Hardware	825,783	847,350	879,159	839,450	835,742	1,040,025	1,093,741	1,153,737	1,158,898	1,150,599
Automotive & Filing Stations	1,810,741	1,848,754	1,747,596	1,929,102	1,990,760	2,077,181	2,531,865	2,416,299	2,455,151	2,328,978
Drugs & Miscellaneous Retail	1,101,557	1,145,230	1,149,109	1,103,551	1,172,294	1,224,944	1,662,372	1,599,623	1,779,616	2,003,251
Agriculture & All Others	225,661	261,433	307,578	346,752	367,574	346,452	422,248	478,371	539,214	622,185
Manufactures	105,856	95,803	101,960	79,042	89,639	77,466	101,030	156,388	123,632	129,773
TOTAL	\$ 7,525,590	\$ 7,616,917	\$ 7,621,157	\$ 7,808,271	\$ 8,085,678	\$ 8,205,572	\$ 9,838,063	\$ 10,071,671	\$ 10,455,964	\$ 11,230,079
CITY DIRECT SALES TAX RATE	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

Data by category is not available from the State of Illinois for categories with less than four taxpayers. Any nonreported totals are included in the General Merchandise category.

City of Marion, Illinois Taxable Sales by Category - Home Rule Tax Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Merchandise	\$ 1,417,128	\$ 1,046,629	\$ 1,076,999	\$ 1,132,320	\$ 1,089,745	\$ 1,674,141	\$ 1,946,452	\$ 1,975,421	\$ 2,013,639	\$ 2,197,254
Food	387,205	799,213	873,891	985,466	1,021,584	1,491,834	1,920,824	2,206,603	2,052,637	2,272,201
Drinking and Eating Places	992,553	1,017,522	1,174,232	1,291,109	1,328,349	1,659,676	2,097,100	2,219,201	2,423,421	2,617,349
Apparel	222,176	194,207	212,147	236,447	216,080	233,443	345,647	335,756	335,403	327,291
Furniture & H.H. & Radio	86,328	66,461	67,920	96,808	146,408	255,775	312,903	308,359	267,495	289,171
Lumber, Bldg, Hardware	952,274	973,344	1,123,200	1,250,246	1,239,608	2,317,934	2,441,060	2,570,793	2,576,771	2,561,818
Automotive & Filing Stations	596,176	573,576	597,220	752,307	728,967	1,005,186	1,223,768	1,342,202	1,434,344	1,469,539
Drugs & Miscellaneous Retail	811,985	817,151	885,825	867,884	859,513	1,432,903	2,027,565	2,019,763	2,098,260	2,086,707
Agriculture & All Others	260,013	304,745	396,527	473,775	488,584	660,071	834,774	924,963	954,489	1,122,950
Manufactures	122,241	114,135	131,685	113,510	129,732	167,094	224,663	345,624	272,673	284,137
TOTAL	\$ 5,848,079	\$ 5,906,983	\$ 6,539,646	\$ 7,199,872	\$ 7,248,570	\$ 10,898,057	\$ 13,374,756	\$ 14,248,685	\$ 14,429,132	\$ 15,228,417
CITY DIRECT SALES TAX RATE	1.25%	1.25%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

Data by category is not available from the State of Illinois for categories with less than four taxpayers. Any nonreported totals are included in the General Merchandise category.

In July of 2017 the homerule tax rate increased from 1.25% to 1.50%.

In January of 2020 the homerule tax rate increased from 1.50% to 2.25%

City of Marion, Illinois Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Calendar Years

	City			County School	
Calendar	Direct	County	State	Facility	
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Total
2015	2.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.50%
2016	2.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.50%
2017	2.50%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.75%
2018	2.50%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.75%
2019	2.50%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.75%
2020	3.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	9.50%
2021	3.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	9.50%
2022	3.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	9.50%
2023	3.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	9.50%
2024	3.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	9.50%

Data Source

City and County Records

Homerule tax increase .25% on July 1,2017. Homerule tax increase .75% on January 1, 2020.

City of Marion, Illinois Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years

		Cit	y Direct Rates				Overlapping Rates							
								Williamson			Marion			
Tax						Total		County	Williamson	John A.	Unit #2	Marion	Total	
Year		Fire	Police	Debt		Direct	Williamson	Building	County	Logan	School	Park	Overlapping	Total All
Levied	Corporate	Pension	Pension	Service	Recreation	Rate	County	Commission	Airport	College	District	District	Rates	Rates
2014		0.16634	0.24371	0.05060	0.04721	0.50786	1.41689	0.24071	0.10320	0.59101	4.21779	0.26473	6.83433	7.34219
2015		0.17905	0.27672		0.04557	0.50134	1.40990	0.24927	0.10270	0.61581	4.20029	0.26575	6.84372	7.34506
2016		0.20804	0.31627	0.00000	0.04427	0.56858	1.32663	0.24727	0.10122	0.61545	4.14139	0.26955	6.70151	7.27009
2017		0.21124	0.31894		0.04389	0.57407	1.35475	0.25426	0.10297	0.62445	4.26466	0.28054	6.88163	7.45570
2018		0.20864	0.31502		0.04335	0.56701	1.38753	0.25966	0.10453	0.6253	4.35777	0.2889	7.02369	7.59070
2019	0.00002					0.00002	1.40411	0.26491	0.10578	0.63145	4.42781	0.29333	7.12739	7.12741
2020	0.00002					0.00002	1.66586		0.10387	0.74724	4.4378	0.29782	7.25259	7.25261
2021	0.00002					0.00002	1.65577		0.1032	0.75462	4.43604	0.30129	7.25092	7.25094
2022	0.00002					0.00002	1.69181		0.10469	0.72817	4.56362	0.31717	7.40546	7.40548
2023	0.00002					0.00002	1.67419		0.09979	0.68596	4.74771	0.31732	7.52497	7.52499

Source: Williamson County Clerk's Office

City of Marion, Illinois
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property in Areas Outside of TIFs
Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Residential Property	Railroads Property	Farm Property	Minerals	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth	Total Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value
2014	124,526,776	5,957,078	162,964,649	424,262	2,623,226	3,060	296,499,051	0.00%	0.50786	889,497,153
2015	130,506,548	5,910,219	167,569,447	496,672	2,680,151	3,060	307,166,097	3.60%	0.50134	921,498,291
2016	134,600,739	7,105,007	171,244,570	506,656	2,722,727	3,060	316,182,759	2.94%	0.56858	948,548,277
2017	136,247,648	7,101,377	172,372,579	510,716	2,736,084	3,060	318,971,464	0.88%	0.57407	956,914,392
2018	138,812,188	7,101,377	173,683,675	510,716	2,829,348	360	322,937,664	1.24%	0.56701	968,812,992
2019	141,778,900	7,098,104	190,382,668	510,716	3,035,252	2,090	342,807,730	6.15%	0.00002	1,028,423,190
2020	145,912,074	7,231,797	196,085,965	608,484	3,624,752	2,090	353,465,162	3.11%	0.00002	1,060,395,486
2021	148,254,860	7,346,127	201,095,735	608,778	3,735,498	2,090	361,043,088	2.14%	0.00002	1,083,129,264
2022	152,298,445	7,539,507	206,472,238	609,218	3,926,310	2,090	370,847,808	2.72%	0.00002	1,112,543,424
2023	194,928,443	7,439,988	220,496,422	608,957	4,933,958	2,090	428,409,858	15.52%	0.00002	1,285,229,574

Source: Williamson County Clerk's Office

City of Marion, Illinois
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property in TIF Areas
Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Residential Property	Railroads Property	Farm Property	Minerals	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth	Actual Taxable Value
2014	58,410,061	29,851	17,308,888	-	1,945,155	-	77,693,955	4.36%	233,081,865
2015	61,306,782	91,383	17,853,786	77	2,015,283	-	81,267,311	4.60%	243,801,933
2016	64,623,089	123,293	18,243,284	144	2,167,018	-	85,156,828	4.79%	255,470,484
2017	66,731,120	123,293	18,539,393	144	2,195,341	-	87,589,291	2.86%	262,767,873
2018	67,791,177	123,293	18,393,218	144	2,179,252	-	88,487,084	1.03%	265,461,252
2019	68,175,555	123,166	4,525,676	144	2,168,398	-	74,992,939	-15.25%	224,978,817
2020	72,922,167	219,830	7,110,617	532	2,315,963	-	82,569,109	10.10%	247,707,327
2021	80,182,335	338,253	11,074,831	854	2,321,936	-	93,918,209	13.74%	281,754,627
2022	87,389,496	493,103	16,327,731	1,334	3,336,304	-	107,547,968	14.51%	322,643,904
2023	50,871,569	432,789	22,649,496	2,702	3,206,825	-	77,163,381	-28.25%	231,490,143

Source: Williamson County Clerk's Office

City of Marion, Illinois
Property Tax Levies and Collections Areas Outside of TIF Districts
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total Tax	Current	Percent of Current	Delinquent		Percent of Total Tax
Fiscal	Tax	Levy	Tax	Tax	Tax	Total Tax	Collections
Year	Year	Extended	Collections	Collections	Collections	Collections	to Tax Levy
2015	2013	1,375,445	1,369,529	99.57%	1,253	1,370,782	99.66%
2016	2014	1,503,013	1,500,674	99.84%	(3,564)	1,497,110	99.61%
2017	2015	1,541,322	1,539,683	99.89%	968	1,540,651	99.96%
2018	2016	1,793,612	1,785,685	99.56%	(12,019)	1,773,666	98.89%
2019	2017	1,826,125	1,817,176	99.51%	2,989	1,820,165	99.67%
2020	2018	1,826,551	1,812,593	99.24%	2,281	1,814,874	99.36%
2021	2019	51	51	100.00%		51	100.00%
2022	2020	54	54	100.00%		54	100.00%
2023	2021	56	56	100.00%		56	100.00%
2024	2022	58	57	98.28%		57	98.28%

Source: Williamson County Treasurer's Office

City of Marion, Illinois
Property Tax Levies and Collections Areas Within of TIF Districts
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Tax	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax	Percent of Current Tax	Prior Year Tax Collections	Total Tax	Percent of Total Tax Collections
Year	Year	Extended	Collections	Collections	(Refunds)	Collections	to Tax Levy
2015	2013	5,113,521	5,113,321	100.00%	(59,838)	5,053,483	98.83%
2016	2014	5,548,966	5,547,540	99.97%	0	5,547,540	99.97%
2017	2015	5,808,198	5,807,907	99.99%	0	5,807,907	99.99%
2018	2016	6,028,357	5,977,889	99.16%	0	5,977,889	99.16%
2019	2017	6,356,345	6,355,985	99.99%	0	6,355,985	99.99%
2020	2018	6,553,670	6,551,861	99.97%	49,488	6,601,349	100.73%
2021	2019	5,339,598	5,338,759	99.98%	1,092	5,339,851	100.00%
2022	2020	6,048,307	6,046,533	99.97%	1,385	6,047,918	99.99%
2023	2021	6,789,934	6,794,276	101.94%	131	6,794,407	101.94%
2024	2022	7,992,490	7,662,176	95.87%	911	7,663,087	0.95878594

Source: Williamson County Treasurer's Office

City of Marion, Illinois Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities			Business-Typ	e Activities						
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	SSA BOND	Loans <u>Payable</u>	Capital <u>Leases</u>	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Loans <u>Payable</u>	Capital <u>Leases</u>	IEPA Loans <u>Payable</u>	Total <u>Government</u>	Percentage of Personal <u>Income</u>	Per <u>Capita</u>
2015	36,410,959	2,265,000	8,431,394	556,934	8,119,793	9,606	-	3,450,219	59,243,905	14.10%	3,414.04
2016	33,373,748	1,970,000	8,491,888	1,361,944	6,791,153	554,501	-	3,739,221	56,282,455	13.41%	3,200.05
2017	30,021,578	1,665,000	7,731,038	859,590	6,141,876	285,162	-	3,539,082	50,243,326	12.06%	2,838.12
2018	26,638,508	1,350,000	6,695,172	821,094	5,538,785	617,082	27,684	3,331,326	45,019,651	10.78%	2,532.89
2019	23,430,046	1,030,000	5,997,188	661,389	4,813,458	545,640	21,642	3,131,451	39,630,814	9.52%	2,245.88
2020	20,130,276	700,000	5,485,626	516,821	4,072,094	485,642	15,470	2,998,495	34,404,424	8.26%	1,963.72
2021	16,618,278	355,000	6,255,029	396,725	3,309,749	423,857	1,209,166	3,306,606	31,874,410	6.68%	1,891.10
2022	13,623,165	-	5,534,061	290,196	2,526,337	360,228	1,851,056	3,138,215	27,323,258	5.50%	1,621.08
2023	11,705,271	-	7,846,995	59,722	3,416,540	1,960,592	6,596	2,900,862	27,896,578	5.62%	1,655.09
2024	9,724,926	-	12,270,043	24,825	2,707,963	1,707,403	4,016	2,660,542	29,099,718	5.86%	1,726.47

Note: For comparative purposes the 2015 Refunding Chase loan has been included with the bonded debt

City of Marion, Illinois Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Paid with Sales Tax and Hotel Tax Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gross General	Less Funds Reserved	Net General	Total	Net General Obligation	Total Hotel and
Fiscal	Obligation	for Debt	Obligation	Hotel and	Debt	Sales Tax
Year	Bonds	Service	Debt	Sales Tax	Per Capita	Per Capita
2015	21,988,103	1,212,240	20,775,863	14,577,735	1,170.01	820.96
2016	22,706,390	1,235,555	21,470,835	15,072,278	1,209.83	849.29
2017	20,149,888	1,292,106	18,857,782	15,041,676	1,070.67	854.01
2018	17,579,131	1,173,362	16,405,769	16,286,369	929.14	922.37
2019	15,291,464	1,200,877	14,090,587	16,739,738	801.15	951.77
2020	12,775,051	1,228,648	11,546,403	16,854,086	655.97	957.51
2021	10,740,959	1,150,067	9,590,892	18,325,551	547.43	1,045.98
2022	7,882,747	582,426	7,300,321	18,325,551	433.12	1,087.25
2023	6,561,266	566,898	5,994,368	22,917,038	355.64	1,359.66
2024	5,415,250	572,046	4,843,204	23,367,792	287.35	1,386.40

Note: For comparative purposes the 2015 Refunding Chase loan has been included with the bonded debt

Note: Above Total Hotel and Sales Tax does not include sales tax transferred to Property Tax Replacement Fund.

Note: As of Fiscal Year 2023 the above Total Hotel and Sales Tax includes the portion of hotel tax in General Fund only.

City of Marion, Illinois Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Paid with Tax Increment Financing District Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gross	Less Funds	Net		Percent of	
	General	Reserved	General	Tax Increment	TIF Fund Balance	Net Debt
Fiscal	Obligation	for Debt	Obligation	Financing Cash	To Net General	Per
Year	Bonds	Service	Debt	Balance	Obligation Debt	Capita
2015	11,385,645	421,751	10,963,894	5,747,259	52.42%	617.44
2016	10,667,358	372,839	10,294,519	7,933,730	77.07%	580.07
2017	9,871,690	368,177	9,503,513	5,614,346	59.08%	539.57
2018	9,059,377	379,893	8,679,484	4,475,282	51.56%	491.56
2019	8,138,582	389,713	7,748,869	2,881,768	37.19%	440.58
2020	7,355,225	391,103	6,964,122	707,772	10.16%	395.64
2021	5,877,319	328,307	5,549,012	1,255,411	22.62%	316.72
2022	5,740,419	363,652	5,376,767	2,665,833	49.58%	319.00
2023	5,144,005	362,132	4,781,873	4,953,645	103.59%	283.71
2024	4,309,676	368,825	3,940,851	6,583,209	167.05%	233.81

City of Marion, Illinois Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Paid with Water and Sewer Service Charges and Fees Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gross General	Less Funds Reserved	Net General	Water and Sewer	Percentage of Water and Sewer	
Fiscal	Obligation	for Debt	Obligation	Debt Service	Debt Service Billings	Per Capita
Year	Bonds	Service	Debt	Billings	To GO Debt	GO Debt
				8-		
2015	8,119,793	311,651	7,808,142	1,121,742	14.37%	439.72
2016	6,791,153	219,910	6,571,243	1,137,504	17.31%	370.27
2017	6,141,876	224,362	5,917,514	1,141,443	19.29%	335.97
2018	5,538,785	105,423	5,433,362	1,144,106	21.06%	307.72
2019	4,813,458	109,802	4,703,656	1,145,625	24.36%	267.44
2020	4,072,094	108,858	3,963,236	1,135,250	28.64%	225.16
2021	3,309,749	110,554	3,199,195	1,168,859	36.54%	182.60
2022	2,526,337	113,186	2,413,151	1,367,087	56.65%	143.17
2023	3,416,540	118,513	3,298,027	1,701,697	51.60%	195.67
2024	2,707,963	143,837	2,564,126	1,747,705	68.16%	152.13

City of Marion, Illinois Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt April 30, 2024

		Estimated	
		Percentage	
	Gross	Debt Applicable	
	Bonded	In the City of	City of Marion
Governmental Unit	Debt (1)	Marion (2)	Share of Debt
City of Marion	\$8,123,213	100.00%	\$8,123,213
Willamson County	15,000,000	31.65%	\$4,747,845
Williamson Co. CUSD 2	15,375,000	58.40%	\$8,978,468
Williamson CUSD 5	32,330,000	4.63%	\$1,498,038
			4
Williamson County Airport	3,860,000	31.69%	\$1,223,254
	10.000.000	47.670/	40.000.00
John A. Logan College	18,890,000	17.67%	\$3,338,786
Marian Dayle District	638.000	00.400/	¢C24 C01
Marion Park District	638,000	99.48%	\$634,681
Por Capita Direct and Overlanning Debt	\$94,216,213		\$28,544,286
Per Capita Direct and Overlapping Debt	Ş94,Z10,Z13	_	320,344,280

⁽¹⁾ Gross bonded debt does not include the debt being paid with Tax Increment Financing funds.

⁽²⁾ Determined by ratio of assessed value of property subject to taxation in the City to assessed value of property subject to taxation in the overlapping unit.

⁽³⁾ Williamson County Clerk's Office and www.EMMA.MSRB.org (excludes principal due on or before April 30,2024.)

City of Marion, Illinois Full time Equivalent City Government Employees by Functions/Programs Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Functions/Programs										
General Government										
Mayor and Council	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
City Administrator	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	NA
Code Enforcement	4.88	4.78	4.00	3.94	3.00	3.00	3.12	3.38	3.00	NA
Information Technology	3.70	3.81	3.12	2.64	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	NA
	1.22	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	NA
Treasurer's Office	5.30	4.82	4.84	4.87	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	NA
City Clerk's Office	1.93	2.00	2.00	1.87	2.42	2.46	2.45	2.39	2.18	NA
Human Resources	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	_	_	-	_	
Economic Development	1.79	2.04	1.16	0.85						
Mayor's Chief of Staff	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	_	_		_	_
City Attorney	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	_	_		-	-
Community Programs	-	-	0.38	0.95						
Senior Citizens Center	6.71	6.82	6.64	7.33	6.94	6.92	7.17	7.10	7.01	NA
Boyton St. Community Center	5.49	4.76	5.48	3.26	5.10	4.90	3.96	4.31	4.27	NA
Public Health & Safety										
Police Department	65.67	64.25	60.80	58.23	54.47	50.67	48.35	47.92	45.27	NA
Fire Department	25.69	26.49	26.00	27.09	26.00	26.00	26.00	25.39	25.16	NA
Emergency Management	2.00	2.14	1.31	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.50	0.50	0.50	NA
Safety Department	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	NA
Animal Control	2.44	2.47	2.37	2.44	2.65	2.82	2.50	2.45	2.49	NA
Streets, Alleys and Cemeteries										
Street Department	27.57	26.92	26.05	26.31	22.82	23.18	22.05	22.29	20.54	NA
Cemetery Department	6.61	6.65	6.95	6.63	6.92	6.90	6.60	6.53	6.59	NA
Cultural and Recreation										
Cultural &Civic Center	11.60	10.96	8.27	3.39	8.56	6.95	6.76	6.81	6.11	NA
Carnagie Library	14.07	13.74	13.59	10.80	13.50	14.08	14.23	13.55	12.32	NA
The Pavilion	4.87	4.92	4.26	3.16	4.46	4.37	4.24	4.24	4.19	NA
Hub Recreational Center	31.12	30.30	29.93	21.26	39.32	43.33	41.27	39.10	35.62	NA
Public Utilities										
Water-Outside and Plant	11.52	11.09	12.51	11.00	11.00	10.83	10.00	10.00	10.91	NA
Water Office	5.11	5.00	5.00	5.54	5.85	6.00	5.87	5.76	4.50	NA
Sewer - Outside and Plant	11.54	11.48	12.53	11.13	11.74	12.21	12.57	12.72	12.43	NA
	259.83	254.44	246.19	221.94	242.00	239.87	232.64	228.44	217.09	

Note: Years ending 2011 thru 2015 were under a previous accounting system and information is insufficient to calculate FTE's.

Note: Cultural and Recreation FTE's were down in 2020 due to Covid-19 Pandemic furloughs

City of Marion, Illinois Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Median	Per		K thru 12	
Fiscal		Household	Capita	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Income	Age	Enrolment	Rate
2015	17747	42489	26088	40.80	3804	6.71%
2016	17613	42839	25205	42.90	3886	6.70%
2017	17657	43146	25204	40.10	3835	5.72%
2018	17588	43407	25851	40.30	3819	4.80%
2019	17602	43587	26395	39.20	3820	5.00%
2020	17520	43502	27252	39.30	3794	4.80%
2021	16855	44929	29475	40.00	3723	5.07%
2022	16742	N/A	N/A	N/A	3705	5.07%
2023	16729	N/A	N/A	N/A	3738	4.50%
2024	16855	54052	N/A	40.80	3616	4.30%

N/A - Not available

Data Sources

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) CityData.com
- (3) Data,USA
- (3) Marion Unit 2 School District