City of Marion, Illinois Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

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CITY OF MARION, ILLINOIS

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

April 30, 2021

LEGISLATIVE

CITY COUNCIL

Michael W. Absher
Mayor & Public Affairs Commissioner

Doug Patton
Accounts & Finance Commissioner

James "Jim" Webb Streets & Public Improvements Commissioner

> John Stoecklin Public Property Commissioner

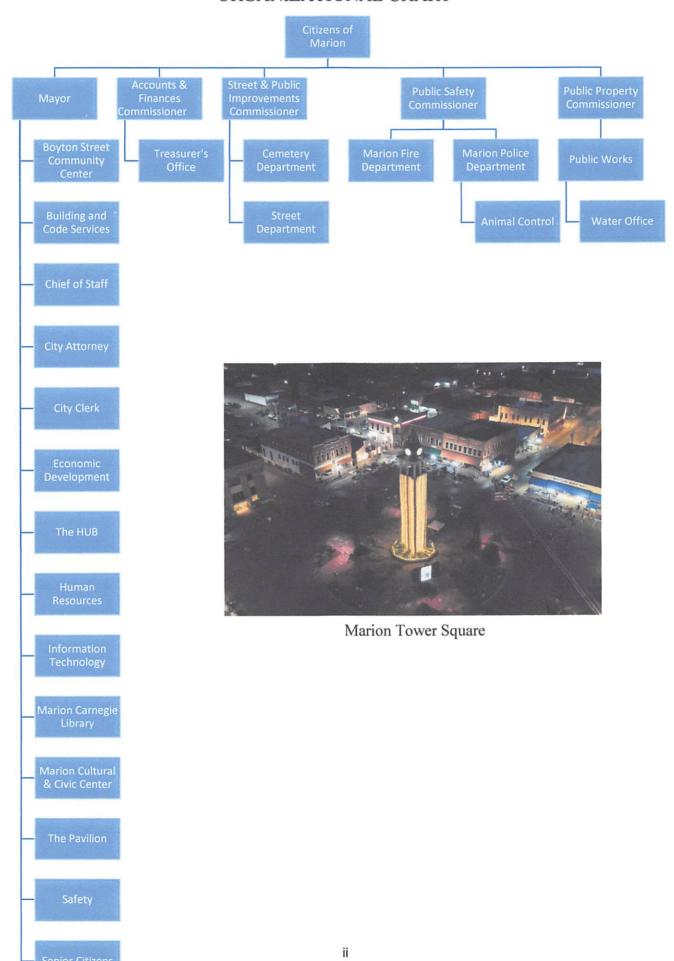
John Barwick, Jr.
Public Health & Safety Commissioner

ADMINISTRATIVE

Tammy Beasley, City Clerk Wendy Cunningham, City Attorney Jessica Force, Human Resource Director Brent Cain, Public Works Superintendent Doug Phillips, Street Superintendent

Steve Hale, Treasurer Cody Moake, Chief of Staff David Fitts, Chief of Police Tim Barnett, Fire Chief

CITY OF MARION ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





MICHAEL W. ABSHER, MAYOR

COMMISSIONERS DOUG PATTON Accounts & Finances

IOHN STOECKLIN Public Property

Public Affairs 0 GEORGEO 1

COMMISSIONERS

JIM WEBB Streets & Public Improvements

JOHN M. BARWICK, JR. Public Health & Safety

December 17, 2021

The Honorable Mayor Michael W. Absher Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Marion

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Marion, Illinois for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021 is hereby submitted. Illinois statutes require that the City issue annually a report on its financial position and activity presented in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

Management of the City assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City of Marion's financial statements have been audited by Atlas CPA's and Advisors, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As a recipient of various federal and state financial assistance programs, The City of Marion may be required under the Uniform Guidance Audit Requirements, to have an annual audit of certain federal grant programs performed if we meet specified criteria. The City did meet those criteria this year.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City of Marion

The City of Marion was incorporated on February 24, 1841. The City is located in Williamson County, Illinois. The City is located approximately 120 miles southeast of St. Louis, Missouri and 57 miles northwest of Paducah, Kentucky. The City currently has land area of 14.61 square miles and a population of 16,855.

The City operates under a commissioner form of government which includes the Mayor and four City Commissioners, each elected at large in a non-partisan basis to four-year terms. The City of Marion is a home rule community due to a referendum that was passed in November of 1994 as allowed by the Illinois Constitution. The Mayor and Commissioners constitute the legislative body of the City and as a group, are responsible for taxation, appropriations, ordinances, and other general functions. The Mayor and Commissioners are also over the administration of departments that have been assigned to them.

The City provides a full range of services, including fire and police protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure and the operating of the water and wastewater facilities and general administrative services. The City also owns and operates the HUB Recreational Center, the Marion Cultural and Civic Center, the Pavilion, the Senior Citizens Center, Boyton Street Community Center and the Marion Carnegie Library.

Accounting System and Budgeting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Resources are allocated and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which the spending activities are controlled.

The City's accounting records are generally maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under the cash basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when received. Expenditures are recorded when an expenditure occurs. After the end of the fiscal year, the City's management makes certain adjustments to the accounting records to permit the preparation of financial statements on the modified accrual and accrual basis of accounting to comply with GAAP. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when measurable and available to liquidate obligations of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred that is expected to draw upon current financial resources. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the City of Marion's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit budget requests to the City Treasurer no later than February 15th each year. The City Treasurer and the Mayor's Chief of Staff use these requests as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. Once a preliminary proposed budget is developed, the City Treasurer and Mayor's Chief of Staff meet with department heads to discuss his or her specific budget. The revised budget is then made available to the Mayor and Commissioners for review on or before March 31st of each year. The City council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than April 30th, prior to the start of the new fiscal year on May 1st. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. Heads of City departments and boards may with prior approval of the City Treasurer, initiate transfers of funds between line items within departments. The Mayor or a Commissioner, may initiate transfer of funds between line items within his or her departments. Any transfers between departments must be approved by Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. Budget to actual comparisons for the City's three major governmental funds are presented in the required supplementary information section.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Marion serves as the largest retail trade center in Southern Illinois with its central location along Interstate 57 and Illinois Route 13. Marion is the home for Rent One Park and the Colt World Series. The Carbondale-Marion metropolitan statistical area (MSA) is well-diversified with several medium-sized businesses and institutions which provide a diverse and stable employment base. These include Aisin Illinois, Centerstone, Heartland Regional Medical Center, Intertape Polymer Group, Southern Illinois Healthcare, and Southern Illinois University, to name a few.

There are multiple retail and restaurant locations throughout Marion which help bolster its standing as the retail center of Southern Illinois. Strong sales tax revenues are driven by auto, motorcycle, and RV sales. Those industries are supported by big box stores such as Walmart, Target, and Sam's Club. Additionally, Marion is home to nationally recognized retailers such as, Gander Outdoors, Dillard's, Menard's, Home Depot, and Kroger.

The City is hopeful in a deal that is imminent regarding the sale of the blighted Illinois Star Centre Mall. A sale of that property would net the City a portion of owed delinquent real estate tax, future special service area bond payments, and the anticipated sales tax revenue generated from the redevelopment of that property.

For the Fiscal Year ending in April 2021, the City outperformed the prior year's municipal sales tax by nearly 1%. Additionally, the City maintained its home rule sales tax revenue from the previous year. The lack of any growth can be contributed to the various state mandates put into to play throughout the fiscal year as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Many of our peer towns experienced substantial losses in sales tax revenue, so in comparison, the City performed rather well.

Future growth in sales tax revenues will come from projects already in production or operation including a new 18 acre, \$2.8 million truck stop featuring a restaurant, expanded convenience store, and

substantial semi parking. Given the proximity to Interstate 57, the City conservatively expects to generate an additional \$400,000 in combined sales tax revenues annually. Additional projects in the development stages are a Texas Roadhouse restaurant, extensive remodel to Aldi grocery store, and the redevelopment of blighted downtown properties that will serve as mixed-use retail and residential spaces.

Unfunded mandates from the state continue to be a burden on all municipalities in Illinois. Combined with continued fiscal mismanagement, a level of uncertainty exists with future state support. In spite of regional and state financial woes, Marion maintains a strong bond rating at Aa3 (Moody's), and an even stronger and stable financial future.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City Council, in 2019, initiated a long-term strategy to bring Marion residents a more sustainable future by making Marion one of the cheapest communities to reside in Southern Illinois. To do so, the council resolved to not levy a real estate tax and in turn raised the City's home rule municipal sales tax by 0.75 of one percent. The move will net the City significantly more revenue both in the short and long-term than the property tax would have.

Those increased revenues will fund the City's pension obligations, provide for capital improvements throughout City facilities, provide a resource to incentive economic development in properties that are underdeveloped or blighted, and provide the capital for the revitalization and redevelopment of Marion's downtown business corridor.

In FY 2019, the Council approved the largest geographic TIF in the City's history covering much of the Southeast residential corridor. The TIF will serve as an engine to provide needed capital in the form of loans for homeowners to improve the condition of their homes. Additionally, the City will also use its increment to support the neighborhoods with new infrastructure, sidewalks, lighting, and street signs.

Preparations are ongoing to grow City reserves, fund future retiree health insurance obligations, and better position the City's pension obligations. With planned expansion to the City's retail base paired with City's reduction in debt service, the Council is in the planning stages of ensuring those funds are responsibly dedicated to future obligations while growing the City's reserves and continuing to support and capturing the growth Marion is experiencing.

Financial Policies

The City has established several specific policies to guide its financial operations. Those policies relate to the following areas:

Accounting and Financial Reporting

- Facilitate the annual financial statement audit by an independent accounting firm.
- All department heads and City Council are able to review online on a daily basis the City's revenue and expenditure transactions.

Budgetary and Revenue Management:

- All dollars spent are appropriated by the City Council through the budget process.
- The City has established a comprehensive debt management policy

 The City has a policy to maintain a cash reserve balance of 25% of the General Fund budgeted expenditures including transfers. If part of the cash reserve is used, Council will take necessary actions to increase the cash reserve back to the 25% threshold.

Cash Management and Investments:

 City has a comprehensive Investment Policy which follows the Illinois State Statutes in investing public funds and requires all City deposits over FDIC coverage either to be collateralized or covered by a Federal Home Loan Bank Letter of Credit.

Purchasing:

 City has a comprehensive Purchasing Policy which encourages competitive bidding and requires City Council approval on all purchases over \$7,500.00.

Acknowledgments:

A special thanks to the Mayor and City Commissioners for their strong support to maintain the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Marion finances. The completion of the annual audit could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Treasurer's Department and staff across the City.

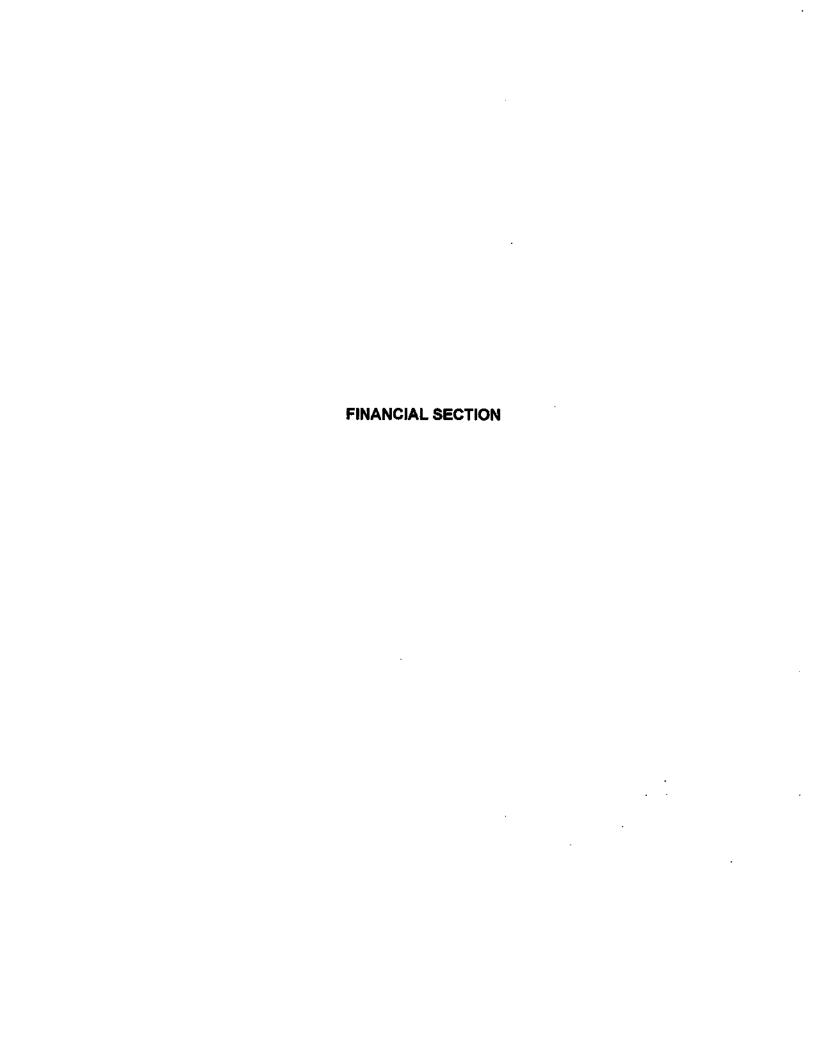
Respectfully submitted

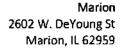
Steve Hale, CPA

Treasurer

Cody Moake

Mayor's Chief of Staff









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Marion
Marion, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marion, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of April 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, and pension information on pages 8 - 17 and 79 - 89 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.



O: 618.993.2647 F: 618.993.3981 The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statement schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statement schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ATZAS CPAS & Advisors PLLC

Marion, Illinois December 17, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Marion Marion, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marion, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marion, Illinois

December 17, 2021

ATLAS CPAS & ARUSOIS PLLC

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by *Uniform Guidance*

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Marion Marion, Illinois

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Marion, Illinois' (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marion, Illinois

December 17, 2021

ATLAS CPAS & Advisors PLLC

CITY OF MARION, ILLINOIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

April 30, 2021

The City of Marion's (the "City") discussion and analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements (beginning on page 18).

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The financial statement's focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 18-19) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities (see page 19) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental, business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The Governmental Activities reflect the City's basic services, including police, fire, public works, culture and recreation and administration. Shared state sales tax, home rule sales tax, utility taxes, hotel taxes and shared state income tax finance most of these services. The Business-type Activities reflect private sector type operations (Water and Wastewater) where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

2020 balances in table two have been restated to reflect various reclasses made in the 2021 balances. However, 2020 balances have not been changed to reflect any prior period adjustments.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than fund types.

The Governmental Major Fund (see pages 20 and 22) presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statement allows the demonstration of sources and uses associated therewith.

The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary Funds (Police Pension and Firefighters Pension Funds). While these funds represent trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

While the Business-type Activities column on the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (see pages 24-25) are the same as the Business-type column on the Government-Wide Financial Statement, the Governmental Major Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement (see pages 21 and 23). The flow of current financial resources will reflect bond proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligation (bonds and others) into Governmental Activities column (in the Governmental-wide statements).

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 78 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide benefits to its employees and budget to actual information for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 79 through 89 of this report.

Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure – roads, bridges, storm sewers, etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. This new statement requires that that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental column of the Government-wide Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system (the modified approach) which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its cost of maintenance in lieu of depreciation.

The City has chosen to depreciate assets over their useful life. If a road project is considered maintenance - a recurring cost that does not extend the road's original useful life or expand its capacity – the cost of the project will be expensed.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT

Statement of Net Assets

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2021 (in thousands)

		Gover	nme iviti			Busin	ess-t				otal	
	_	2021	IYILI	2020		2021	IVICIO	2020		Gove 2021	rua	2020
Current and Other Assets	\$	33,021	\$	26,023	\$	5,352	\$	3,879	\$	38,373	\$	29,902
Capital Assets		101,705		102,183		30,231		30,458		131,936		132,641
Total Assets	_\$	134,726	\$	128,206	\$	35,583	\$	34,337		170,309	\$	162,543
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_\$	15,557	\$	10,817_	_\$	2,323	\$	1,530	\$	17,880	\$	12,347
0	•	2 2 2 2	•	ć 53.0			_		_		_	
Current Liabilities	\$	7,307	\$	6,732	\$	2,293	\$	2,356	\$	9,600	\$	9,088
Noncurrent Liabilities	_	66,495		69 <u>,91</u> 8		14,261		12,857		80,756		82,775
Total Liabilities	_\$_	73,802	\$	76,650	\$	16,554	\$	15,213	\$	90,356	\$	91,863
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	17,325	\$	11,774	\$	1,082	\$	967	\$	18,407	\$	12,741
Net Position:												
Invested in Capital Assets,												
Net of Related Debt	\$	82,452	\$	80,538	\$	23,181	\$	22,886	\$	105,633	\$	103,424
Restricted		9,860		5,319		288		768		10,148		6,087
Nonspendable		1		1		-		-		1		1
Unrestricted		(33,158)		(35,259)	<u>-</u>	(3,199)		(3,967)		(36,357)		(39,226)
Total Net Position	\$	59,155	\$	50,599	\$	20,270	\$	19,687	\$	79,425	\$	70,286

For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Position (page 18).

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Assets summary presentation:

Net Results of Activities – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted assets.

Borrowing for Capital - which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital – which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase invested in capital assets and an increase in related new debt which will not change the invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital – which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) will reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Principal Payment on Debt – which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation – which will reduce capital assets and invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Current year impacts

The City's combined net position (which is the City's bottom line) increased from \$70.29 million to \$79.43 million for a total increase of \$9.14 million in net position. Of this increase, Governmental Activities increased by \$8.56 million and Business-type activities increased by \$583 thousand. Within Governmental Activities, Current and Other assets increased by \$7.00 million. Part of the reason for this increase was a \$3.76 million increase in cash which was due to unspent sales tax proceeds set aside for special purposes such as for payment of Police and Fire pension contributions to be made in the following year and the transfer of \$1.50 million from the Water Department due to the sale of the old city lake. \$2.06 million of the increase was due to the increase in Property Tax and Sales Tax receivable. Sales Tax Receivable was primarily due to a change in the way the State of Illinois collects out of states sales tax. Property Tax Receivable increase in due to increase activity and additional TIF Districts. These increases amount to \$5.82 million of the \$7.00 million increase in Current and Other Assets. Pension and OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources increased in the amount of \$4.77 million due to a \$5.89 million increase in OPEB outflows. This will be recognized as an expense in future years. Noncurrent Liabilities decreased by \$3.42 million due to payoff of Long-Term Debt. Increase in OPEB liability was offset by decrease in Net Pension Liability. In Business Activities, the increase in Current and Other Assets is from \$1.2 million of unspent loan proceeds. The Deferred Outflows of Resources increase is due to Outflows from OPEB calculations. Borrowings in long-term debt was \$678 thousand greater than reduction in Long-Term Debt. Total OPEB liability increased by \$1.23 million. Net Pension Liability in prior year of \$408 thousand became a Net Pension Asset \$156 thousand in the current year.

Changes in Net Position

The following table represents the condensed statement of Changes in Net Position:

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021
(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Government			
		2021		2020	-	2021		2020		2021		2020
REVENUES					_							
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	1,881	\$	3,062	\$	7,181	\$	7,378	\$	9,062	\$	10,440
Operating grants and												
contributions		1,261		1,321		-		-		1,261		1,321
Capital grants and												
contributions		1,284		280		815		-		2,099		280
General revenues:												
Property taxes		5,450		8,553		-		-		5,450		8,553
Sales Tax (shared and												
home rule)		20,739		17,002		-		-		20,739		17,002
Other taxes		7,295		5,785		-		-		7,295		5,785
Other		393		553		463		1		856		554
Total Revenues	\$	<u>38,3</u> 03	\$	36,556	\$	8,459	\$	7,379	\$	46,762	\$	43,935
EXPENSES:												
General government	\$	4,199	\$	3.945	\$		\$		\$	4,199	\$	3,945
Public health and safety	•	12,003	•	12,938	•		•		•	12,003	•	12,938
Streets, alleys & cemeteries		4,959		5,487						4,959		5,487
Culture and recreation		3,997		5,349						3,997		5,349
Development		4,264		3,969						4,264		3,969
Interest expense		319		596						319		596
Unallocated depreciation		1,297		1,267				_		1,297		1,267
Water		.,		-		3,387		3,549		3,387		3,549
Sewer						3,198		3,054		3,198		3,054
Total Expenses	\$	31,038	\$	33,551	\$	6,585	\$	6,603	. \$	37,623	\$	40,154
Excess before Transfers	\$	7,265	\$	3.005	\$	1.874	\$	776	\$	0.420	•	2.704
Transfers	Ψ	1,291	Ψ	(796)	Φ	(1,291)	Ð	796	Φ	9,139	\$	3,781 -
Change in Net Position	\$	8,5 <u>5</u> 6	\$	2,209	\$	583	\$	1,572	\$	9,139	\$	3,781
Net Position, May 1	\$:	50,599	\$	48,390	\$	19,687	\$	18,115	\$	70,286	\$	66,505
Net Position, April 30	\$:	59,155	\$	50,599	\$	20,270	\$	19,687	\$	79,425	\$	70,286

Normal Impacts

Revenues:

Economic Condition – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income, and sales tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.

Increase/Decrease in City Approved Rates – while certain rates are set by statute, the City Council has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, wastewater, impact fees, building fees, home rule sales tax, etc.).

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparisons.

Market Impacts on Investment Income – the City's investment portfolio is managed using a short-term average maturity and the market condition may cause investment income to fluctuate less than alternative longer term options.

Expenses:

Introduction of New Programs – within the functional expense categories (Public Safety, Public Works, General Government, etc.) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

Increase in Authorized Personnel – changes in service demand may cause the City Council to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent 51.26% of the City's total operating expenses.

Salary Increases (annual adjustments and merit) – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

Inflation – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

Current Year Impacts

Governmental Activities

Revenue:

The City's largest of revenues is sales tax which was 54.14% of total Governmental Activities revenue. The second largest source of revenue is property taxes at 14.23% of total Governmental Activities revenue. Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts generated \$5.34 million or 97.97% of the property tax. The variance in the above percentages from prior years are due to the City no longer levying property tax for Fire and Police Pension but instead using a portion of the City's three quarters of one percent increase in Home Rule Sales Tax to pay for those contributions. The property tax generated by the TIF districts must be used for development or other eligible costs within the TIF districts. Total revenues excluding special item and transfers increased by 4.78%. The net increase was due to an increase in capital grant revenue, sales tax and intergovernmental revenue which offset the decrease in property tax revenue and service charges and fees. The decrease in Charges for Services was a result of certain City revenue producing facilities being shut down by the Covid-19 pandemic.

Expenses:

Total expenses decreased by \$2.51 million from the prior year. \$1.35 million of the net decrease was due to a reduction in Culture and Recreation expense due to closure of facilities due to the pandemic. Public Health and Safety decreased by \$935 thousand due to reduction in GASB 68 pension expense. Streets Alleys and Cemeteries expense decreased by \$528 thousand due to a reduction of TIF expenditures. Gross payroll and benefits for the City for the current year was approximately 54.93% of total expenditures. The City contributes to three different defined benefit pension plans which are the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund and the Firefighters Pension Fund. See the Notes to Financial Statements for a detailed analysis of the various pension funds.

Business-type Activities

Revenues:

Charges for services decreased by \$197 thousand. The \$815 thousand in capital grants was the forgivable portion of two Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loans on two water projects. Other line item increase was from the sale of the old City lake.

Expenses:

Total expenses decreased by \$18 thousand over the prior year. The Water Department had a decrease of \$162 thousand and the Sewer Department had an increase of \$144 thousand. The decrease in the Water Department and increase in Sewer Department were due to various items.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

At April 30, 2021, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 20) reported a fund balance of \$ 22.62 million which is a 36.77% increase from the beginning of the year (\$ 16.54 million.) The main portion of the net increase in the General Fund Balance was due to a combination of \$705 thousand dollars received in grant monies for prior year grant expenses and \$388 thousand collected on previous small business loans which were designated for Committed balance, \$982 thousand collected from the increase in the home rule tax designated for economic development. An increase in special revenue funds of \$1.33 million was due to unspent motor fuel tax and unspent Build Illinois Bonds totally \$649 thousand and \$836 thousand of the unspent portion of the home rule sales tax committed to payment of future police and fire pension contributions. The main portion of the increase in the capital project fund was the sale and transfer of the old city lake to the project fund. \$5.89 million is in unassigned general fund types indicating availability for continuing City services. The \$6.81 million in committed funds represents cash reserves which are set aside for emergency situations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City passes a Budget Ordinance as the means to provide legal authority to allocate funds to specific spending activities. Transfers between line items within a department do not require Council approval. If required, the City passes budget revisions to approve the spending of funds which were not anticipated. The Budget Ordinance is on the cash basis of accounting.

The general fund budget was amended for \$2.00 million in net increases. Capital Outlay had an increase of \$1.40 million \$1.125 million of the increase was for the purchase of the Motel Marion.

Table 3
Budget Compared to Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021
(in thousands)

	Original	Amended	
General Fund Types	Budget	Budget	Actual
Expenditures			
General government	\$4,136	\$4,430	\$3,932
Public health and safety	9,641	9,800	9,689
Streets, alleys &	·	•	•
Cemeteries	3,463	3,463	3,437
Cultural and recreation	1,162	1,162	516
Development	761	905	958
Debt Service	273	283	272
Capital Outlay	551	1,946	2,055
Total	\$19,987	\$21,989	\$20,859

Capital Assets

At the end of Fiscal year 2021, the City's Governmental Funds had invested \$102 million, net of depreciation (see Notes to Financial Statements #5) in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure as reflected in the following schedule.

Table 4
Governmental Funds
Change in Capital Assets
(in thousands)

	Balance April 30, 2020	,	Net Additions/ Deletions	т	ransfers		Balance April 30, 2021
Non-depreciable Assets	•						
Land	\$ 27,794	\$	190	\$	_	\$	27,984
Construction in Progress	1,836		(399)	•	(233)	•	1,204
Other Capital Assets	•		(/		(===)		.,
Infrastructure	73,120		1,630		_		74,750
Parking Lot improvements	538		25		_		563
Buildings	42,488		798		-		43,286
Machinery and Equipment	5,487		180		_		5,667
Vehicles	6.079		179		_		6,258
Software	171		28		-		199
Land Improvements Less Accumulated Depreciation	414		67		-		481
on Other Capital Assets	 (55,744)		(2,944)				(58,688)
Totals	\$ 102,183	\$_	(246)_	\$	(233)_	\$	101,704

Debt Outstanding

The City of Marion has an Aa3 rating with Moody's Ratings Service. As a home rule authority, the City does not have a legal debt limit. As of April 30, 2021, the City had total long-term debt and loans payable of \$31.88 million. The schedule below does not include liabilities owed for accrued vacation, pension and other post-employment benefits which are detailed on the Statement of Net Position on page 18 and further explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Table 5
Changes in Long-Term Debt
(in thousands)

	Balance April 30, 2020	Net dditions/ Deletions	Balance April 30, 2021
Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt Other Contractual Liabilities	\$ 18,041 8,791	\$ (2,474) (733)	\$ 15,567 8,058
Governmental Activities Total	\$ 26,832	\$ (3,207)	\$ 23,625

CITY OF MARION, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

\$	4,072	\$	(762)	\$	3,310
_	3,500		1,440		4,940
\$	7,572		678		8,250
e	34,404	•	(2,529)	•	31,87
	\$ 	\$ 7,572	3,500 \$ 7,572	3,500 1,440 \$ 7,572 678	3,500 1,440 \$ 7,572 678

The City during the year incurred bank loans and a refunding of bond debt in the amount of \$15.09 million while paying off \$17.62 million in total debt. See Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements for additional detail.

Economic Factors

Economic factors continued on a positive pace as shown by unemployment numbers, increasing single-family home and commercial building permits, and increasing consumer spending.

Unemployment over the fiscal year was driven by the pandemic and experienced a high of 17.7% in April 2020, and a low of 5.4% in November 2020. The 12-month unemployment average for the fiscal year was 5.07%, which is a slight increase over the previous fiscal year.

Commercial building permits increased in number but decreased in total investment with 38 permits issued, totaling \$10,696,941 while the previous year was 30 permits totaling \$15,505,487. 36 new home permits were issued, which was consistent to the previous year and there was 1 apartment/duplex building permit. A total of 71 building permits were issued in the fiscal year which includes homes, apartments, additions, and commercial buildings which is a decrease of 54% from the permits issued in the previous year whereas, the total dollars invested in these buildings was \$18,589,694 compared to previous year total of \$18,042,053.

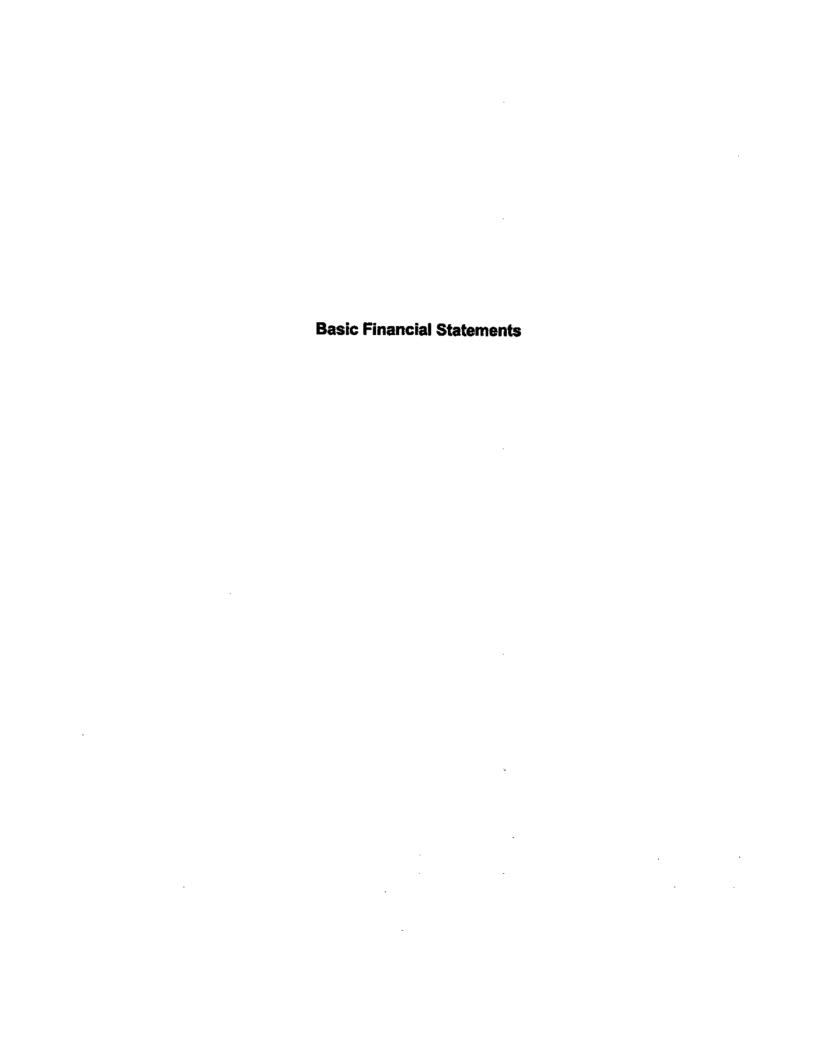
This year showed modest economic growth in consumer spending, as measured by retail sales tax which slightly increased over the previous fiscal year and continues a positive trend.

Most notable commercial projects in this fiscal year were Love's Truck Stop, Aldi remodel, Popeye's Restaurant, Drive-In Theater, and Texas Roadhouse which is still in construction, and several existing building remodels.

The city continues to be optimistic about economic activity, not only by ongoing interest in new commercial sites, but also by current business expansions. Most notable business expansions were to the Black Diamond family of businesses and their continued investment in retail expansion in Marion

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Steve Hale, City Treasurer, City of Marion, 1102 Tower Square, Marion, IL 62959.



City of Marion, illinois Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

	G	overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
Assets					_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,399,976	\$	1,618,782	\$	8,018,758
Restricted cash		62,295		1,748,526		1,810,821
Investments		9,812,939		793,650		10,606,589
Restricted investments		373,920		-		373,920
Receivables, net Accounts receivable		61,905		562,841		624,746
Property taxes		6.475,004		302,641		6,475,004
Sales taxes		5.648,785		-		5,648,785
Other laxes		496,080				496,080
Accrued interest		396,285		_		396,285
Grant receivable		40,091		15,105		55,196
Loans receivable		921,270		86,294		1,007,564
Bonds receivable		1,772,327				1,772,327
Intergovernmental receivable		508,443				508,443
Due from other funds		46,124		-		46,124
Inventory		•		370,966		370,966
Prepaid items		5,350		•		5,350
Capital assets, non-depreciable		29,187,785		5,414,217		34,602,002
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		72,516,774		24,816,325		97,333,099
Net pension asset				155,656		155,656
Total Assets	\$	134,725,353	\$	35,582,362	_ \$	170,307,715
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows, pensions	s	5.181,408	S	565,421	\$	5.746.829
Deferred outflows, other postemplcyment	•	10,250,761	•	1,757,829	•	12,008,590
Deferred outflows, debt refunding		124,628		***************************************		124,628
Delay of College, and resistant		124,020	_			
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		15,556,797	<u> </u>	2,323,250	\$	17,860,047
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	S	1,095,577	\$	352,681	\$	1,448,258
Property taxes payable		13,763		•		13,763
Accrued payroll		221,884		30,091		251,975
Accrued payroll related expenses		192,438		•		192,438
Accrued interest payable		10,939		17,522		28,461
Due to other funds		-		46,124		46,124
Customer deposits		•		670,598		670,598
Damage deposits		63,000		•		63,000
Uneamed revenue		181,288		•		181,288
Noncurrent liabilities:						a 70a 644
Due within one year		5,527,952		1,175,565		6,703,517
Due in more than one year		18,690,193		7,149,827		25,840,020
Total OPEB Bability		39,350,221		7,111,468		46,461,689
Net pension liability	_	8,454,304		<u>-</u>		8,454,304
Total Uzbilitles		73,801,559	<u>\$</u>	16,553,876	\$	90,355,435
Deferred inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	6,475,004	\$		\$	6,475,004
Deferred inflows, pensions		10,850,113		1,081,506		11,931,619
Total Onferred Inflows of Resources	\$	17,325,117	<u>.</u>	1,081,506	<u>\$</u>	18,406,623
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	S	82,452,446	\$	23,181,168	\$	105,633,614
Restricted for:						
Donor restricted expenditures		366,684		-		366,684
Public safety expenditures		1,861,703		-		1,861,703
Capital projects		2,234,031				2,234,031
Debt service		1,467,475		288,199		1,755,674
Cernetery		18,177		-		18,177
Maintenance of roadways		1,673,342		-		1,673,342
Tourism and recreation Development		1,681		-		1,681
Nonspendable		2,236,993 1,000		-		2,236,993
Unrestricted (deficit)				(2.100.427)		1,000
·		(33,158,058)		(3,199,137)		(36,357,195)
Total Net Position	_\$	59,155,474		20,270,230		79,425,704

City of Marion, Illinois Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

			Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Char	naes in	Net Assets
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities					***************************************			1044
General government	\$ 4,198,496	611,510	1,179,934	405.006	\$ (2,002,046)		\$	(2,002,046)
Public health and safety	12,003,017	285,793	15,200	226,450	(11,475,574)		•	(11,475,574)
Streets, alleys, and cemeteries	4,959,099	95,515		652,869	(4,210,715)			(4,210,715)
Culture and recreation	3,997,435	888,126	66,088	•	(3,043,221)			(3,043,221)
Development	4,263,662	_	•		(4,263,662)			(4,263,662)
Interest expense	318,490			_	(318,490)			(318,490)
Unallocated depreciation	1,297,387	_		_	(1,297,387)			(1,297,387)
Total Governmental Activities	31,037,586	1,880,944	1,261,222	1,284,325	(26,611,095)			(26,611,095)
Business-Type Activities								
Water	3,387,490	3,764,438	-	800,000		1,176,948		1,176,948
Sewer	3,197,608	3,416,256	_	15,105		233,755		233,755
Total Business-Type Activities	6,585,096	7,180,694	-	815,105		1,410,703		1,410,703
Totals	\$ 37,622,682	\$ 9,061,638	\$ 1,261,222	\$ 2,099,430	(26,611,095)	1,410,703		(25,200,392)
	General Revenues							
	Taxes							
	Property taxes				5,450,350	-		5.450,350
	Sales taxes				20,739,475	-		20,739,475
	Other taxes and fe	anchise fees			3,741,881	-		3,741,881
	Intergovernmental				3,552,775			3,552,775
	Investment income				144,466	6,148		150,614
	Miscellaneous				248,204	52,980		301,184
	Sale of capital asset	5			-	403,647		403,647
	Transfers				1,290,292	(1,290,292)		<u> </u>
	Total General Rever	ues, Transfers and	Special Items		35,167,443	(827,517)		34,339,926
	Change in Net Posit	ion			8,556,348	583,186		9,139,534
	Net Position - Begin	ning of Year			50,599,126	19,687,044		70,286,170
	Net Position - End o	Year			<u>\$ 59,</u> 155,474	\$ 20,270,230	\$	79,425,704

City of Marion, Illinois Governmental Funds Balance Sheet April 30, 2021

	General		TIF Redevelopment		Debt Service		Total Non-Major		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets	_		_							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,004,233	\$	57 6,650	\$	1,452,888	\$	2,366,205	\$	6,399,976
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		33,404		-		-		28,891		62,295
Investments	+	6,335,380		500,069		•		2,977,490		9,812,939
Restricted investments		10,814		-		-		363,106		373,920
Accounts receivable		51,390		-		•		10,515		61,905
Property taxes receivable		100		5,994,219		369,250		111,435		6,475,004
Sales taxes receivable	!	5,030,228		-		-		618,557		5,648,785
Other taxes receivable		358,423		•		-		137,657		496,080
Accrued interest receivable		10,575		-		-		-		10,575
Grant receivable .		-		15,761		-		24,330		40,091
Loans receivable		517,858		403,412		-		-		921,270
Intergovernmental receivable		452,285		-		-		56,158		508,443
Due from other funds		50,423		-		-		65,941		116,364
Prepaid Items				-				5,350		5,350
Total Assets	\$ 14	4.855,113		7,490,111	\$	1,822,138	\$	6,765,635	\$	30,932,997
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	495,690	\$	240,481	\$		\$	359,406	s	1,095,577
Property taxes payable	•	455,050	•	240,401	φ	-	Ð	·	Þ	
Accrued payroll		192,025		-		•		13,763		13,763
Accrued payroll related expenses		192,438		•		-		29,859		221,884
Due to other funds		10,167		-		•		-		192,438
		-		•		-		60,073		70,240
Damage deposits Unearned revenue		63,000 130,360						50,928		63,000 181,288
Total Liabilities	1	083,680		240,481		<u>.</u>		514,029		1,838,190
Deferred Inflow of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		100		5,994,219		369,250		111,435		6,475,004
onarana ratana property access		100		0,554,215		309,230		111,433	_	475,004
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		-		•		_		1,000		1,000
Restricted for:										
Donor restricted expenditures		13,232		_		_		353,452		366,684
Public safety		28,741		_		_		1,832,962		1.861.703
Capital projects		-		-		-		2,234,031		2,234,031
Debt service		-		_		1,452,888		25,526		1,478,414
Cemetery		_		-		-		18,177		18,177
Maintenance of roadways		_		-		_		1,673,342		1,673,342
Tourism and recreation				_		_		63,049		63,049
Development		981,582		1,255,411						2,236,993
Committed	6	,807,288				_				6,807,288
Assigned	_	50,561		_		_		_		50,561
Unassigned	5	,889,929						(61,368)		5,828,561
Total Fund Balances	13	, 7 71,333_	_	1,255,411		1,452,888		6,140,171		22,619,803
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and		000 440			_		_			
Fund Balances	<u>\$ 14</u>	,855,113		7,490,111	<u>\$</u>	1,822,138	\$	6,765,635	\$	30,932,997

The notes to financial stataments are an integral part of this statement.

City of Marion, Illinois Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 22,619,803
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the governmental activities of the governmental funds.	101,704,559
Interest payable is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred; these costs are recorded in governmental funds as expense when paid.	(10,939)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the curent period and therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.	(593,113)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, unamortized loss, and notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(23,500,404)
Long-term bonds receivable and the related accrued interest receivable are not due and receivable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	2,158,037
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB Costs are not reported in governmental funds.	4,582,056
Net Pension Liability and Total OPEB Liability are not reported in the governmental funds.	(47,804,525)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 59,155,474

City of Marion, Illinois Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

_	General	TIF Redevelopment	Debt Service	Total Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues				•	- -	
Property taxes	\$ 51	\$ 5,339,831	\$ 68,792	\$ 110,468	\$ 5,519,142	
Sales taxes	18,213,018	-	-	2,526,457	20,739,475	
Other taxes and franchise fees	2,699,994	•	-	1,041,887	3,741,881	
Licenses and permits	412,441	•	-	-	412,441	
Intergovernmental revenue	2,889,305	•	-	663,470	3,552,775	
Service charges and fees	537,968	-	•	930,535	1,468,503	
Grant revenue	1,831,838	70,899	•	642,810	2,545,547	
Investment income	94,667	5,859	3,124	9,466	113,116	
Miscellaneous income	169,557	40,216		5,529	215,302	
Restricted donations	9,400		-	4,502	13,902	
Total Revenues	26,858,239	5,456,805	71,916	5,935,124	38,322,084	
Expenditures						
General government	4,006,638	-		-	4,006,638	
Public health and safety	9,609,400	-		1,743,613	11,353,013	
Streets, alleys, and cemeteries	3,422,492	16,057	-	1,104,743	4,543,292	
Culture and recreation	484,816	•		2,471,386	2,956,202	
Development	829,106	2,579,475			3,408,581	
Debt service:	,				0,.00,001	
Principal	245,183	708,182	14,462,562	390,918	15,806,845	
Interest	27,161	,	566,078	33,885	627,124	
Capital cutlay	2,405,294	528,919		1,520,434	4,454,647	
Total Expenditures	21,030,090	3,832,633	15,028,640	7,264,979	47,156,342	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				•		
Expenditures	5,828,149	1,624,172	(14,956,724)	(1,329,855)	(8,834,258)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in (out)	(4,841,651)	(1,076,535)	3,534,200	3,907,726	1,523,740	
General long-term debt issued	1,330,160		•	450,355	1,780,515	
Refunding of debt			11,154,371		11,154,371	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	181,919	<u> </u>		275,000	456,919	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,329,572)	(1,076,535)	14,688,571	4,633,081	14,915,545	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,498,577	547,637	(268,153)	3,303,226	6,081,287	
Fund Balances - Seginning of Year	11,272,756	707,774	1,721,041	2,836,945	16,538,516	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 13,771,333	\$ 1,255,411	\$ 1,452,888	\$ 6,140,171	\$ 22,619,803	

City of Marion, Illinois Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	6,081,287
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they		
are capitalized and depreciated in the Statement of Activities.		
Depreciation expense	(3,272,327)	
Capital asset purchases, capitalized	4,454,647	1,182,320
Transfer of capital assets reported as transfers in Statement of Activities,		
not reported as transfer in governmental funds.		(232,757)
The effect of various transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins,		
and contributions) is to increase (decrease) net assets.		(1,428,042)
The net effect of transactions involving the loan receivable on the Special		
Service Area.		(37,542)
Compensated absences are reported in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but does not require the use of current financial resources.		
Therefore, this accrued expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.		271,7 44
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.		
Increase in OPEB expense	(2,008,608)	
Decrease in pension expense	1,569,462	(439,146)
The issuance of long-term debt (bonds,loans,leases) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental		
funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. Also,		
governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar		
items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and		
amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest		
is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds, an		
interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net		
effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:		
Repayment of long-term debt	15,806,844	
Interest	4,283	
Amortization of bond premium	335,817	
Deferred amount on refunding	(31,465)	
Issuance of long-term debt	(1,780,515)	
Refunding of debt	(11,154,371)	3,180,593
The Health Relmbursement fund is used by management to charge the costs of		
health insurance reimbursements to individual funds. The net revenue		
(expense) is reported with governmental activities.	_	(22,109)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>_\$</u> _	8,556,348

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Marten, Illinois Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds April 30, 2021

Governmental

				Governmental Activities
		Enterprise Funds		Internal Service
	Water Department	Sewer Department	Total Business- Type Activities	Health Reimbursement
Assets				740777070414414
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,048,289	\$ 570,493	\$ 1,618,782	\$ -
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,570,773	177,753	1,748,528	-
Investments	543,647	250,003	793,650	•
Accounts receivable	284,540	278,301	562,841	
Grant receivable	•	15,105	15,105	-
Loans receivable	86,294	-	66,294	-
Inventory	283,710	87,256	370,966	
Total Current Assets	3,817,253	1,378,911	5,196,164	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital assets, non-depreciable	5,292,716	121,501	5,414,217	-
Capital assets, depreciable	9,709,614	15,106,711	24,816,325	-
Net pension asset	108,292	47,364	155,656	
Total Noncurrent Assets	15,110,622	15,275,576	30,386,198	
Total Assets	18,927,875	16,654,487	35,582,362	-
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows, pensions	254,690	310,731	585,421	_
Grant revenue	878,755	1,079,074	1,757,829	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	933,445	1,389,805	2,323,250	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	287,423	65,258	352,681	-
Accrued payroll	14,841	15,250	30,091	-
Accrued interest payable	5,038	12,484	17,522	
Due to other funds	8,968	37,156	46,124	-
Compensated absences	36,259	39,755	76,014	-
Customer deposits	670,598		670,598	-
Bonds payable	225,148	558,264	783,412	-
Notes payable	168,560	223,593	392,153	
Total Current Liabilities	1,416,835	951,760	2,368,595	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Oonds payable	1,473,610	1,052,727	2,526,337	-
Notes payable	2,256,110	2,291,366	4,547,476	-
Total QPE9 tiability	2,649,318	4,262,150	7,111,468	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	6,579,038	7,606,243	14,165,281	<u>·</u>
Total Liabilities	7,995,873	8,558,003	16,553,876	
Deferred inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows, pensions	517,075	564,431	1,081,506	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	517,075		1 A91 E08	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		564,431	1,081,506	
Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12.070 nos	44 400 000	95 404 400	
Restricted for:	12,078,908	11,102,260	23,181,168	•
Debt service	110,446	177,753	288,199	
Unrestricted	(840,982)	(2,358,155)	(3,199,137)	-
Total Net Position				
1 Vid. 1161 FUSILIUJI	\$ 11,348,372	\$ 8,921,858	\$ 20,270,230	<u> </u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Marion, Illinois Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Governmental

				Activities
		Enterprise Funds		Internal Service
	·	<u> </u>	Total Business-Type	Health
	Water Department	Sewer Department	Activities	Reimbursement
Operating Revenues				
Service charges and fees	\$ 3,764,438	\$ 3,416,256	\$ 7,180,694	\$.
Miscellaneous income	27,412	16,223	43,635	6
Total Operating Revenues	3,791,850	3,432,479	7,224,329	6
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services	865,667	980,499	1,846,166	
Contractual services	50,417	48,935	99,352	
Utilities	80,409	287,619	368,028	
Repairs and maintenance	158,139	384,888	543,027	
Other supplies and expenses	68,531	381,633	450,164	-
Insurance claims and expenses	299,253	371,449	670,702	-
Water purchases	1,415,649		1,415,649	-
Depreciation	408,626	679,566	1,088,192	
Total Operating Expenses	3,346,691	3,134,589	6,481,280	<u> </u>
Operating Income (Loss)	445,159	297,890	743,049	6_
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	3,746	2,402	6,148	<u>-</u>
Grant revenue	800,000	15,105	815,105	_
Rental income	9,345	· •	9,345	_
Bond premium amortization	5,031	32,314	37,345	-
Interest expense	(52,981)	(109,605)	(162,586)	-
Sale of capital assets	402,797	850	403,647	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1,167,938	(58,934)	1,109,004	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital				
Contibutions	1,613,097	238,956	1,852,053	6
Transfers in (out)	(1,509,912)	(13,137)	(1,523,049)	(691)
Capital contributions	232,757		232,757	<u>.</u>
Total Transfers and Capital Contributions	(1,277,155)	(13,137)	(1,290,292)	(691)
Change in Net Position	335,942	225,819	561,761	(685)
Net Position, Beginning	11,012,430	8,696,039	19,708,469	685
Net Position, Ending	\$ 11,348,372	\$ 8,921,858	\$ 20,270,230	\$

City of Marion, Illinois Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Governmental

								vities
	Enterprise Funds Water Sewer							
					Total Business-		Internal Service Health	
		ertment	D	epartment		pe Activities		reement
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Receipts from customers	\$	3,734,796	\$	3,429,754	\$	7,164,550	\$	6
Payments to employees		(835,984)		(847,499)	_	(1,683,483)	•	·
Payments to suppliers of goods and services	(2,129,307)		(1,784,140)		(3,913,447)		_
-								
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		769,505	_	798,115		1,567,620		<u>6</u>
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Net operating transfers	(1,249,078)		103,104		(1,145,974)		(362)
Proceeds from capital grants		800,000		15,105		815,105		<u> </u>
				-				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital								
Financing Activities		(449,078)		118,209		(330,869)		(362)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	3							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,538,937		850		1,539,787		-
Interest paid on capital debt		(53,342)		(110,546)		(163,890)		-
Purchase of capital assets	(1,722,480)		(274,422)		(1,996,912)		-
Principal paid on capital debt		(220,031)		(729,769)		(949,800)		
Bond premium amortization		5,031				5,031		-
Proceeds from long-term debt		1,573,498				1,573,498		
		_						
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related								
Financing Activities		1,121,603		(1,113,869)		7,714		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Interest on investments		3,746		2,402		6,148		
Rental income, net		9,345		·		9,345		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		13,091		2 400		46 400		
Hat cash Floridad (oseo) by massing Mcdaines		13,091		2,402		15,493		<u>-</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,455,121		(195,163)		1,259,958		(356)
Cosh and Posh Equipments at Bosins as Assa				4 400 440		2.070.004		050
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,682,819		1,193,412		2,876,231		356
Change From Investment to Cash		(518,878)		(250,003)		(768,681)		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$. 3	2,619,062	\$	748,246	\$	3,367,308	<u>\$</u>	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	_	445 450	_		_			_
	<u> </u>	445,159	_\$	297,890		743,049	\$	<u> </u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation		408,626		679,566		1,088,192		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventories		5,861 (73,512)		(2,725)		3,136		•
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(269,941)		16,769 (523,465)		(56,743) (793,406)		•
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		22,739		(525,405)		22,739		·
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		53,024		(200, 150)		(147,126)		
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroli		(42,442)		(40,897)		(83,339)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		5,616				5,616		
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB tiability		440,750		793,961		1,234,711		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension tiability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(284,078)		(279,634)		(563,712)		•
н остроно продости предости		57,703		56,800		114,503		
Total Adjustments		324, <u>34</u> 6		500,225		824,571		.
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	769,505	\$	798,115	\$	1,567,620	.\$	6_

City of Marion, Illinois Fiduciary Fund Types Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2021

	Pension Trust Funds	
Assets		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	895,016
Accrued interest receivable		72,502
Investments -		
U.S. Government and agency obligations		7,433,994
Corporate bonds		3,038,078
Insurance company contracts		811,456
Mutual funds		8,802,632
Stocks		1,494,185
State and local obligations		257,099
Exchange traded funds		10,940,128
Payroll receivable		47,129
Total Assets		33,792,219
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		3,225
Payable from purchases of investments		452,365
Total Liabilities		455,590
Net Position		
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	33,336,629

City of Marion, Illinois Fiduciary Fund Types Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Totals	
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	1,691,152
Plan members		420,772
Total Contributions		2,111,924
Investment Income:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		7,044,457
Interest and dividends		748,837
Investment expense		(50,045)
Net Investment Income		7,743,249
Total Additions		9,855,173
Deductions		
Benefits paid		1,776,547
Refunds of contributions		52,298
Administrative expense		52,183
Total Deductions		1,881,028
Change in Net Position		7,974,145
Net Position, Beginning		25,362,484
Net Position, Ending	\$	33,336,629

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on February 24, 1841 and operates under an elected Mayor/Council form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, fire protection, street maintenance, recreation, and general administrative services.

The City's reporting entity includes the City's governing board and all related organizations for which the City exercises oversight responsibility.

The City has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies with activities which benefit the citizens of the City should be included within its financial reporting entity or as a component unit. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the City exercises oversight responsibility (which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters), scope of public services, and special financing relationships.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements to its governmental activities. The City also has business-type activities and proprietary funds on which to apply the pronouncements. The Police Pension Fund and Fire Pension Fund have been included as fiduciary component units reported as a Pension Trust Fund. The Police Pension Fund functions for the benefit of the City's sworn police employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Mayor, two elected police officers, and one elected beneficiary constitute the pension board. The Fire Pension Fund functions for the benefit of the City's sworn firemen and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Mayor, two elected firemen, and one elected beneficiary constitute the pension board. The City and the Police Pension Fund participants are obligated to fund all the Police Pension Fund costs based upon actuarial valuations. including administrative costs. The City and the Fire Pension Fund participants are obligated to fund all the Fire Pension Fund costs based upon actuarial valuations. including administrative costs. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the contribution levels. Accordingly, the Police Pension Fund and Fire Pension Fund is fiscally dependent on the City. Separate financial statements are not available for the Police Pension Fund and Fire Pension Fund. The significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are described below.

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basic Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The City's government-wide activities include both governmental and business-type activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Interfund receivables/payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The City's net position is reported in four parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; non-spendable; and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Funds are organized into three major categories:

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- (a) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- (b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The following fund types are used by the City:

Governmental Fund Types - These are the funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The funds included in this category are as follows:

General Fund Types - The General Fund and the Semi-Autonomous Departments (Cultural and Civic Center, Senior Citizens Council, Boyton Street Community Center, Revitalization, and Economic Incentive) are the general operating funds of the City. They are used to account for all financial resources devoted to financing the general services that the City performs for its citizens, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts and major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City's special revenue funds are the Tax Increment Financing Redevelopment Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, the Gas Tax Fund, Foreign Fire Insurance Fund, the Pavilion Fund, the HUB Recreation Center Fund, the Special Revenues - Police Fund, Carnegie Library Fund, Property Tax Fund and Goddard Chapel Restoration Fund.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of long-term debt including capital lease obligations, principal and interest other than those payable from Enterprise Funds.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Enterprise Funds).

Proprietary Fund Types - These funds account for operations that are organized to be self-supporting through user charges. The fund included in this category is the Enterprise Fund.

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Enterprise Funds - These funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Internal Service Fund — These funds are established to account for services and commodities furnished by a department of the City to other departments within the City.

Fiduciary Fund Types - These funds account for assets held by the City as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations, and other units of governments. These funds are as follows:

Pension Trust Funds - These funds were established to provide pension benefits for City police and fire employees. The principal revenue source for this fund is employer and employee contributions. The financial statements presented for these funds, the Statement of Plan Net Position and Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position, are not consistent with conventional basic financial statements.

Custodial Funds - This fund is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. The agency fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City does not currently have an agency fund.

Major and Non-major Funds:

Fund

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

Major Governmental:	
General Fund Types	Accounts for financial resources devoted to

Brief Description

financing the general services that the City performs for its citizens.

performs for its citizens

Tax Increment Financing Redevelopment
Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures

providing tax incentives related to the development, redevelopment, and rehabilitation of real property within the TIF

Debt Service Fund: districts.

Accounts for the payment of long-term debt

principal, interest and related costs.

Major Proprietary:

Debt Service Fund

Water Accounts for activities related to providing

water service to the citizens of the City.

Sewer Accounts for activities related to providing

sewer service to the citizens of the City.

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Permanent:

to maintain the Throgmorton gravesite.

General Projects Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures to

acquire and construct major capital facilities.

Special Revenue Funds:

improving roads and infrastructure.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund Accounts for the revenues and expenditures

of improving roads and infrastructure as authorized by Illinois Department of

Transportation.

Gas Tax Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

improving roads and infrastructure and other expenditures determined by the council.

Foreign Fire Insurance Fund Accounts for revenues received from the

Illinois Municipal League and the

corresponding expenditures of that money.

The money shall be used for the

maintenance, use, and benefit of the fire

department.

Special Revenue Police Fund Accounts for the revenues and expenditures

received from 911 fees, DUI fees, vehicle impound fees, and drug enforcement income. The money shall be used for public health and safety purposes as determined

by Illinois State Statute.

Pavilion Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

the City's event center.

the City's recreation center.

Goddard Chapel Restoration Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

maintaining Goddard Chapel.

Carnegie Library Fund Accounts for revenues and expenditures of

the City's library.

Property Tax Fund Accounts for revenues received from home

rule sales tax. The money shall be used for employer contributions to the police and

firefighters pension funds.

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Non-major Proprietary:

Internal Service Accounts for reimbursements to City

employees and certain retirees to cover medical claims for deductibles over \$500.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The accrual basis of accounting is also utilized by the proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The accrual basis of accounting is followed for presentation of assets of the Pension Trust Funds. Liabilities pertaining to benefits payable or refunds payable are presented on the modified accrual basis, with remaining liabilities presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Modified Accrual

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available." Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be "available" as they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for sales tax and telecommunication taxes which are 90 days. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Taxes (excluding property taxes), licenses, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when paid.

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Annual Budget Ordinance

The City Council annually passes a budget ordinance which includes all fund types using the cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Each fund's budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: salaries and benefits, services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, debt service. All unexpended budgetary items lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and cash on deposit with financial institutions that can be withdrawn without prior notice or penalty. Cash equivalents include short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. For purposes of proprietary fund statement of cash flows presentation, cash and cash equivalents totaled \$3,367,308 at April 30, 2021.

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all City funds. Certain funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in a common checking account, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying value which reasonably estimates fair value.

G. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Bad debts of the General Fund are accounted for by the allowance reserve method in recognizing bad debt expense. This method better matches the cost of operating the fund with revenues of the fund and is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

H. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method, and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption for governmental funds and the proprietary funds. Reported inventories of governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

I. Due To and Due From Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position.

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Restricted Assets

Enterprise funds and debt service funds are required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources (consisting of cash and temporary investments) that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Carnegie Library, Senior Citizens, Boyton Street, and Civic Center are required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources (consisting of cash and temporary investments) that can be used only for donor-designated purchases.

K. Capital Assets

The City is required to spread the cost of its capital assets over the assets' useful lives. These capital assets include land, buildings, and related equipment. The depreciation expense amounts charged to each of the functions are in the statement of activities.

The City's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government wide financial statements. The City maintains infrastructure asset records consistent with all other capital assets.

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical or estimated historical cost, including all ancillary charges necessary to place the asset in its intended location and condition for use. Infrastructure projects with a cost of \$100,000 or more are also reported at historical cost. Donated capital assets requires measurement at acquisition value (an entry price). Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that exceed \$15,000 for building improvements, \$10,000 for land improvements, \$50,000 for water and sewer line improvements, and \$10,000 for software, and which significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Depreciation on all assets is calculated using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of assets are based on local government suggested basis, past experience, or other reliable sources. Useful lives typically will not exceed fifty (50) years. The following estimated useful lives are used for depreciation purposes:

Infrastructure 15-40 years
Buildings and improvements 15-50 years
Furniture and equipment 5-20 years

Property, plant and equipment acquired for proprietary funds is capitalized in the respective fund to which it applies.

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost. Assets acquired by gift or bequest are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of transfer.

Depreciation of exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary funds' balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation applied to the cost of each class of property, plant and equipment. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets of the Water and Sewer departments are as follows:

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Buildings and grounds	15-75 years
Improvements	15-75 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Water and sewer lines	50-75 years

L. Compensated absences

For the City as a whole, benefit pay is accrued for benefits earned but not taken at April 30, 2021. Unused vacation time cannot be carried over to subsequent years with the exception of the Police Department.

Police Department officers may carryover up to 40 hours of vacation to the first two months of the next year or six months of the next year if preapproved vacation has been cancelled by the employer. The City allows employees to accumulate unused sick leave to a maximum of 1,920 hours, for all except police officers and firefighters which is 1200 hours. Sick leave will be paid upon illness while in the employment of the City. This sick leave program also includes an annual buy-back provision upon the meeting of certain requirements, and is not paid upon termination except for police officers and firefighters which can be paid up to 600 hours of accumulated sick time upon retirement after 20 years of service. As of April 30, 2021, the liability for sick leave is \$2,318,127.

M. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Net position and fund balance classifications

Government-wide Statements

The government wide net position is classified into the following four categories:

- a) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- c) Unrestricted net position All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital asset, net of related debt", or "non-spendable."
- d) Nonspendable Consists of assets that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually to be maintained intact.

Fund Statements

The governmental funds' fund balance is classified into the following categories:

- a) Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b) Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.
- c) Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the City's Council approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the City. Only the Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

The City's policy is to maintain a reserve balance at minimum level equal to or greater than 25% of the General Fund current year budgeted expenses including transfers from the General Fund less capital outlays supported by specific revenue sources.

d) Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Unassigned fund balances are the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred amount on debt refunding is recognized as a deferred outflow, and the related expense will be amortized to future periods. Additionally, the City has deferred outflows related to pension and other postemployment benefits to be recognized in future periods and for pension contributions made after the

Note 1 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

measurement dates. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City reports unavailable/unearned property taxes in this category. The City also reports deferred inflows related to pensions.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 --- Deposits and Investments

The City and Pension Funds categorize the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices on active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Permitted Deposits and Investments — The City's investment policy allows for deposits and investments in interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposits, any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act, bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States, bond, note indentures or similar obligations held by an agency of the United States, State of Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET).

The pension trust fund's investment policies allows for the same investments as the City plus investments in general and separate accounts that are managed by life insurance companies with certain restrictions, corporate bonds with certain restrictions, common stocks listed on a national securities exchange or board of trade, and mutual funds which meet certain restrictions.

A. Deposits

	Primary Government			Statement of			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Fiduciary Net Position	Total		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,399,976	\$ 1,618,782	\$ 8,018,758	\$ 895,016	\$ 8,913,774		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	62,295	1,748,526	1,810,821	•	1,810,821		
Investments	9,812,939	793,650	10,606,589	32,777,572	43,384,161		
Restricted Investments	373,920		373,920		373,920		
Total Cash and Investment	<u>\$ 16,649,130</u>	<u>\$ 4,160,958</u>	\$ 20,810,088	\$ 33,672,588	<u>\$ 54,482,676</u>		

Note 2 — Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits might not be returned to it. The City's general investment policy requires all amounts deposited or invested with financial institutions in excess of any insurance limit shall be protected using one of two methods. The first method is a) collateralization with securities eligible for City investment or any other high-quality, interest bearing security, b) the second method is using an irrevocable letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Chicago. The market value of the pledged securities shall equal or exceed the portion of the deposit requiring collateralization.

At April 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions, which includes demand deposits, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit, was \$10,692,670 (excludes \$31,925 in cash on hand held at the City). The bank balance was \$17,231,459. As of April 30, 2021, none of the City's bank balances (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) were exposed to custodial credit risk.

During the year ended April 30, 2021, the depository banks used by the City had pledged \$1,419,432 in federal securities by U.S. Bank to secure the City's deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the FDIC. The pledged securities are held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent in the City's name.

The City also had a \$11,225,000 irrevocable letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank to cover deposits held by First Southern Bank.

B. Investments

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Funds' share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

The Illinois Investment Fund (IMET) is a nonprofit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The IMET Convenience Fund is not rated. Investments are valued at the fund's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

As of April 30, 2021, the City, including pension trust funds, had the following investments and maturities:

Note 2 — Deposits and Investments (Continued)

		Investment Maturities (In Years)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10	Moody's Rating	
Mutual funds	\$ 8,802,632	\$ 8,802,632	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	
Common stocks	1,615,192	1,615,192	-	-	-	N/A	
Municipal bonds	257,099	•	257,099	-	•	AA3-A2	
Federal National Mortgage							
Association	441,120	-	-	79,623	361,497	AAA	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	•			-	-		
Corp.	85,890	-	•	35,921	49,969		
United States Treasury	6,906,984	415,370	4,776,923	1,714,691		N/A	
Insurance contracts - Fixed	811,456	· -	811,456	· · · · -	-	N/A	
Illinois Funds Money Market	9,376,652	9,376,652	•	-	-	N/A	
Corporate Bonds	3,038,078	119,741	1,842,084	1,076,253		AAA-BAA3	
Exchange traded funds	10,940,128	10,940,128	-	-	-	N/A	
IMET	1,482,850	1,482,850				N/A	
Total	\$ 43,758,081	\$ 32,752,565	\$_7,687,562	\$ 2,906,488	\$ 411,466		

All of the investments listed above, except for Illinois Funds Money Market and IMET, are valued using Level 1 inputs.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations.

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Risk

The City's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations:

Highly Sensitive Investments	Fair Value
Federal agency securities. Some of these securities are subject to early	
payment in a period of declining interest rates. The resultant reduction in	
expected total cash flows affects the fair value of these securities and	
makes the fair values of these securities highly sensitive to changes in	
interest rates.	\$ 527,010

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City minimizes its exposure to credit risk by limiting its investments to the safest types of securities; by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers which the City will do business; and by diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

Note 2 — Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. Disclosures are required for any issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments, exclusive of mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, external investment pools and investments issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government. The investment policy of the City contains a 50% limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and the Illinois Public Treasurers Investment Pool.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value, as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The City had no foreign currency risk as of April 30, 2021.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments, other than the following provision for investments: a list will be maintained of financial institutions authorized to provide investment services. In addition, a list will also be maintained of approved security broker/dealers selected by creditworthiness who maintain an office in the State of Illinois. These may include primary dealers or regional dealers that qualify under Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule). The policy also states that, at the request of the City, the firms performing investment services for the City shall provide their most current audited financial statements and or their most current Consolidated Report of Condition (call report) for review. At year end, none of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk due to one of the following:

- Investments were part of an insured poof
- Investments were book-entry only in the name of the City and were fully insured
- Investments were part of a mutual fund
- Investments were held by an agent in the City's name
- Investments which are secured by an irrevocable letter of credit with the FHLB of Chicago.

Douton

Note 3 — Restricted Assets

Governmental Funds

Cash	Permanent Fund \$	Pavilion Fund \$ 25,526	General \$ 30,991	Senior Citizens Council \$	Marion Camegie <u>Library</u> \$ 3,365	Street Community Center \$ 2,413
Certificates of deposit Total	1,957 \$ 1,957	\$ 25,526	\$ 30,991	10,814 \$ 10,814	361,149 \$ 364,514	\$2,413

Note 3 — Restricted Assets (Continued)

Restricted assets of the General Fund represent restricted grant monies which are restricted as to the type of expenditures allowed.

Restricted assets of the Library and Senior Citizens Council represent donations received in which the principal and sometimes the earnings of these assets are restricted as to the type of expenditures allowed.

Restricted assets of the Boyton Street Community Center Fund represent a scholarship fund in which these assets are restricted as to the type of expenditures allowed.

Restricted assets of the permanent fund is for the upkeep of the Barnett and Throgmorton grave lots in the Rose Hill Cemetery.

Enterprise Fund

<u>vvater</u>	Department	Sewei	r <u>Department</u>
\$	1.570.773	s	177.753

Restricted assets of the Water Department is for debt service, capital improvements, and escrow.

Restricted assets of the Sewer Department are for debt service.

Note 4 — Property Taxes

Cash

The City's property tax is levied as of January 1 each year on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real property in the City. The County Clerk's Office determines necessary tax rates and extends the taxes based upon the equalized assessed values. Assessed values are established by the County Assessment Board at 33 1/3% of assumed market value.

Property taxes are due in two installments, the first installment is normally due in August and the second installment is due in October. Interest, at a maximum of 1 1/2% per month attaches to delinquent taxes. There is not a specific lien date, however, any property with taxes still delinquent are subject to the property tax sale which is normally held in December.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue when they become available to finance expenditures. This occurs when the taxes have been collected. Accordingly, assessed but uncollected taxes are reported in the City's financial statements as receivables fully offset by deferred revenue accounts.

The 2019 assessed valuation for property taxes collected in fiscal year 2021 in the City of Marion was \$342,807,730 and in the Tax Increment Funds were \$74,992,939. The tax levy for 2019 which represents the property taxes collected in fiscal year 2021 was 0.00002 per \$100 assessed valuation.

Note 5 — Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for the fiscal year:

	Beginning				
Governmental activities:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being			·		
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 27,794,344	\$ 1,585,539	\$ (1,396,192)	S -	\$ 27,983,691
Construction in Progress	1,836,334	1,291,334	(1,690,817)	(232,757)	1,204,094
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	29,630,678	2,876,873	(3.087.009)	(232,757)	29,187,785
Capital assets being			10,00,10001	1447417477	
depreciated:					
Land improvements	414,180	67,300	_	_	481,480
Parking lot improvements	537,579	25,000	-		562,579
Office equipment	566,795	5,294		_	572,089
Fixed mechanical	,	0,20 /			0.1.,000
equipment	1,918,132	_		_	1,918,132
Major moveable equipment	3,001,433	363,593	(188,554)	-	3,176,472
Vehicles	6,078,850	359,530	(180,035)		6,258,345
Railroad improvements	610,953		(100,000)	_	610,953
Mall infrastructure	19,157,897	_	_	_	19,157,897
Buildings	42,488,451	797.257	_	-	43,285,708
Streets	40,096,451	1,607,674	_	•	41,704,125
Bridges	946,386	1,001,014	•	-	946,386
Storm sewers	3,762,769	•	-	-	3,762,769
Sidewalks	2,655,327	_	•	•	
Flood control projects	5,050,469	-	-	•	2,655,327
Street lights	694,469	22,121	-	•	5,050,469
Traffic lights	145,694	22,121	•	•	716,590
Software	170,060	29,250	•	-	145,694
Total capital assets being	170,000			<u>.</u>	<u>199,310</u>
depreciated	128,295,895	3,277,019	(368,589)		404 004 005
Semenaren	120,230,030	3,277,019	(300,309)	<u>_</u>	<u>131,204,325</u>
Less accumulated depreciation					
for:					
Land improvements	238,758	24,314	_		263,072
Parking lot improvements	185,561	31,789			217,350
Office equipment	421,280	23,254	_	_	444,534
Fixed mechanical		20,201			777,007
equipment	1,151,847	117,740		_	1,269,587
Major moveable equipment	1,958,601	214,342	(163,647)	_	2,009,296
Vehicles	3,865,325	472,710	(164,664)		4,173,371
Railroad improvements	459,487	15,273	(101,001)	_	474,760
Mall infrastructure	19,157,897	10,210	-		19,157,897
Buildings	10,627,745	1,076,367	_	-	11,704,112
Streets	13,368,600	928,063	_	_	14,296,663
Bridges	524,555	23,660	_	_	548,215
Storm sewers	1,005,864	95,790	_	_	1,101,654
Sidewalks	438,273	88,461	_	_	526,734
Flood control projects	2,013,304	101,009	_	_	2,114,313
Street lights	170,200	35,553	-		205,753
Traffic lights	5,464	7,285	<u>.</u>	_	12,749
Software	150,774	16,717			167,491
Total accumulated	700,174				
depreciation	55 743 535	3,272,327	/328 311\		58,687,551
		<u> </u>	1929,9111	<u>-</u>	70,00,100
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	72,552,360	4.692	(40,278)		72,516,774
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$_102,183,038	\$ 2.881.565	\$ (3,127,287)	\$ (232.757)	\$ 101 704 650
			* harring	w	**************************************

Note 5 — Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 104,162
Public health and safety	563,420
Streets, alleys and cemeteries	321,828
Cultural and recreation	985,530
Unallocated	1,297,387
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 3.272.327

Business-type activities:	Beginning Batance	Additions	Deletions	Transfer	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being	Datative	70000013	Détetions		Litting Delonic
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,544,128	\$ 24,129	s -	\$ -	\$ 3,568,257
Construction in progress	893.011	1,899,070	(946,121)	•	1,845,960
Total capital assets not	000.011		10-10,14-17		1,0,10,000
being depreciated	4.437,139	1,923,199	(946.121)	-	5,414,217
			10.10[72.17	"	
Capital assets being					
depreciated:					
Land improvements	65,505	-	-	-	65,505
Structures	2.982.865	-	(184,560)		2,798,305
Bulldings	18,764,039	-	•	-	18,764,039
Fixed equipment	3,183,227	77,470	(302,156)	-	2,958,541
Equipment and machinery	1,283,914	5,199	(140,604)	-	1,148,509
Trucks and tractors	1,380,299	68,513	(27,589)	-	1,421,223
Transmission and	.,		(,,		.,
distribution systems	15.404.340	635,896	(2,669,797)	232,757	13,603,196
Lift stations	1,148,934	•	(2,000,1.0.)	202,707	1,148,934
Total capital assets	1,1-1,0,00				
being depreciated	44,213,123	787,078	(3,324,706)	232,757	41,908,252
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	31,676	3,112	_	_	34.788
Structures	953.344	60.191	(163,088)	_	850.447
Buildings	8.694,369	448,523	(100,000)	_	9,142,892
Fixed equipment	992,867	100,895	(203,195)		890,567
Equipment and machinery	940,283	52.646	(168,938)	_	823,991
Trucks and tractors	1.038.840	83,700	(27,588)	-	1.094.952
Transmission and	1,030,040	03,700	(27,300)	-	1,004,832
distribution systems	4.800.951	294.688	(1,625,756)		3,469,883
Lift stations	739.970	44,437	(1,023,730)	_	784,407
Total accumulated		44,431	<u>.</u>		104,401
depreciation	18,192,300	1,088,192	(2,188,565)		17,091,927
<u>depregation</u>	10,182,300	1,000,192	[2,100,303]	<u>-</u>	11,001,021
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	26,020,823	(68,357)	(1,136,141)	232,757	24,816,325
Distingen have noted the section					
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 30,457,962</u>	<u>\$1,622,085</u>	\$ (2,082,262)	\$ 232,757	\$ 30,230,542
ANAMAS INC.		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ياد كناهوا إنال	H THE CALL OF THE CANAL PROPERTY OF THE CANA

Business-type activities:	
Water	 408,626
Sewer	 679,566
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,088,192

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt

Legal Debt Margin

The City of Marion, Illinois is a home rule municipality. Under the Illinois Compiled Statutes, a home rule government may issue notes and bonds in excess of any statutory limitation and they shall not reduce the debt incurring power otherwise authorized for any such unit of government. Therefore, the City of Marion, Illinois has no legal debt limitation.

Changes in Long-Term Debt for Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of long-term transactions of the City's governmental activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balan <u>ce</u>	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds-					
Pavilion Bonds, series					
2011	\$ 540,165	\$ -	\$ 212,991	\$ 327,174	- ,
GO Bonds, series 2014	3,230,000	-	290,000	2,940,000	300,000
GO Bonds, series 2013	2,625,000	-	2,625,000	-	-
GO Bonds, series 2012	9,720,000	-	9,720,000	-	-
GO Bonds, series 2011A	700,000	-	345,000	355,000	355,000
GO Bonds, series 2019	642,084	-	99,562	542,522	102,430
GO Bonds, series 2020	-	10,000,000	•	10,000,000	
GO Bonds, series 2020A		902,000		902,000	902,000
Subtotal	17,457,249	10,902,000	13,292,553	15,066,696	1,880,988
Add - Premium on bonds	584,028	252,371	335,817	500,582	27,377
Total Bonds Payable	18,041,277	11,154,371	13,628,370	<u>15,567,278</u>	<u>1,908,365</u>
Other Liabilities -					
Capital Lease Payable	516,822	-	120,097	396,725	106,527
Notes Payable	8,274,624	1,780,615	2,394,210	7,661,029	3,513,060
Compensated Absences	864,860		271,747	593,113	-
Total OPEB Liability	31,452,335	7,897,886	•	39,350,221	-
Net Pension Liability	16,072,930		<u>7,618,626</u>	<u>8,454,304</u>	
Total Other Liabilities	57,181,571	9,678,501	10,404,680	56,455,392	3,619,587
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 75,222,848	\$ 20,832,872	\$ 24,033,050	\$ 72,022,670	<u>\$ 5,527,952</u>

For governmental activities the General Fund makes payments on the compensated absences, OPEB liability and net pension liability.

The City's outstanding bonds and notes payable from direct borrowings related to governmental activities are \$1,771,696 and \$7,661,029, respectively. There are no special provisions to these issues. In regards to the notes payable, \$2,582,665 of the debt has specific collateral attached to it.

On October 29, 2020 the City completed a current refunding (Exempt General Obligation Bond - Series 2020) of the remaining \$9,720,000 of the Exempt General Obligation Bond -

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Series 2012 and \$390,000 of the Exempt General Obligation Bond - Series 2013. The current refunding will increase cash flow over the life of the new bond by \$833,550. The economic gain on the refunding was \$817,998.

On November 17, 2020 the City completed a current refunding (Taxable General Obligation Bond - Series 2020A) of the remaining \$902,000 of the Exempt General Obligation Bond - Series 2013 The current refunding will increase cash flow over the life of the new bond by \$18,536. The economic gain on the refunding was \$18,445.

General Obligation Bonds payable at April 30, 2021, are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation -

General Congation -	
The City issued \$3,115,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A, to pay off prior Special Service Area Bonds, dated May 19, 2011, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$275,000 to \$355,000 through January 1, 2022; interest rate is variable from 2.25% to 3.80%.	\$ 355,000
The City issued \$2,200,000 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, to refund prior pavilion bonds, dated June 21, 2011 due in monthly installments of \$19,208 through October 21, 2022; interest rate is fixed at 3.95%.	327,174
The City issued \$4,520,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014, for capital projects, dated December 23, 2014, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$200,000 to \$850,000 from November 1, 2015 through November 1, 2026; interest rate is variable from 2.00% to 4.00%.	2,940,000
The City issued \$10,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020, for capital projects, dated October 29, 2020, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$745,000 to \$1,330,000 from November 1, 2022 through November 1, 2032; interest rate is variable from 1.00% to 2.00%.	10,000,000
The City issued \$902,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A, for capital projects, dated November 17, 2020, due in November 1, 2021; interest rate is 0.75%.	902,000
The City issued \$745,000 General Obligation TIF Series 2019 Bonds, to pay off prior General obligation bonds Series 2007, dated August 08, 2019 due in annual principal installments ranging from \$99,562 to \$114,754 through October 15, 2025; interest rate is fixed at 2.88%.	542,522
General Obligation Bonds payable	15,066,696
Add: Premium on bonds	500,582
Total	\$ 15,567,278

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt (Continued)

As of April 30, 2021, \$1,478,414 is available in Debt Service Funds to service General Obligation Bonds and one note payable.

Debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 1,880,988	\$ 288,036	\$ 2,169,024
2023	1,855,996	243,152	2,099,148
2024	1,948,418	212,218	2,160,636
2025	1,981,540	180,889	2,162,429
2026	1,599,754	153,297	1,753,051
2027-2031	4,325,000	323,269	4,648,269
2032-2033	 1,475,000	 29,650	 1,504,650
Total	\$ 15,066,696	\$ 1,430,511	\$ 16,497,207

Notes	payable at April 30, 2021 are comprised of the following individual n	otes	: :
a)	0.00% note payable to Illinois Dept. of Transportation for engineering services for Morgan Street Overpass in monthly installments of \$2,500 through April 27, 2014 and then changing to annual installments of \$90,000 through April 27, 2025.	\$	360,000
b)	0.00% note payable to Illinois Dept. of Transportation for single point interchange ramps in monthly installments of \$50,000 through October 12, 2015 and then changing to annual installments or \$618,182 through October 12, 2025.		3,709,091
c)	1.700% note payable to Chase to refund General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2005, dated September 15, 2005 for annual installments from \$698,000 to \$1,406,000 beginning September 15, 2016 through September 15, 2021.		
d)	3.690% note payable to First Southern Bank for a police vehicle in monthly installments of \$2,048 beginning December 30, 2018 through November 30, 2021.		1,406,000
e)	3.080% note payable to Banterra Bank for laptops in police vehicles in monthly installments of \$2,189 beginning July 24, 2018 through June 24, 2021.		4,360
f)	3.240% note payable to First Southern Bank for a code enforcement vehicle in monthly installments of \$414 beginning March 8,2019 through February 8, 2022.		4,083
g)	3.690% note payable to First Southern Bank for an EMA vehicle in monthly installments of \$482 beginning December 30, 2018 through November 30, 2021.		3,335
h)	3.690% note payable to First Southern Bank for a mosquito abatement vehicle in monthly installments of \$347 beginning December 30, 2018 through November 30, 2021.		2,397

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt (Continued)

i)	3.690% note payable to First Southern Bank for a Cemetery Dept. vehicle in monthly installments of \$838 beginning December 30, 2018 through November 30, 2021.	5,794
j)	3.240% note payable to First Southern Bank for two Caterpillars for MFT Dept. in monthly installments of \$3,258 beginning September 30, 2018 through August 30, 2023.	87,756
k)	3.240% note payable to First Southern Bank for a truck for MFT Dept. in monthly installments of \$994 beginning December 30, 2018 through November 30, 2021.	6,876
I)	2.75% note payable to Bank of Herrin for Police Department in monthly installments of \$ 3,177 beginning February 16, 2020 through January 16, 2023.	65,036
m)	3.24% Note Payable to First Southern Bank for HUB Fitness EQ in monthly installments of \$ 2,195 beginning November 16, 2019 through October 16, 2022.	38,510
n)	2.77% Note Payable to First Southern Bank for Police Department in monthly installments of \$ 2,032 beginning May 03, 2020 through April 3, 2023.	45,453
0)	2.25% Note Payable to Banterra Bank for Gas Tax Fund (Street Department) in monthly installments of \$ 3,818 beginning March 10, 2020 through February 10, 2025.	167,940
p)	1.90% note payable to First Southern Bank for police cars in monthly installments of \$ 2,606 beginning October 28, 2020 through October 30, 2023.	76,281
q)	2.10% note payable to First Southern Bank for police cars in monthly installments of \$ 1,897 beginning September 9, 2020 through September 15, 2023.	53,590
r)	2.25% note payable to First Southern Bank for Kubota and attachments in monthly installments of \$ 1,388 beginning June 22, 2020 through June 30, 2023.	35,004
s)	1.50% \$10,000,000 Line of Credit with Banterra Bank beginning June 1, 2020 through May 31, 2021.	1,125,000
t)	2.50% note payable to First Southern Bank for construction loan beginning January 12, 2021 through January 15, 2032.	<u>450,355</u>
Total		\$ 7,661,029

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 3,513,060	\$ 40,905	\$ 3,553,965
2023	1,372,672	5,612	1,378,284
2024	793,134	1,620	794,754
2025	745,799	388	746,187
2026	618,182	-	618,182
2027	 618,182		 618,182
Total	\$ 7,661,029	\$ 48,525	\$ 7,709,554

Leases payable at April 30, 2021 are comprised of the following individual leases:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
a)	2.125% lease payable to U.S. Bancorp for Ford F250 in monthly installments of \$635 beginning November 1, 2017 through October 1, 2022.	\$ 10,629
b)	2.125% lease payable to U.S. Bancorp for 2017 International truck in monthly installments of \$3,099 beginning November 1, 2017 through October 1, 2022.	51,842
c)	2.366% lease payable to Government Leasing for 2 fire trucks in monthly installments of \$5,821 beginning May 18, 2016 through May 18, 2026.	 334,254
Total	Leases Pavable	\$ 396.725

Debt service requirements to maturity for leases payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	106,527	\$ 8,134	\$ 114,661
2023		82,683	5,840	88,523
2024		65,652	4,201	69,853
2025		67,222	2,631	69,853
2026		68,830	1,023	69,853
2027		<u>5,811</u>	 12	 5,823
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>396,725</u>	\$ 21,841	\$ 418,566

The City also has \$10,000,000 line of credit of which \$1,125,000 has been used.

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Debt for Business Type Activities

The following is a summary of the City's business-type activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021:

Business-Type Activities		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds -					_		_		_	
GO bonds, series 2014	S	2.025.000	\$	_	\$	510,000	\$	1.515.000	\$	525,000
GO refunding bonds	•	_,,	•		•	0.0,000	•	1,010,000	•	020,000
series 2017		1,870,000		-		215,000		1,655,000		220,000
Subtotal	_	3,895,000	_		_	725,000		3,170,000	_	745,000
Add - Premium on Bonds		177,094		_		37,345		139,749		38,412
Total Bonds Payable	_	4,072,094	_			762,345	Ξ	3,309,749	_	783,412
Other Liabilities -										
Lease Payable		15,471		1,200,000		6.305		1,209,166		118,110
Note Payable		3,484,135		951,990		705,662		3,730,463		274.043
Compensated Absences		113,428				37,414		76,014		
Total OPEB Liability		5,876,757		1,234,711		•		7,111,468		-
Net Pension Liability		408,056				408,056		-		-
Total Other Liabilities		9,897,847		3,386,701		1,157,437	_	12,127,111		392,153
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	13,969,941	\$_	3,386,701	\$	1,919,782	\$_	15,436,860	\$	1,175,565

The City's outstanding notes payable from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$3,730,463 are secured with specific collateral for each borrowing.

Enterprise Funds bonds payable at April 30, 2021, are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$4,575,000, Series 2014 to refund IEPA loan, dated December 23, 2014, due in semiannual installments ranging from \$165,000 to \$280,000 through May 1, 2024; interest is variable from \$2.0% to 4.0%.	\$	1,515,000
\$2,295,000, Series 2017 for refunding of Series 2008 bonds, dated October 13, 2017, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$210,000 to \$255,000 through October 15, 2027; interest rate is variable		
from 2.0% to 3.0%.		<u> 1,655,000</u>
General Obligation Bonds Payable		3,170,000
Add: Premium on bonds	_	139,749
Net Enterprise Funds Bonds Payable	<u>\$</u>	3,309,749

As of April 30, 2021, \$288,199 is available in water and sewer funds to service general obligation bonds and IEPA loans.

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Debt for Business Type Activities

The following is a summary of the City's business-type activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021:

Business-Type Activities		Beginning Balance		Additions	Reductions			Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds -			_		_		_		_		
GO bonds, series 2014 GO refunding bonds	\$	2,025,000	\$	-	\$	510,000	\$	1,515,000	\$	525,000	
series 2017	_	1,870,000	_			215,000		1,655,000		220,000	
Subtotal		3,895,000		•		725,000		3,170,000		745,000	
Add - Premium on Bonds	_	177,094				37,345		139,749		38,412	
Total Bonds Payable	_	4,072,094	_			762,345	_	3,309,749	_	783,412	
Other Liabilities -											
Lease Payable		15,471		1,200,000		6,305		1,209,166		118,110	
Note Payable		3,484,135		951,990		705,662		3,730,463		274,043	
Compensated Absences		113,428		•		37,414		76,014		-	
Total OPEB Liability		5,876,757		1,234,711		•		7,111,468		-	
Net Pension Liability		408,056				408,056					
Total Other Liabilities	_	9,897,847	_	3,386,701		1,157,437	_	12,127,111		392,153	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	<u> 13,969,941</u>	\$	3,386,701	\$	1,919,782	\$	15,436,860	\$	1,175,565	

The City's outstanding notes payable from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$3,730,463 are secured with specific collateral for each borrowing.

Enterprise Funds bonds payable at April 30, 2021, are comprised of the following individual issues:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$4,575,000, Series 2014 to refund IEPA loan, dated December 23, 2014, due in semiannual installments ranging from \$165,000 to \$280,000 through May 1, 2024; interest is variable from \$2.0% to 4.0%.	\$ 1,515,000
\$2,295,000, Series 2017 for refunding of Series 2008 bonds, dated October 13, 2017, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$210,000 to \$255,000 through October 15, 2027; interest rate is variable	
from 2.0% to 3.0%.	 <u>1,655,000</u>
General Obligation Bonds Payable	3,170,000
Add: Premium on bonds	 139,749
Net Enterprise Funds Bonds Payable	\$ 3.309.749

As of April 30, 2021, \$288,199 is available in water and sewer funds to service general obligation bonds and IEPA loans.

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$	745,000	\$ 93,575	\$	838,575
2023		770,000	69,225		839,225
2024		675,000	42,100		717,100
2025		235,000	24,088		259,088
2026		240,000	18,150		258,150
2027-2028	_	505,000	 <u> 15,225</u>	_	520,22 <u>5</u>
Total	\$_	3,170,000	\$ <u>262,363</u>	\$	3,432,363

Enterprise Fund notes payable at April 30, 2021, are comprised of the following individual notes payable:

Α.	2.90% note payable to First Southern Bank for Rolling Hills sewer system improvements, in monthly installments of \$6,270 beginning July 30, 2017 through June 30, 2027.	\$	423,856
В.	0.000% note payable to the State of Illinois for water-line replacements, in semi-annual installments of \$12,189 beginning October 15, 2011 through October 15, 2030.		231,583
C.	1.25% note payable to the State of Illinois for N.E. sewer-line extension, in semi-annual installments of \$33,675 beginning June 11, 2013 through May 11, 2033.		777,144
D.	1.25% note payable to the State of Illinois for sewer plant renovation, in semi-annual installments of \$59,128 beginning November 8, 2013 through November 8, 2032.		1,313,958
E.	2.21% note payable to the State of Illinois for water-line replacements, due in semi-annual installments ranging from \$13,490 to \$16,158 including interest through December 15, 2035.		401,758
F.	Initial disbursement by State of Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for water main loop and high service pump installation.		366,600
G.	1.50% note payable to the State of Illinois for elevated water storage tank improvements, in semi-annual installments ranging from \$4,330 to \$6,333 beginning November 15, 2021 through May 15,		
	2041.	_	<u>215,564</u>
Tot	t <u>al</u>	<u>\$</u>	3,730,463

Note 6 — Legal Debt Margin and Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Debt service requirement to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	 Principal	Interest		Total
2022	\$ 274,043	\$	50,204	\$ 324,247
2023	311,723		50,806	362,529
2024	307,796		45,887	353,683
2025	312,816		40,866	353,682
2026	317,940		35,742	353,682
2027-2031	1,353,299		114,513	1,467,812
2032-2036	709,885		37,290	747,175
2037-2041	137,793		7,767	145,560
2042	5,168		47	 5,215
Totals	\$ 3,730,463	\$	383,122	\$ 4,113,585

Enterprise Fund lease payable as of April 30, 2021 is as follows:

A. 2.125% lease payable to US Bancorp for 2017 Ford F250, due in monthly installments of \$548 including interest through October 1, 2022 \$ 9,166

B. 1.582% lease payable to US Bancorp for water tower due in semi-annual installments of \$65,108 tax exempt beginning July 13, 2021 through January 13, 2031

1,200,000

Total \$ 1,209,166

Debt service requirement to maturity for lease payable is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	Principal		Interest	Total		
2022	\$	118,110	\$ 18,676	\$	136,786	
2023		116,172	16,781		132,953	
2024		115,247	14,969		130,216	
2025		117,077	13,138		130,215	
2026		118,936	11,279		130,215	
2027-2031		623,624	 27,451		651,075	
Total	\$	1,209,166	\$ 102,294	\$	1,311,460	

Note 7 — Lease Obligations

The City is obligated under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore, the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the City's asset or liability accounts. The City also has recorded capitalized leases for the purchase of certain items. See Note 6 for additional information.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Summary:

Net Pension Liability

Net Pension Liability is reported in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	\$ (1,046,221)
Fire Pension Fund	3,715,192
Police Pension Fund	5,629,677
Total Aggregate Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,298,648

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources are reported in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	Net Differences Between Expected & Actual Experience		imployer ntributions	Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings			Changes in Assumptions		
Illinois Municipal		•		_					
Retirement Fund	\$	(13,585)	\$ 216,947	\$	(2,505,895)	\$	(98,838)		
Fire Pension Fund		(57,255)	-		(1,494,182)		220,871		
Police Pension Fund		(770,468)	 <u> </u>		(1,725,283)		42,899		
Totals	\$	(841,308)	\$ 216,947	\$	(5,725,360)	\$	164,932		

Pension Expense

Pension expenses are included in the accompanying statement of activities as follows:

	Pension	
	Expense	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	\$	(437,778)
Fire Pension Fund		345,830
Police Pension Fund		582,042
Total Pension Expense	\$	490,094

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

A. Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriffs Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

As of December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IMRF
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	102
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	64
Active plan members	1 <u>4</u> 0
Total	306

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2020 was 9.04%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, the City contributed \$580,220 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

C. Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial Cost Method	to Determine Total Pension Liability at December 31, 2020 Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Price Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% to 13.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

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For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

D. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2020:

	Portfolio Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset class	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Return</u>
Equities	37.00%	5.00%
International Equities	18.00%	6.00%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.30%
Real estate	9.00%	6.20%
Alternative Investments	7.00%	2.85-6.95%
Cash Equivalents	<u>1.00</u> %	0.70%
Total	<u>100.00</u> %	

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

E. Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.00%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%

F. Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 29,901,063	\$ 28,432,016	\$ 1,469,047
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	651,066	-	651,066
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,128,698	-	2,128,698
Differences Between Expected and Actual			•
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(102,736)	-	(102,736)
Changes of Assumptions	(272,871)	-	(272,871)
Contributions—Employer	` · · ·	567,142	(567,142)
Contributions—Employee	-	286,524	(286,524)
Net Investment Income	-	4,097,305	(4,097,305)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of		••••	(,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Employee Contributions	(1,730,486)	(1,730,486)	_
Other (Net Transfer)		(31,546)	31,546
Net changes	673,671	3,188,939	(2,515,268)
Balances at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 30,574,734</u>	\$ 31,620,955	\$ (1,046,221)

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plans net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Lower	D	iscount Rate	1% Higher
	 (6.25%)		(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 2,598,476	\$	(1,046,221)	\$ (3,863,041)

H. Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$(437,778). At April 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	0	Deferred utflows of esources	į	Deferred nflows of esources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	491,428	\$	505,013
Changes of assumptions		376,421		475,259
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,339,316		3,845,211
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in pension expense in	_	1,000,010	_	C,O+O,Z11
future periods	_	2,207,165	_	4.825.483
Pension Contributions made subsequent to the measurement				
date		<u>216,947</u>		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	2,424,112	<u>\$</u>	4,825,483

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources
2021	\$ (960,636)
2022	(358,570)
2023	(870,399)
2024	(388,036)
2025	(40,677)
Total	<u>\$ (2,618,318)</u>

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Fire Pension Fund

A. Plan Description

Fire-sworn personnel are covered by the Fire Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contribution levels are mandated by Illinois Compited Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The Fire Pension Board consists of five members. Two are elected by active plan members. One is elected by the retired members and two are appointed by the City. At April 30, 2021, the Fire Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Active members	25
Retirees and beneficiaries	16
Inactive, Non-retired members	1
<u>Total</u>	42

The Fire Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The Fire Pension Plan now has a two Tier coverage. Tier 1 coverage is for Firefighters employed prior to January 1, 2011. Tier 2 coverage is for Firefighters employed after December 31, 2010. Tier 1 employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly benefit of 1/2 the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. Tier 2 employees must attain the age of 55 or more with 10 years of creditable service to receive a monthly benefit computed by multiplying 2.50% for each year of service completed by the final average salary (as defined in the statutes). Tier 1 employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60and receive a reduced benefit. Tier 2 employees attaining the age 50 with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire with a reduced benefit. The maximum pension under Tier 1 or Tier 2 is 75% of the computed salary. The monthly benefit of Tier 1 employees who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of 55 years by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly benefit of Tier 2 employees shall be increased on January 1st occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60. Each annual increase shall be the lesser of 1/2 of the Consumer Price Index-Urban or 3% of the original pension.

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Fire Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective July 1, 2011, the City has until the year 2040 to fund the plan in an amount sufficient to bring the total assets of the fire pension fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities. For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City's contribution was 42.04% of covered payroll.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

C. Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial Cost Method	Determine Total Pension Liability and Contribution Rates Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year smoothed market, no corridor for contribution determination
Salary increases	Graded by age from 6.3611% to ultimate of 2.6220%
Payroll Growth	3.50% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75% per year
Retirement Age	Graded by age Tier 1 – 10% at 50 to 100% at age 65 Tier 2 – 3% at 50 to 100% at age 65
Mortality	RP 2014 Base Rates with Blue Collar Adjustment Projected to 2021 with Scale MP 2020

D. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Every year Marion Fire Pension's investment advisor develops 10 year capital market assumptions. The capital market assumptions on plan investments reflect market-implied equilibrium returns combined with Marion Fire's investment advisor's subjective views using a technique known as the Black-Litterman method. These returns are then used in robust stochastic analysis to produce the 10 year expected median nominal rate of return for each asset class in which the Pension is invested. This creates rolling 10 year expected returns that can fluctuate as expected market conditions change. Marion Fire's target allocations are then combined with the average expected return for each asset class to calculate a long-term expected annual return of the Pension.

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

	Portfolio Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	<u>Percentage</u>	Return
US Large Cap Equity	17.50%	6.75%
US Mid Cap Equity	11.00%	7.75%
US Small Cap Equity	7.00%	8.25%
International Developed Equity	13.50%	8.30%
International Small Cap Equity	4.50%	9.10%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.00%	11.15%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	5.50%	8.00%
Fixed Income (Investment Grade Only)	35.00%	1.95%
Total	100.00%	

E. Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 2.12%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

F. Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at April 30, 2020	\$ 18,091,649	<u>\$ 11,971,910</u>	\$ 6,1 <u>19,739</u>
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	416,887	-	416,887
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,193,796	-	1,193,796
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	432,935	-	432,935
Changes of Assumptions	11,817	-	11,817
Contributions—Employer	· -	673,801	(673,801)
Contributions—Employee	-	159,422	(159,422)
Net investment Income	-	3,626,759	(3,626,759)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of		, .	, , , ,
Employee Contributions	(749,145)	(749,145)	-
Other (Admin. Expenses)	(16,971)	(16,971)	
Net Changes	1,289,319	3,693,866	(2,404,547)
Balances at April 30, 2021	\$ 19,380,968	\$ 15,665,776	\$ 3,715,192

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

80.83%

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 6.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1	% Lower (5.75%)	Di	iscount Rate (6.75%)	1% Higher (7.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	6,559,679	\$	3,715,192	\$ 1,395,959

H. Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$345,830. At April 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	OL	Deferred utflows of esources	i	Deferred nflows of esources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	382,601	\$	439,856
Changes in assumptions	•	220,871	•	•
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		,		
plan investments		<u>758,930</u>		2,253,112
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	1,362,402	\$	2,692,968

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Net Deferred inflows of Resources
2022	\$ (288,445)
2023	(293,885)
2024	(304,328)
2025	(548,529)
2026	14,749
Thereafter	89,872
Total	\$ (1,330,566)

Police Pension Fund

A. Plan Description

Police-sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and the employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The Police Pension Board consists of five members. Two are elected by active plan members. One is elected by the retired members and two are appointed by the City. At April 30, 2021, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Active members	40
Retirees and beneficiaries	24
Inactive, Non-retired members	2
Total	66

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The Police Pension Plan now has a two Tier coverage. Tier 1 coverage is for policemen employed prior to January 1, 2011. Tier 2 coverage is for policemen employed after December 31, 2010. Tier I employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly benefit of 1/2 the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the police service at the date of retirement. Tier 2 employees must attain the age of 55 or more with 10 years of creditable service to receive a monthly benefit computed by multiplying 2.50% for each year of service completed by the final average salary (as defined in the statutes). Tier I employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

benefit. Tier 2 employees attaining the age 50 with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire with a reduced benefit. The maximum pension under Tier 1 or Tier 2 is 75% of the computed salary. The monthly benefit of Tier 1 employees who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of 55 years by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly benefit of Tier 2 employees shall be increased on January 1st occurring either on or after the attainment of age 60. Each annual increase shall be the lesser of 1/2 of the Consumer Price Index-Urban or 3% of the original pension.

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City's contribution was 38.93% of covered payroll.

A separate report on the police pension fund may be obtained at the City Clerk's office in City Hall.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

C. Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial Cost Method	to Determine Total Pension Liability and Contribution Rates Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year smoothed market, no corridor
Salary Increases	Graded by age from 7.3611% initially to ultimate rate of 3.622%
Payroll Growth	3.50% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75% per year
Retirement Age	Graded by age Tier 1 15% at 50 to 100% at age 65 Tier 2 5% at 50 to 100% at age 65
Mortality	RP 2014 Base Rates with Blue Collar Adjustment Projected to 2021 with Scale MP 2020

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

D. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Every year Marion Police Pension's investment advisor develops 10 year capital market assumptions. The capital market assumptions on plan investments reflect market-implied equilibrium returns combined with Marion Police's investment advisor's subjective views using a technique known as the Black-Litterman method. These returns are then used in robust stochastic analysis to produce the 10 year expected median nominal rate of return for each asset class in which the Pension is invested. This creates rolling 10 year expected returns that can fluctuate as expected market conditions change. Marion Police's target allocations are then combined with the average expected return for each asset class to calculate a long-term expected annual return of the Pension.

	Portfolio	Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>Return</u>
US Large Cap Equity	17.50%	6.75%
US Mid Cap Equity	11.00%	7.75%
US Small Cap Equity	7.00%	8.25%
International Developed Equity	13.50%	8.30%
International Small Cap Equity	4.50%	9.10%
Emerging Markets Equity	6.00%	11.15%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	5.50%	8.00%
Fixed Income (Investment Grade Only)	<u>35.00</u> %	1.95%
Total	100.00%	

E. Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 2.12%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

F. Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension (Asset) Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at April 30, 2020	\$ 22,282,774	\$ 13,390,574	\$ 8,892,200
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	767,261	-	767,261
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,464,611	-	1,464,611
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(114,210)	-	(114,210)
Changes of Assumptions	15,008	-	15,008
Contributions—Employer	· •	1,017,351	(1,017,351)
Contributions—Employee		261,350	(261,350)
Net investment income	_	4,116,492	(4,116,492)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of			, , , ,
Employee Contributions	(1,079,701)	(1,079,701)	•
Other (Admin. Expenses)	(35,212)	(35,212)	
Net Changes	1,017,757	4,280,280	(3,262,523)
Balances at April 30, 2021	\$ 23,300,531	\$ 17,670,854	\$ 5,629,677

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

75.84%

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 6.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	 1% Lower (<u>5.75</u> %)	Di	scount Rate (6.75%)	1% Higher (7.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,941,459	\$	5,629,677	\$ 2,927,336

H. Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$582,042. At April 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	0	Deferred utflows of resources	i	Deferred inflows of resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	1,062,051 42,899	\$	1,832,519 -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	_	855,366	_	2,580,649
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	<u>1,960,316</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,413,168</u>

Note 8 — Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Net Deferred Inflows o
2022	\$ (416,695)
2023	(401,727)
2024	(408,604)
2025	(689,141)
2026	(47,721)
Thereafter	<u>(488,964)</u>
Total	\$ (2,452,852)

Note 9 — Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees of the City of Marion, Illinois may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments).

The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the City. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The deferred compensation plan is administered by the City. Under the terms of an IRC Section 457 deferred compensation plan, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment of the deferred compensation amounts held by the City, are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The City holds no investment responsibility or liability for losses under the plan.

Note 10 — Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Plan Description

In addition to providing pension benefits described in Note 8, the City of Marion, Illinois provides the continuation of health care benefits to employees, who retire from the City. Employees who terminate after reaching retirement eligibility in the plan are eligible to elect to continue their health care coverage by paying the required portion of the monthly premium rate. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended through its personnel manual and union contracts. No assets are accumulated in a way that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement 75.

Note 10 — Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The City provides continued medical and prescription drug coverage at subsidized rates to all eligible employees, which creates an explicit subsidy of retiree medical and prescription drug coverage. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the City's retirement plans. Upon a retiree reaching age 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the retiree can choose to not participate in the plan or continue under the City plan at a Medicare Supplement rate which is also subsidized.

Membership

The City's Retiree Healthcare Program includes five employee groups.

At April 30, 2021, membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently re	ceiving
benefits	83
Active employees	<u> 158</u>
<u>Total</u>	241
Participating employer	1

B. Total OPEB Liability

The City's OPEB liability of \$46,461,689 was measured as of April 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

C. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal				
Discount (Interest) Rate	2.12%				
Salary Increases	3.50% per year				
Mortality .	Probabilities of death for participants were according to RP 2014 Blue Collar base rates projected to 2021 using scale MP 2020 for Police and Fire. For all others the RP 2014 base rates projected to 2021 using scale MP 2020 was used.				

Note 10 — Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

D. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at April 30, 2020	\$ 37,329,092
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	818,612
Interest	1,070,225
Benefit changes*	(279,752)
Differences Between Expected	• • •
and Actual Experience	288,949
Assumption Changes	8,337,778
Benefit Payments	(1,103,215)
Net Changes	9,132,597
Balance at April 30, 2021	\$ 46,461,689

^{*}Reduction of \$270,125 due to elimination of Cadillac tax. Reduction of \$9,627 due to reducing the subsidy to 50% for Police and Firefighters hired after May 1, 2021.

E. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB tiability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.12 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.12 percent) than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease	Đ	iscount Rate	1	l% Increase
		(1.12%)		(2.12%)		(3.12%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	55,640,006	\$	46,461,689	\$	39,336,228

F. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower (6.0 percent decreasing to 3.0 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.0 percent decreasing to 5.0 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	19	% Decrease (6.0%)	Di	scount Rate (7.0%)	19	% Increase (8.0%)
	De	creasing to 3.0%	De	ecreasing to 4.0%	De	creasing to 5.0%
Total OPEB liability	\$	38,972,847	\$	46,461,689	\$	56,186,360

Note 10 — Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,338,077. At April 30, 2021, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflows of
	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 254,178
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	11,754,412
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB	\$ 12,008,590

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
2022	\$ 1,728,992
2023	1,728,992
2024	1,728,992
2025	1,728,992
2026	1,728,992
Thereafter	3,363,630
Total	\$ 12,008,590

Note 11 — Fund Balance Reporting

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

A. Nonspendable Fund Balance -

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

<u>Throgmorton Endowment</u>. During a prior year, the City received a special bequest in the amount of \$1,000 from the Estate of Edna V. Throgmorton. This amount is to be kept intact and invested in interest bearing securities. The income derived is to be used for the upkeep of the Barnett and Throgmorton grave lots in the Rose Hill Cemetery.

Note 11 — Fund Balance Reporting (Continued)

B. Restricted Fund Balance:

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. \$415,179 of the restricted net position or restricted fund balance results from enabling legislation adopted by the City. The City has the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Restricted for TIF development</u>: This was created to restrict the use of all resources collected or earned by the Tax Increment Financing Funds for development of private and public projects in the TIF districts.

<u>Restricted for donor expenditures</u> - This was created to segregate a portion of fund equity for future expenditures defined by the donor.

Restricted for maintenance of roads: This was created by enabling legislation (state and local) to fund the maintenance and upkeep of City streets.

<u>Restricted for public safety expenditures</u>: This was created by enabling legislation to restrict the use of 911 fees, DUI, drug enforcement fees, vehicle fund, and foreign fire insurance collected for police and fire department expenditures.

Restricted for debt service - This was created to segregate a portion of the fund equity account for debt service, including both principal payments and interest payments. The restriction was established to satisfy legal restrictions imposed by various bond agreements.

<u>Restricted for tourism and recreation</u> - This was created to restrict the use of funds collected for the promotion of tourism and recreation.

<u>Restricted for cemetery</u> - This was created to restrict the use of funds set aside by the council for cemetery related expenditures.

Restricted for capital projects - This was created to restrict the use of funds set aside by the council for various capital projects.

C. Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (City Council). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action (resolution or ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

By city ordinance, the City has committed to a cash reserve policy in the general fund that requires a minimum level equal to or greater than 25% of the general fund's current year budgeted expenditures and transfers out. Council has a right to determine if any portion of the cash reserve should be spent and is required to take all necessary actions to increase the cash reserve balance to the 25% threshold in future years.

Note 11 — Fund Balance Reporting (Continued)

D. Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the Finance Commissioner as allowed by Council Resolution to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balance amounts are shown in the general fund.

E. Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the general fund for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

F. Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then assigned balances, next unassigned balances and finally act to reduce committed balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

	_Gen	eral Fund	Pe	Permanent Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,000
Restricted for -												
Donor expenditures		13,232		-		-		353,452		-		366,684
Public health and safety		28,741		•		-		1,832,962		-		1,861,703
Capital projects		•		•		2,234,031		-		-		2,234,031
Debt service		-		-		-		•	1,452	888,		1,452,888
Cemetery		•		957		-		17,220		-		18,177
Maintenance of roadways		-		-		-		1,673,342		-		1,673,342
Tourism and recreation		-		_		•		88,575		-		88,575
Development Property of the Pr		981,582		-				1,255,411		_		2,236,993
Committed for -		•										. ,
Cash reserve	6	807,288						-				6.807,288
Assigned		·										-,
Library		50,561		-		_		_		-		50.561
Unassigned	5	889,929		_		-		(61,368)				5,828,561
Total Fund Balances		771,333	\$	1,957	\$	2,234,031	\$	5,159,594	\$ 1,452	888,	\$	22,619,803

At April 30, 2021, the HUB Recreation Center Fund, a non-major special revenue fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$61,368.

Note 12 — Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at April 30, 2021 arising from these transactions were as follows:

	lr.	nterfund		Interfund
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Re</u>	ceivables		<u>Payables</u>
General Fund	\$	50,423	\$	
Camegie Library Fund		-		207
HUB Recreational Center		-		57,338
Gas Tax Fund		55,507		-
Foreign Fire Insurance Fund		-		515
Pavillion Fund		-		2,013
Water Fund		-		8,968
Sewer Fund		-		37,156
Capital Project Fund		10,167		-
Goddard Chapel Fund	·	267		-
Revitalization Fund				10,167
<u>Total</u>	\$	116,364	<u>\$</u>	<u>116,364</u>

Interfund balances result from the timing difference between when payments are made or receipts received and when transfers are made to and from other funds.

Interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Schedule of operating transfers within the reporting entity:

<u>Fund</u>]	Fransfer Out		Transfer In
General Fund Types -	_			
General Fund	\$	6,191,899	\$	109,036
Cultural and Civic Center Fund		-		472,457
Senior Citizen Council Fund		-		580,407
Boyton St Fund			_	187,348
		6,191,899	_	1,349,248
Special Revenue Funds -				
Pavilion Fund		-		81,670
HUB Recreational Center Fund		781,600		1,336,903
Motor Fuel Fund		· -		789
Gas Tax Fund		30,463		-
Foreign Fire Insurance Fund		1,395		-
Special Revenues Police Fund		13,725		2,813
Carnegie Library Fund		-		664,861
TIF Redevelopment Fund		1,076,535	_	-
		<u>1,903,718</u>	_	2,087,036

Note 12 — Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Capital Project Fund - Capital Project Fund	
Debt Service Fund - Debt Service Fund	<u> </u>
Enterprise Funds - Water Dept. Fund Sewer Dept. Fund	1,509,912 - 13,137 - 1,523,049 -
Internal Service Fund - Health Reimbursement Fund	691 - 691 -
<u>Total</u>	\$ 9,619,357 \$ 9,618,357

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 13 — Tax Abatement

As of April 30, 2021, the City provides tax rebates through two main programs. The tax rebates are in substance equivalent to tax abatements and thus disclosed under GASB pronouncement 77—Tax Abatements. The two main programs are as follows:

- 1. Tax Increment Financing District Redevelopment Agreements
- 2. Economic Incentive Agreements

Tax Increment Financing District Redevelopment Agreements

This type of agreement is authorized by the Illinois Statute 65 ILCS 5111-74.4 et. Seq., the "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act", the "TIF Act". The TIF Act allows developers to be reimbursed certain eligible projects costs for developments within the TIF District. The eligible costs are reimbursed to the developer through a combination of sales tax increment and real estate tax increment rebates or just real estate tax increment rebates. In all cases, the developer must first pay the tax and then request reimbursement of the tax paid along with proof of payment.

Note 13 — Tax Abatement (Continued)

In general, the sales tax increment is based upon a % of the municipal sales tax generated. Usually when a developer moves from a non TIF area to a TIF area any sales tax reimbursement must be above a baseline amount. Any real estate rebate is a percentage of the real estate taxes generated above a baseline amount. The baseline amount in most cases is the amount of equal assessed valuation at the time the TIF district is created. The developer will receive rebates until the earlier of the eligible project costs are reimbursed or the TIF ends. Specific details such as eligibility, special provisions, percentage of rebate, type of rebate, commitments by Developers, etc. would be specific to each Redevelopment Agreement, but all the terms in the contracts are per an approved Redevelopment Agreement entered into pursuant to the TIF Act. The following is the amount of taxes rebated during the year ending April 30, 2021 by TIF District.

	A	mount of Sales	An	nount of Real
Tax Increment District		Tax Rebated	Esta	te Tax Rebated
Marion TIF I	\$	5,262	\$	348,949
Marion TIF V		-		102,117
Marion TIF VIII		-		107,542
Marion Heights I TIF		574,409		701,167
Marion Heights II TIF		1,628		89,132
Marion HUB TIF		1,530		221,746
Marion Hillview TIF		5,115		148,128
Marion Little Tractor TIF				11,279
Total	\$	587,944	\$	1,730,060

The City is required to file an annual report on each TIF District with the Illinois State Comptroller. Those reports can be viewed on the Comptroller's website.

Economic Incentive Agreements

The City has also entered into Economic Incentive Agreements which are allowed under Illinois Statute 65 ILCS 5/8-11-20 et. Seq. These agreements allow for the rebate of a % of municipal sales tax generated by the developer for a specified period of time or sometimes until certain developer costs are reimbursed. As with the TIF agreements, all other details such as eligibility, special provisions, commitments by the developers, etc. are specified in each of the Economic Incentive Agreements.

Total Sales Tax Rebated \$ 109,554

Note 14 --- Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged municipal sales tax and real estate taxes generated in connection with the Tax Increment Financing redevelopment agreements with developers.

Note 14 — Pledged Revenue (Continued)

Effective July 1, 2005 the City increased its home rule sales tax by one quarter of one percent. The City has entered into an agreement with the Southern Illinois Baseball Group, Inc. (Developer) to pay them one-half of the sales tax increase (one eighth of one percent). The City pays the Developer by the last day of the month its sales tax portion for the preceding month. The Developer cannot use the funds for any purpose other than to satisfy construction loan obligations. The City's obligation will continue until the earlier of (1) thirty years after the City's first payment or (2) the date that all construction loan obligations have been paid in full. As of April 30, 2021, the Developer's portion of the home rule sales tax increase amounted to \$599,873.

Note 15 — Contingent Liabilities

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs: property, liability, and workers' compensation. During the year ended April 30, 2021, there were no significant reductions in coverage. Also, there have been no settlement amounts which have exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

Contingencies:

Litigation

The City is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the City.

Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Development

The City has various TIF districts for which they are contingently liable to developers as costs are incurred over a period of years. As eligible redevelopment costs are incurred, the City receives municipal sales tax and real estate taxes. The City in turn refunds a percentage of the tax increment to the developer based on the percentages specified in the various redevelopment agreements.

Note 16 — Risks and Uncertainties

Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit. It is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the statement of net assets available for benefits.

Note 17 — Commitments

In October of 2006, the City entered into an agreement with the Rend Lake Conservancy District to supply the City with a needed supply of treated water for domestic, commercial and industrial use. The agreement is in effect until December 31, 2046. The City may discontinue purchasing treated water from the District only if (a) the District has recouped its costs of providing water to the delivery point and the cost of the water storage reservoir or (b) the City reimburses the District for any remaining cost which has not been recouped by the District. Construction of the project was completed in July, 2010.

Note 18 -- Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated for inclusion as a subsequent event disclosure those events that occurred prior to December 17, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no events that require disclosure except as noted below:

Due to the Covid19 pandemic, as a precaution, the City negotiated a \$10,000,000 line of credit with Banterra Bank. As of the report date the City used \$1,125,000 of the line of credit for a purchase of property. The borrowed amount was repaid in the following year.



City of Marion, illinois General Fund Types lie of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Poloce

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) For the year ended April 30, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)	
_	Original	Final			
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 51	\$ (49)	
Sales taxes	19,100,000	19,100,000	19,298,585	198,585	
Other taxes and franchise fees	2,955,520	2,955,520	2,693,034	(262,486)	
Licenses and permits	429,950	429,950	412,441	(17,509)	
Intergovemmental revenue	2,440,700	2,440,700	2,769,345	328,645	
Service charges and fees	1,304,500	1,358,000	503,266	(854,734)	
Grant revenue	532,300	1,577,700	1,422,365	(155,335)	
Investment Income	143,670	143,670	73,812	(69,858)	
Miscellaneous income	160,950	160,950	243,979	83,029	
Total Revenues	27,067,690	28,166,590	27,416,878	(749,712)	
Expenditures					
General government	4,135,840	4,430,290	3,932,001	(498,289)	
Public health and safety	9,641,020	9,800,220	9,688,687	(111,533)	
Streets, alleys, and cemeteries	3,463,180	3,463,180	3,437,397	(25,783)	
Cultural and recreation	1,162,270	1,162,270	516,378	(645,892)	
Development	760.690	904,950	957,813	52,863	
Debt service:		44.,444	00.10.0	02,000	
Principal	251,400	251,400	245,183	(6,217)	
Interest	21,800	31,510	27,161	(4,349)	
Capital outlay	550,700	1,945,980	2,055,389	109,409	
Total Expenditures	19,986,900	21,989,800	20,860,009	(1,129,791)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	7,080,790	6,176,790	6,556,869	380,079	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in (out)	(6,664,020)	(7,302,490)	(7,459,242)	(156,752)	
General long-term debt issued	426,600	1,316,600	1,330,160	13,560	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		48,400	117,763	69,363	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,237,420)	(5,937,490)	(6,011,319)	(73,829)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 843,370	\$ 239,300	\$ 545,550	\$ 308,250	

City of Marion, Illinois TIF Redevelopment Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) For the year ended April 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis		Fin	lance with al Budget - er (Under)	
	Or	iginal	 Final		_		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	5,074,830	\$ 5,385,190	\$	5,339,832	\$	(45,358)
Grant revenue		-	104,480		104,483		3
Investment income		8,160	8,160		3,916		(4,244)
Miscellaneous income			 40,220		40,216		(4)
Total Revenues		5,082,990	5,538,050		5,488,447		(49,603)
Expenditures							
Streets, alleys and cometeries		486,050	518,920		40,529		(478,391)
Development		1,825,760	2,163,280		2,608,043		444,763
Debt service:							
Principal		708,200	708,200		708,182		(18)
Capital outlay		-	 553,560		558,492		4,932
Total Expanditures	;	3,020,010	 3,943,960		3,915,246		(28,714)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		2,062,980	 1,594,090	_	1,573,201		(20,889)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in (out)		1,221,570)	 (1,221,570)		(1,078,375)		143,195
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,221,570)	(1,221,570)		(1,078,375)		143,195
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	841,410	\$ 372,520	\$	494,826	\$	122,306

City of Marion, Illinois Notes to Required Supplemental Information April 30, 2021

The City Council annually passes a budget ordinance which includes all fund types using the cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Adjustment to budget basis from GAAP basis is due to timing differences. Each fund's budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: salaries and benefits, services and charges, supplies, capital outlay, debt service. For each fund, total fund expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts. All unexpended budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The fund financial statements in this report are prepared on the modified accrual basis. The budget ordinance is prepared using the cash basis of accounting. The following schedule reconciles the difference between the legally enacted budget and General and TIF fund expenditures:

	g	Actual on SAAP Basis		justment to udgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Budget		Variance Over (Under)
Expenditures	_									
General	_		_							
General Government	\$	4,006,638	\$	32,925	\$	3,932,001	\$	4,430,290	\$	498,289
Public health and safety		9,609,400		26,061		9,688,687		9,800,220		111,533
Streets, alleys										
and cemeteries		3,422,492		14,905		3,437,397		3,463,180		25,783
Cultural and recreation		484.816		30,677		516,378		1,162,270		645,892
Development		829,106		128,707		957,813		904,950		(52,863)
Debt service		020,700		1_0,.0.		201,010		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(02,000)
Principal		245,183		_		245.183		251,400		6,217
Interest		27,161				27,161		31,510		4,349
Capital outlay		•		1 606 470						
Capital Odday		528,919		<u>1,526,470</u>	_	<u>2,055,389</u>	_	1,945,980	_	(109,409)
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	19,153 <u>,715</u>	<u>\$</u>	1, <u>759,745</u>	<u>\$</u>	20,860,009	<u>s</u>	21,989,800	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,129,791</u>
TIF Redevelopment										
Streets, alleys and										
cemeteries	\$	16.057	S	24.472	\$	40,529	\$	518,920	•	478,391
Development	Ψ	2,579,475	Ψ	28,568	Ψ	2,608,043	Ψ	2,163,280	Ψ	(444,763)
Debt Service		2,378,473		20,000		2,000,043		2,103,200		(444,703)
		700 400				700 400		700.000		40
Principal		708,182				708,182		708,200		18
Capital outlay		528,919		<u> 29,573</u>	_	<u>558,492</u>		553,560		(4,932)
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	3,832,633	\$	<u>82,613</u>	<u>\$</u>	3,915,246	<u>\$</u>	3,943,960	<u>\$</u>	28,714

The City operated within the legal confines of the budget ordinance prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

City of Marion, Illinois Multiyear Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total Daniel and Link Was	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms	\$ 767,261 1,464,611	\$ 618,466 1,317,308 33,502	\$ 559,356 1,380,424	\$ 541,348 1,349,045	\$ 515,566 1,306,976	\$ 489,508 1,235,401	\$ 480,209 1,074,041
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and refunds	(114,210) 15,008	1,291,960 40,371	(1,755,490)	(487,598)	(279,109)	238,173	(850,327) 2,526,327
Other (Admin Expense)	(1,079,701) <u>(35,212)</u>	(1,119,621) (21,353)	(946,856)	(930,348)	(911,588) —————	(895,194)	(792,811) ———————————————————————————————————
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,017,757	\$ 2,160,633	\$ (762,566)	\$ 472,447	\$ 631,845	\$ 1,067,888	\$ 2,437,439
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	22,282,774	20,122,141	20,884,707	_20,412,260	<u>19,780,415</u>	18,712,527	16,275,088
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 23,300,53 <u>1</u>	<u>\$.22,282,774</u>	\$.20,122,141	<u>\$.20,884,707</u>	<u>\$ 20,412,260</u>	<u>\$ 19,780,415</u>	<u>\$ 18,712,527</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Member contributions Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Other (Net Transfer) Other (Admin Expense)	\$ 261,350 1,017,351 4,116,492 (1,079,701) - (35,212)	\$ 225,133 1,012,811 (470,338) (1,119,621) (21,353)	\$ 213,300 1,014,558 802,525 (946,856) (35,303)	\$ 202,395 997,462 838,002 (930,348) (25,250)	\$ 200,549 850,449 996,676 (911,588) (22,663)	\$ 180,337 722,600 173,455 (895,194) (11,262)	\$ 178,949 662,900 738,694 (792,811) (10,054)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 4,280,280	\$ (373,368)	\$ 1,048,224	\$ 1,082,261	\$ 1,113,423	\$ 169,936	\$ 777,678
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	13,390,574	<u>13,763,942</u>	12,715,718	11,633,457	10,520,034	10,350,098	<u>9,572,420</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	<u>\$ 17,670,854</u>	<u>\$ 13,390,574</u>	<u>\$_13,763,942</u>	<u>\$ 12,715,718</u>	<u>\$_11,633,457</u>	<u>\$ 10,520,034</u>	<u>\$ 10,350,098</u>
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A)-(B)	\$ <u>5,629,677</u>	<u>\$ 8,892,200</u>	<u>\$_6,358,199</u>	<u>\$ 8,168,989</u>	<u>\$ 8,778,803</u>	<u>\$_9,260,381</u>	<u>\$ 8,362,429</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.84%	60.09%	68.40%	60.98%	56.99%	53.18%	55.31%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 2,613,422	\$ 2,430,908	\$ 2,101,205	\$ 2,069,936	\$ 1,970,828	\$ 1,866,868	\$ 1,824,825
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	215.41%	365.80%	302.60%	394.65%	445.44%	496.04%	458.26%

City of Marion, Illinois Multiyear Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms	\$ 416,887 1,193,796	\$ 421,285 1,121,897 5,457	\$ 380,816 1,067,048	\$ 373,215 1,038,539	\$ 365,360 994,434	\$ 356,987 943,345	\$ 347,912 844,096
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and refunds	432,935 11,817 (749,145)	(46,100) 272,648 (631,570)	(4,911) - (532,212)	(458,631) (529,531)	(182,202) (519,657)	(31,022) (506,344)	(101,072) 870,309 (477,797)
Other (Admin Expense)	(16,971)	(14,764)		-	-		
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,289,319	\$ 1,128,853	\$ 910,741	\$ 423,592	\$ 657,935	\$ 762,966	\$ 1,483,448
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	<u> 18,091,649</u>	<u>16,962,796</u>	16,052,055	15,628,463	<u>14,970,528</u>	14,207,562	<u>12,724,114</u>
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	<u>\$ 19,380,968</u>	<u>\$ 18,091,649</u>	<u>\$ 16,962,796</u>	<u>\$ 16,052,055</u>	<u>\$ 15,628,463</u>	<u>\$ 14,970,528</u>	<u>\$ 14,207,562</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Member contributions Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Other (Net Transfer) Other (Admin Expense)	\$ 159,422 673,801 3,626,759 (749,145) (16,971)	\$ 150,991 670,792 (392,343) (631,570) 	\$ 148,466 671,961 686,637 (532,212) (17,665)	\$ 145,684 656,121 650,050 (529,531) (15,357)	\$ 142,499 550,277 653,365 (519,657) (14,789)	\$ 139,192 493,200 19,892 (506,344) (15,338)	\$ 133,500 425,800 512,933 (477,797) (22,225)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,693,866	\$ (216,894)	\$ 957,187	\$ 906,967	\$ 811,695	\$ 130,602	\$ 572,211
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	<u>11,971,910</u>	12,188,804	11,231,617	10,324,650	9,512,955	9,382,353	<u>8,810,142</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	<u>\$ 15,665,776</u>	<u>\$ 11,971,910</u>	<u>\$ 12,188,804</u>	<u>\$ 11,231,617</u>	<u>\$ 10,324,650</u>	<u>\$ 9,512,955</u>	<u>\$_9,382,353</u>
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A)-(B)	<u>\$ 3,715,192</u>	<u>\$ 6,119,739</u>	<u>\$ 4,773,992</u>	<u>\$ 4.820,438</u>	<u>\$ 5,303,813</u>	<u>\$ 5,457,573</u>	<u>\$ 4,825,209</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	80.83%	66.17%	71.86%	69.97%	66.06%	63.54%	66.04%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 1,602,842	\$ 1,604,657	\$ 1,600,401	\$ 1,543,819	\$ 1 ,511,781	\$ 1,475,356	\$ 1,431,067
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	231.79%	381.37%	298.30%	312.24%	350.83%	369.92%	337.18%

City of Marion, Illinois Multiyear Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year Ended December 31, Total Pension Liability	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms	\$ 651,066 2,128,698	\$ 650,197 2,001,545	\$ 601,509 1,963,085	\$ 611,219 1,982,884	\$ 591,756 1,919,498	\$ 556,314 1,813,559
Differences between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of Employee	(102,736) (272,871)	757,224 -	(435,519) 791,468	(618,757) (837,535)	(327,102) (31,862)	372,714 -
Contributions	(1,730,486)	(1,580,644)	(1,443,037)	(1,350,847)	(1,351,237)	(1,340,561)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 673,671	\$ 1,828,322	\$ 1,477,506	\$ (213,036)	\$ 801,053	\$ 1,402,026
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	<u>29,901,063</u>	28,072,741	26,595,235	_26,808,271	_26,007,218	_24,605,192
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	<u>\$.30,574,734</u>	<u>\$_29,901,063</u>	<u>\$.28,072,741</u>	<u>\$_26,595,235</u>	<u>\$ 26,808,271</u>	<u>\$ 26,007,218</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of Employee Contributions Other (Net Transfer)	\$ 567,142 286,524 4,097,305 (1,730,486) (31,546)	\$ 547,638 298,579 4,580,448 (1,580,644) 339,294	\$ 669,876 312,701 (1,417,569) (1,443,037) 303,198	\$ 651,087 274,662 4,125,252 (1,350,847) (1,129,183)	\$ 621,827 258,102 1,554,011 (1,351,237) (157,298)	\$ 618,207 253,187 112,070 (1,340,561) 33,620
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,188,939	\$ 4,185,315	\$ (1,574,831)	\$ 2,570,971	\$ 925,405	\$ (323,477)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	<u>28,432,016</u>	24,246,701	25,821,532	23,250,561	<u>22,325,156</u>	22,648,633
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	<u>\$ 31,620,955</u>	<u>\$ 28,432,016</u>	<u>\$ 24,246,701</u>	<u>\$.25,821,532</u>	<u>\$ 23,250,561</u>	<u>\$ 22,325,156</u>
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A)-(B)	<u>\$ (1,046,221)</u>	<u>\$ 1,469,047</u>	<u>\$_3,826,040</u>	<u>\$ 773,703</u>	<u>\$ 3,557,710</u>	\$ 3,682,062
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	103.42%	95.09%	86.37%	97.09%	86.73%	85.94%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 6,267,830	\$ 6,630,005	\$ 6,529,006	\$ 6,103,020	\$ 5,699,612	\$ 5,592,090
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroli	(16.69)%	22.16%	58.60%	12.68%	62.42%	65.84%

City of Marion, Illinois Multiyear Schedule of Contributions Police Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Re	Contribution elation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Covered Employee Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2021	\$ 1,058,015	\$	1,017,351	\$	40,664	\$	2,613,422	38.93%
2020	1,101,703		1,012,811		88,892		2,430,908	41.66%
2019	1,117,351		1,014,558		102,793		2,101,205	48.28%
2018	1,102,293		997,462		104,831		2,069,936	48.19%
2017	1,033,259		850,449		182,810		1,970,828	43.15%
2016	722,504		722,600		(96)		1,866,868	38.71%
2015	662,898		662,900		(2)		1,824,825	36.33%
2014	590,755		592,000		(1,245)		1,737,719	34.07%
2013	558,869		569,900		(11,031)		1,534,666	37.14%
2012	624,046		569,900		54,146		1,529,445	37.26%

Note: Beginning in the year ending 2017, the Actuarially Determined Contribution computation was revised to provide a 100% funding target rather than the former 90%. Actuarially Determined Contributions are calculated as of May 1 of each year prior to the beginning of the year in which contributions are reported.

City of Marion, Illinois Multiyear Schedule of Contributions Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	0	Required Actuarially Determined Contribution	_ <u>C</u>	Actual ontribution	0	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2021	\$	672,247	\$	673,801	\$	(1,554)	\$ 1,602,842	42.04%
2020	•	656,860		670,792		(13,932)	1,604,657	41.80%
2019		673,801		671,961		1,840	1,600,401	41.99%
2018		657,794		656,121		1,673	1,543,819	42.50%
2017		622,389		550,277		72,112	1,511,781	36.40%
2016		423,633		493,200		(69,567)	1,475,356	33.43%
2015		425,798		425,800		(2)	1,431,067	29.75%
2014		402,828		421,500		(18,672)	1,396,133	30.19%
2013		382,560		387,400		(4,840)	1,340,601	28.90%
2012		411,634		384,670		26,964	1,440,119	26.71%

Note: Beginning in the year ending 2017, the Actuarially Determined Contribution computation was revised to provide a 100% funding target rather than the former 90%. Actuarially Determined Contributions are calculated as of May 1 of each year prior to the beginning of the year in which contributions are reported.

City of Marion, Illinois Multiyear Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year Ended December 31	Required Actuarially Determined Actual Contribution Contribution			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	
2020	\$	566,612	\$	567,142	\$	(530)	\$ 6,267,830	9.05%
2019		547,638		547,638		•	6,630,005	8.26%
2018		669,876		669,876		-	6,529,006	10.26%
2017		635,324		651,087		(15,763)	6,103,020	10.67%
2016		621,828		621,827		1	5,699,612	10.91%
2015		610,097		618,207		(8,110)	5,592,090	11.06%
2014		585,535		594,889		(9,354)	5,131,769	29.75%

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Annual Money Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense

	<u>2021</u>	<u> 2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Police Pension Plan	30.52%	(3.40)%	6.19%	7.05%	9.30%	1.88%	7.53%
Fire Pension Plan	30.17%	(3.18)%	6.00%	6.18%	6.75%	2.50%	6.05%

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Total OPEB Liability	2021	2020	2019
Service cost including administrative expenses Interest on total OPEB liability Benefit changes Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Benefit payments	\$ 818,612 1,070,225 (279,752) 288,949 8,337,779 (1,103,215)	\$ 644,279 1,175,782 - 5,024,096 (1,076,671)	\$ 589,748 1,168,126 - - 880,678 (1,001,554)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$ 9,132,598	\$ 5,767,486	\$ 1,636,998
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	37,329,091	31,561,605	29,924,607
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 46,461,688</u>	<u>\$ 37,329,091</u>	<u>\$ 31,561,605</u>
Covered – employee payroll	\$ 8,598,325	\$ 8,786,287	\$ 8,489,166
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of Covered – employee payroll	540.36%	424.86%	371.79%

Combining and Indiv	ridual Fund Stateme	nts and Schedules	
		·	

City of Marion, Illinois Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2021

	Perma	nent Fund	Ca	oital Project Funds	Spe	cial Revenue Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Assets							******	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	643,941	\$	1,722,264	\$	2,366,205
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		-		28,891		28,891
Investments		-		1,863,983		1,113,507		2,977,490
Restricted investments		1,957				361,149		363,106
Accounts receivable		-		-		10,515		10,515
Property taxes receivable		-		-		111,435		111,435
Sales taxes receivable		_		-		618,557		618,557
Other taxes receivable		-				137,657		137,657
Grant receivable				_		24,330		24,330
Intergovernmental receivable				_		56,158		56,158
Due from other funds		-		10,167		55,774		65,941
Prepaid items		-		10,101		5,350		5,350
						5,000		0,000
Total Assets	\$	1,957	\$	2,518,091		4,245,587	\$	6,765,635
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	270,297	\$	89,109	\$	359,406
Property taxes payable	•	_	Ψ	13,763	Ψ	Q5, 108	Ψ	13,763
Accrued payroil				13,703		29,859		-
Due to other funds		•		-		·		29,859
Unearned revenue		-		•		60,073 50,928		60,073
Circuito (CVC) de						30,320		50,928
Total Liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		284,060		229,969		514,029
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		111,435		111,435
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		1,000		-		•		1,000
Restricted for:								
Donor restricted expenditures		-		-		353,452		353,452
Public safety		-		-		1,832,962		1,832,962
Capital projects		-		2,234,031		-		2,234,031
Debt service		-		-		25,526		25,526
Cemetery		957		-		17,220		18,177
Maintenance of roadways		-		-		1,673,342		1,673,342
Tourism and recreation		-		-		63,049		63,049
Unassigned		·	············			(61,368)		(61,368)
Total Fund Balances		1,957		2,234,031		3,904,183		6,140,171
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	1,957	\$	2,518,091	\$	4,245,587	\$	6,765,635

The notes to financial stataments are an integral part of this statement.

City of Marion, Illinois Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Permanent Fund	Capital Projects	Special Revenue Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Revenues			-		
Property taxes	\$ -	\$.	\$ 110,468	\$ 110,468	
Sales taxes	-	-	2,526,457	2,526,457	
Other taxes and franchise fees	•	-	1,041,887	1,041,687	
Intergovernmental revenue	-	•	663,470	663,470	
Service charges and fees	-	-	930,535	930,535	
Grant revenue	•	3,000	639,810	642,810	
Investment income	4	712	8,750	9,466	
Miscellaneous revenue	-	•	5,529	5,529	
Restricted donations	<u> </u>		4,502	4,502	
Total Revenues	4	3,712	5,931,408	5,935,124	
Expenditures					
Public health and safety	•	•	1,743,613	1,743,613	
Streets, alleys, and cemeteries	-	7,914	1,096,829	1,104,743	
Culture and recreation	-	-	2,471,386	2,471,386	
Debt service:					
Principal	-	•	390,918	390,918	
Interest	-	4,007	29,878	33,885	
Capital outlay		1,386,818	133,616	1,520,434	
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	1,398,739	5,866,240	7,264,979	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	4	(1,395,027)	65,168	(1,329,855)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses					
Transfers in (out)	•	2,647,873	1,259,853	3,907,726	
General long-term debt issued	-	450,355	•	450,355	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	·	275,000	-	275,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	3,373,228	1,259,853	4,633,081	
Net Change in Fund Balances	4	1,978,201	1,325,021	3,303,226	
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,953	255,830	2,579,162	2,836,945	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,957	\$ 2,234,031	\$ 3,904,183	\$ 6,140,171	

City of Marion, Illinois

Permanent Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) For the year ended April 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amounts	<u>. </u>	Actual A Budgeta		Final E	ce with Judget - Under)
Revenues	Orig	inal	Fi	inal				
Investment income	\$	20	. \$	20	\$	4	_\$	(16)
Total Revenues		20		20		4		(16)
Expenditures								
Total Expenditures		<u>.</u>		-		<u>:</u>		<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		20		20		4		(16)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	20	\$	20	. \$	4	\$	(16)

City of Marion, (illinois Capital Projects Fund of Revenues Expanditume and Changes in Fund Sales

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) For the year ended April 30, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)
	Original	Final		
Revenues	<u></u>			
Grant revenue	\$ -	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ -
investment income			712	712
Total Revenues		3,000	3,712	712
Expenditures				
Streets, alleys and cemeteries		-	18,080	18,080
Debt service:				,
Interest		4.010	4.007	(3)
Capital outlay		1,116,530	1,116,521	(9)
Total Expenditures		1,120,540	1,138,608	18,068
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(1,117,540)	(1,134,896)	(17,356)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (out)	310,000	2,648,000	2,647,874	(126)
General long-term debt issued	0.0,000	450,360	450,355	(5)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			275,000	275,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	310,000	3,098,360	3,373,229	274,869
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 310,000	\$ 1,980,820	\$ 2,238,333	\$ 257,513

City of Marion, Illinois Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (with Variances) For the year ended April 30, 2021

		Budgeted	1 Amou	nts	 ial Amounts, getary Basis	Fin	riance with al Budget - /er (Under)
		riginal		Final	 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	136,500	\$	136,500	\$ 110,468	\$	(26,032)
Other taxes and franchise fees		1,163,480		1,163,480	958,464		(205,016)
Intergovernmental		717,920		717,920	656,334		(61,586)
Service charges and fees		1,959,690		1,959,690	958,758		(1,000,932)
Grant revenue		63,750		63,750	615,480		551,730
Investment income		13,670		13,670	11,277		(2,393)
Miscelleneous revenue		4,100		4,100	3,558		(542)
Restricted donations		<u> </u>		<u>.</u>	 4,502		4,502
Total Revenues		4,059,110		4,059,110	 3,318,841		(740,269)
Expenditures							
Public health and safety		1,696,150		1,709,730	1,708,020		(1,710)
Streets, alleys and cemeteries		1,233,950		1,234,800	1,598,126		363,326
Cultural end recreation		3,076,790		3,076,790	1,907,100		(1,169,690)
Debt service:							-
Principal Principal		395,130		395,130	390,918		(4,212)
Interest		30,330		30,330	29,878		(452)
Capital outlay		220,910		220,910	 102,247		(118,663)
Total Expenditures		6,653,260		6,667,690	5,736,289		(931,401)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		<u>(2,594,150)</u>		(2,608,580)	 (2,417,448)		191,132
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in (out)		3,362,390		3,279,590	 3,879,286		599,696
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,362,390		3,279,590	 3,879,286		599,698
Net Change in Fund Balances	. \$	768,240	\$	671,010	\$ 1,461,838	\$	790,828

City of Marion, Illinois Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2021

Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2921

Assets	<u>P</u>	evillon		Goddard Chapel estoration	_	ниа	Road	and Bridge	Mot	or Fuel Tax		Gan Tex		eign Fire surence		al Revonue Police	<u> C</u> ame	ogle Library	Pre	perty Tax		tal - Special
Cash and cash equivalents	s		\$	16,953	\$	116,071	\$	115,759	5	1,088,248	\$	272,402	5	33,153	\$	78,874	3	5,006		_	•	1,722,284
Restricted cash and cash equivelents		25.526				-						-		-	-		•	3,385	•	:	•	28.891
(nvosiments Restricted investments						-		-		-				-				22,579		1.090.525		1,113,507
Accounts receivable		-				-		-		•				-		-		361,149				381,149
Property taxes receivable		•		•		-		111,435		-		•		•		10,515		•		-		10,515
Salos taxes receivable		:				-		111,435		•		-		-		-		-		•		111,435
Other taxes receivable		81,939		:				•		•		75,718		-		-		•		618,557		618,557
Grant receivable												12,427		•		•		11,903		•		137,657
Intergovernmental receivable						-				56,155		12,72,						11,903		•		24.330 58.158
Due from other funds				287		-				-		55,507		_						•		55,774
Prepaid items		•	_	<u>.</u>				<u> </u>						5,350				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		5,350
Total Assets	<u> </u>	87,485	3	17,220	<u>\$</u>	115,071	3	227,194	5	1,142,464	3	416,054	<u> </u>	38,503	<u> </u>	67,169	\$	404,302	3	1,709,185	\$	4.245,587
Lintelities																					_	
Accounts payable	\$	11,994	5		•	50,872							_		_		_					
Accrued payrus	•	2,018	•		•	18,301	*		•	•	•	675	\$	1,400	5	-	\$	23,968	5		3	89.109
Due to other funds		2,013		_		57,338				_		•		515		•		8,640 207		-		29,650
Uneamed revenue		-,-,-				50,928				-				319				207		•		60,073
	-								_					<u>_</u>		<u>·</u>				<u>-</u>		50,928
Yotal Liabilities		10,925			_	177,439		<u>.</u>		<u> </u>		875		1,815		<u>-</u>		32,815				229,969
Deferred inflows of Resources																						
Unavailable ravenue - property taxes		<u> </u>		<u>.</u>	_	<u> </u>		111,435		<u> </u>								<u>. </u>		<u></u>		111,435
Fund Balances																						
Restricted for:																						
Donor restricted expenditures						-				_				_				353,452				
Public setery										-				36,588		87,189		333,432		1,709,165		353,452 1,832,982
Debt serviçe		25,528						-						,		-		-		1,100,163		25,526
Cometery		-		17,220				-		-												17,220
Maintenance of roadways				-		-		115,759		1.142,404		415,179										1.673,342
Tourism and recreation		45,014		•		-		-		-						-		18.035				83,049
Unassigned	_	<u>-</u>	_	.	_	(81,368)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>						<u> </u>		<u> </u>				(81,368)
Total Fund Belances		70,540	_	17,220		(61,368)		115,759		1,142,404		415,170		38,588		87,189		371,487		1,709,165		3,904,183
Total Liabilities, Deferred inflows, and Fund Batances	<u>\$</u>	87,465	<u>s</u>	17,220	<u>s</u>	115,071	<u>s</u>	227,194	<u>.</u>	1,142,404	.3	416,054		38,503		87,189	3	404,302	5	1,709,185	•	4,245,587

City of Mazion, Elinois Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Batances For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Revenues	Pavillos	Goddard Chapet Restoration	нив	Road and Bridge	Motor Fuel Tex	Goo Tax	Foreign Fire	Special Revenue Police	Carnegie Library	Property Yes	Total - Special Revenue Funds
Property texes	s .	s .	s .	\$ 110,468			4 .		s .	s .	
Gaies tuves		-	٠,	• 110,400	•	•	•		•	-	\$ 110,488
Other laxes and franchise fees	357,510		_	458	-	595,206	57,427	1,286	•	2,526,457	2,528,457
Intergovernmental revenue	•				647,447	200.000	37,727	16,023	•		1,041,887
Service charges and fees	39,267	4.390	638,271				•	40,408	5.199	•	563,470
Grant revenue					566,543	12,427		40,400	60,840	•	930,535
Investment income	101	4	140	235	1,488	701	•	152	4,903	1.026	539,510
Misceffanecus revenuse			3.075				1,971	132	483	1,020	6,750
Restricted donations	4,502		-,-,-				7,02	-	*03	•	\$,529
							_			<u>·</u>	4,502
Total Revenues	431,380	4.394	541,456	111,161	1,215,478	608,334	59,398	57,869	74,425	2,527,483	5,931,408
Expenditures											
Public fleath and safety											
Streets, elleys, and cometenes.		3,308		75,446	567,256	400.000	41,879	10,575	•	1,891,150	1,743,613
Culture and recreation	298,718	0,300	1,444,523	-•		450,819	•			-	1,098,829
Debt service	200,-10	•	1023		•		•	•	728,145	•	2,471,386
Principal	212,091		24,655			153,272					
interesi	17,508	-	1,684	•	•		-	•	•	•	390,816
Capital outby	18,930	-	1,004	•	•	10,686		· · · ·	-	-	29,878
	10,00		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>·</u>	27,811	2,430	5.000	61,395		133,616
Total Expenditures	548,147	3,308	1,470,882	75,446	567,256	542,588	44,359	15,575	809,540	1,691,159	5,868,240
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(114,767)	1,068	(629,378)	35,715	648,222	[34,254]	15,039	42,294	(735,115)	836,324	65,168
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in (out)	81,870		555,303		789	(30,463)	(1,395)	[10,912)	664,851		
						100,000	(1,040)	[10,012]	004,001	<u>-</u>	1,259,853
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	81,670		555,303	<u>.</u>		(30,463)	(1,395)	(10,912)	664,861	·	1,259,853
Net Change in Fund Balances	[33,097]	1,085	(74,073)	35,715	649,011	(64,717)	13,844	31,382	(70,254)	836,324	1,325,021
Fond Balances - Beginning of Year	103,537	18,134	12,705	80,044	483,393	479,898	22,944	55,507	441,741	872,861	2,579,162
Fund Balmors - End of Year	3 70,540	\$ 17,220	\$ (61,368)	\$ 115,769	\$ 1,142,404	\$ 415,179	\$ 36,568	\$ 87,169	\$ 371,487	\$ 1,709,185	\$ 3,904,183

The notes to financial statements are on integral part of this statement

City of Marion, Illinois General Fund Types Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2021

Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted investments Accounts receivable	\$ 1,262,424 30,991 6,332,475 - 51,390 100 4,680,230	\$	142,555 - 2,905	\$	45,179	\$	11,424	\$					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted investments	30,991 6,332,475 51,390 100	\$	•	\$	45,179	\$	11 424	e		_			
Investments Restricted investments	6,332,475 51,390 100		2,905		-			4	142,435	\$	400,216	\$	2,004,233
Restricted investments	51,390 100		2,905 -				2,413				-		33,404
	100		•		-				_		-		6,335,380
Accounts receivable	100				10,814		-		-		_		10,814
	•		-		-		-		_				51,390
Property taxes receivable	4.680.230		-		•				-		_		100
Sales taxes receivable			-		_		_		99,999		249,999		5,030,228
Other taxes receivable	358,423		-				_				2.0,000		358,423
Accrued interest receivable	10,570		-		5		_		_		_		10,575
Loans receivable	417,858		_				_		_		100,000		517,858
Intergovernmental receivable	452,285				_		_		_		100,000		452.285
Due from other funds	50,423		_						_		-		
	,												50,423
Total Assets	\$ 13,847,169	\$	145,460	\$	55,998	\$	13,837	<u>s</u>	242,434	\$	750,215	\$	14,855,113
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ 467,661	\$	7,996	\$	14,733	\$	2,150	\$	2.455			_	
Accrued payroll	180,803	*	3,554	•	3,998	3	•	3	3,150	\$	•	\$	495,690
Accrued payroll related expenses	192,438		3,334		3,350		3,670		-		-		192,025
Due to other funds	182,430		-		-		•				-		192,438
Damage deposits	63,000		-		-		-		10,167		-		10,167
Uneamed revenue	63,000		-		-		•		•		-		63,000
Oriented revenue			130,360			-	-		<u> </u>		.		130,360
Total Liabilities	903,902		141,910		18,731		5,820		13,317				1,083,680
Deferred inflows of Resources													
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	100		<u>-</u>										100
Fund Balances Restricted for:													
Concr restricted expenditures			_		10,819		2,413						
Public safety	28,741				10,015		2,413		•		-		13,232
Development	2.250		_		-		-		000 447				28,741
Committed	6,807,288		•		-		-		229,117		750,215		981,582
Assigned	50,561		_		-		-		-		•		6,807,288
Unassigned	5,854,327		3,550		26,448		6.004		-		-		50,561
	5,00-1,527		3,330		20,440		5,604		-			_	5,889,929
Total Fund Balances	12,743,167		3,550		37,267		6,017_		229,117		750,215		13,771,333
Total Liabilities, Deferred inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 13,647,169	s	145,460	5	55,998	\$	13,837	5	242,434	\$	750,215	\$	14,855,113

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Marion, Illinois General Fund Types

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Revenues	General	Cultural and Civic Center	Senior Citizens Council	Boyton Street Community Center	Revitalization	Economic Incentive	Total General Fund Types
Property taxes		_		_			
Sales taxes	\$ 51	\$ -	s -	5 -	\$ -	s -	\$ 51
Other taxes and franchise fees	17,163,020	-	-	-	299,999	749,999	18,213,018
Licenses and permits	2,699,994	-	-	-	-	-	2,699,994
Intergovernmental revenue	412,441	-	-	•	-	-	412,441
Service charges and fees	2,889,305	•	-	-	-	•	2,889,305
Grant revenue	421,360	2,389	114,219	•	-	-	537,968
	1,772,797	5,248	15,842	37,951	-	-	1,831,838
Investment income	93,358	772	236	-	85	216	94,687
Miscellaneous revenue	164,169	1,098	2,777	1,513	-	•	169,557
Restricted donations	9,400	-					9,400
Total Revenues	25,625,895	9,507	133,074	39,464	300,084_	750,215	26,858,239
Expenditures							
General government	3,079,394	-	702,623	224,621	_	_	4,008,638
Public health and safety	9,609,400	_	-		_		9,609,400
Streets, alleys, and cemeteries	3,422,492				_	_	3,422,492
Culture and recreation		464,816	_	_		<u>-</u>	484,816
Development	812,945	-	_	_	16,161	-	
Debt service:	- 1-1-1			_	10,101	-	829,106
Principal	245,183	_	_	_			045.450
Interest	17,457		_	-	9,704	-	245,183
Capital outlay	1,235,192		-	-	1,170,102	•	27,161 2,405,294
** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					1,170,102		2,405,294
Total Expenditures	18,422,063	484,816	702,623	224,621	1,195, 96 7		21,030,090
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	7,203,832	(475,309)	(569,549)	(185,157)	(895,883)	750,215	<u>5,828,149</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in (out)	(6,082,863)	473,457	580,407	167,348		_	(4,841,651)
General long-term debt issued	205,160	· -	-		1,125,000	_	1,330,180
Proceeds from sate of capital assets	181,919		<u> </u>				181,919
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,695,784)	473,457	580,407	187,348	1,125,000		(3,329,572)
Net Change in Fund Belances	1,508,048	(1,852)	10,858	2,191	229,117	750,215	2,498,577
Fund Batances - Beginning of Year	11,235,119	5,402	26,409	5,826	-	-	11,272,756
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 12,743,167	\$ 3,550	\$ 37,267	\$ 8,017	\$ 229,117	\$ 750,215	\$ 13,771,333

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Balance Sheet TIF Redevelopment Fund April 30, 2021

Assets	 TIF #1		TIF #5		TIF #8		TIF #10		TIF #11		TIF #12
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Property taxes receivable Grant receivable Loan receivable	\$ 388,309 3,191,647 15,761	\$	2 - 155,403 -	\$	19,301 500,069 159,938	\$	881,665 - -	\$	5 - 354,265 - -	\$	19,893 - 5,018
Total Assets	\$ 3,595,717	\$	155,405	_\$	679,308	\$	881,669	\$	354,270	\$	24,911
Liabilities Accounts payable	 15,498	<u>\$</u> _	13,959	\$	1,394	_\$	184,926	<u>\$</u>	6,970	\$	976
Total Liabilities	15,498		13,959		1,394		184,926		6,970		976
Deferred Inflow of Resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 3,191,647		155,403		159,938		881,665		354,265		5,018
Fund Balances Restricted for: Development	388,572		(13,957)		517,976		/104 022\		/C 005\		40.047
Total Fund Balances	 388,572		(13,957)		517,976		(184,922)		(6,965) (6,965)		18,917
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 3,595,717	\$	155,405	\$	679,308	<u>_\$</u>	881,669	<u>\$</u>	354,270	_\$	24,911

City of Marion, illinois Combining Balance Sheet TIF Redevelopment Fund April 30, 2021

	TIF #13		TIF #14		TIF #15	TIF #16		TIF #17		TIF #18			IF #19		TIF #20	REDI	TIF EVELOPMENT FUND
\$	4	\$	18,142	\$	105,057	\$	3	\$	552	\$	8,247	\$	1,465	\$	15,666	\$	576,650
	481,680		22,316		252,309		1,216		155,669		30,366		26,057		276,670		500,069 5,994,219
	403,412		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		- -		<u> </u>	_	15,761 403,412
\$	885,096	\$	40,458	<u>\$</u>	357,366	_\$	1,219	<u>\$</u>	156,221	\$	38,613	<u> </u>	27,522	\$	292,336	\$	7,490,111
_\$	6,970	\$	<u>1,357</u>	\$	2,007	_\$	1,330	<u>\$</u>	1,283	<u>\$</u>	1,283	<u>\$</u>	1,264	\$	1,264	_\$	240,461
	6,970	_	1,357		2,007		1,330		1,283		1,283		1,264		1,264		240,481
	481,680		22,316		252,309		1,216		155,669		30,366		26,0 57		276,670		5,994,219
	396,446		16,785		103,050		(1,327)		(731)		6,984		201		14,402		1,255,411
	396,446		16,785		103,050		(1,327)		(731)		6,964		201		14,402		1,255,411
\$	885,096	#_\$	40,458	\$	357,366	\$	1,219	\$	156,221	\$	38,613	<u>.s</u>	27,522	\$	292,336	\$	7,490,111

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances TIF Redevelopment Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	TIF #1	TIF #5	TIF #8	TIF #10	TIF #11	TIF #12
Revenues	· 					
Property taxes	\$ 3,048,243	\$ 145,880	\$ 150,822	\$ 942,440	\$ 256,634	\$ 3,053
Grant revenue	25,726	-	•	-	•	2,000
Investment income	1,971	61	865	392	110	47
Miscellaneous income	40,216			<u> </u>		
Total Revenues	3,116,156	145,941	151,687	942,832	256,744	3,100
Expenditures						
Streets, alleys, and cemeteries	9,763		_	540	918	
Development	435,285	109,025	114,350	1,297,201	126,015	4,911
Debt service:			•	.,,	120,010	-1,011
Principal	618,182	_	-	13,500	76,500	_
Capital outlay	27,004	68,719		<u> </u>	115,093	
Total Expenditures	1,090,234	177,744	114,350	1,311,241	318,526	4,911
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,025,922	(31,803)	37,337	(368,409)	(61,782)	(1,811)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in (out)	(1,984,105)	19,445	-	188,549	207,101	_
						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,984,105)	19,445	<u> </u>	188,549	207,101	
Net Change in Fund Balances	41,817	(12,358)	37,337	(179,860)	145,319	(1,811)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	346,755	(1,599)	480,639	(5,062)	(152,284)	20,728
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 388,572	\$ (13,957)	\$ 517,976	\$ (184,922)	\$ (6,965)	\$ <u>18,917</u>

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Marion, Illinois Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances TIF Redevelopment Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	TIF #13	7	TF #14	 TIF #15	TIF #16		 TIF #17	 1F #18		IF #19	 TF #20	RED	TIF EVELOPMENT FUND
\$	406,819 45,173	\$	20,979	\$ 222,721	\$	1,038	\$ 23,113	\$ 22,551	\$	6,573	\$ 88,985	\$	5,339,831
	2,041 		35	 248			15	16 -		5	 53 		70,899 5,859 40,216
	454,033		21,014	222,969		1,038	 23,128	 22,567		6,578	 89,018		5,456,805
	3,508 261,413		6,7 8 9	- 163,140		6,976	1,328 22,534	- 18,141		6,379	7,316		16,057 2,579,475
	250,803		- 	 <u>.</u>		· -		 -		·	 67,300		708,182 528,919
	515,724		6,789	 163,140		6,976	 23,862	 18,141		6,379	 74,616		3,832,633
	(61,691)		14,225	 59,829		(5,938)	 (734)	 4,426	_	199	 14,402		1,624,172
	508,505			 (26,765)		5,925	1,290	2,275		1,245	 		(1,076,535)
	508,505			 (26,765)		5,925	 1,290	 2,275		1,245	 <u>-</u>		(1,076,535)
	446,814		14,225	33,064		(13)	556	6,701		1,444	14,402		547,637
	(50,368)		2,560	 69,986		(1,314)	(1,287)	 263		(1,243)	 		707,774
<u>\$</u>	396,446	.\$	16,785	\$ 103,050	\$	(1,327)	\$ (731)	\$ 6,964	<u>\$</u>	201	\$ 14,402	\$	1,255,411

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement

City of Marion, Illinois Fiduciary Fund Types Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2021

	Pol	ice Pension	F	ire Pension	Totals
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	600,709	\$	294,307	\$ 895,016
Accrued interest receivable		38,117		34,385	72,502
Investments -					,
U.S. Government and agency obligations		3,587,325		3,846,669	7,433,994
Corporate bonds		1,468,140		1,569,938	3,038,078
Insurance company contracts		811,456		-	811,456
Mutual funds		4,650,551		4,152,081	8,802,632
Stocks		790,467		703,718	1,494,185
State and local obligations		257,099		-	257,099
Exchange traded funds		5,798,102		5,142,026	10,940,128
Payroll receivable		29,642		17,487	 47,129
Total Assets		18,031,608		15,760,611	33,792,219
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		3,225		-	3,225
Payable from purchases of investments		357,529		94,836	 452,365
Total Liabilities		360,754		94,836	 455,590
Net Position					
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	17,670,854	<u>\$</u>	15,665,775	\$ 33,336,629

City of Marion, Illinois Fiduciary Fund Types Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Pol	ice Pension	Fit	re Pension		Totals
Additions					-	
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	1,017,351	\$	673,801	\$	1,691,152
Plan members		261,350		159,422		420,772
Total Contributions		1,278,701		833,223		2,111,924
Investment Income:						
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		3,731,030		3,313,427		7,044,457
Interest and dividends		411,246		337,591		748,837
Investment expense		(25,785)		(24,260)		(50,045)
Net Investment Income		4,116,491		3,626,758		7,743,249
Total Additions		5,395,192		4,459,981		9,855,173
Deductions						
Benefits paid		1,027,402		749,145		1,776,547
Refunds of contributions		52,298		•		52,298
Administrative expense		35,212		16,971		52,183
Total Deductions		1,114,912		766,116		1,881,028
Change in Net Position		4,280,280		3,693,865		7,974,145
Net Position, Beginning		13,390,574		11,971,910		25,362,484
Net Position, Ending	\$	17,670,854	\$	15,665,775	\$	33,336,629

ANNUAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE SECTION

City of Marion, illinois Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ended April 30, 2021

U.S. Department of Agriculture passed through the Illinois State Board of Education:	Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grant Number	Revenues 5/1/20 - 4/30/2021	Expenditures 5/1/20 - 4/30/2021
Summer Food Service Program	U.S. Department of Agriculture passed through the Illinois				
Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 2110017P00 21,093					
U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Development: Rural Business Development Grant Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development passed through the Illinois Department of Commence and Economic Opportunity: Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant 14.228 19-243008 271.710 269.460 Community Development Block Grant 14.228 19-243008 271.710 269.460 Community Development Block Grant 14.228 31.700 31.700 31.700 31.700 31.700 31.701 31.501 31.502 31.702 31.702 31.702 31.702 31.703 31.				\$ 7,952	\$ 7,952
Rural Business Development Grant 10.351 R0118476 45.173 74.216	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	21100017P00	21,093	21,093
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development passed through the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant Total U.S. Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: U.S. Department of Tourisportation passed through the Illinois Department of Tourisportation passed through the Illinois Department of Transportation passed through the Illinois Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Ald Highway Program) Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Ald Highway Program) U.S. Department of Transportation State and Community Highway Safety Total U.S. Department of Transportation (M) Department of Transportation U.S. Department of Transportation U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: COVID-19 Consolving Relief Fund U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Election Assistance Commission: Delta Area Economic Development U.S. Department of Teas Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Election Assistance Commission: Delta Area Economic Development U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Errollment Assistance Program 90.201 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 19EMA 20.800 25.321 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 97.047 1050 1060 1070					
U.S. Department of Housing and Urben Development passed through the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development U.S. Department of Transportation passed through the Illinois Department of Transportation passed through the Illinois Department of Transportation (Federal-Aid Highway Program) U.S. Department of Transportation (Federal-Aid Highway Program) U.S. Department of Transportation (Federal-Aid Highway Program) U.S. Department of Transportation Agency: U.S. Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: U.S. Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: U.S. Department of Clean Water State Revolving Funds U.S. Department of Clean Water State Revolving Funds U.S. Department of Clean Water State Revolving Funds U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enricement Performance Grant U.S. Department of Transportation U.S. Department of Transport	Rural Business Development Grant	10.351	R0118476	45,173	45,173
Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: Community Development Block Grant	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			74.218	74,218
Community Development Block Grant	Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity:				
Community Development Block Grant	Community Development Block Grant	14.228	19-243008	271.710	269,460
Community Development Block Grant 14.228 31.700 361.160	Community Development Block Grant	14.228			
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development U.S. Department of Transportation passed through the Illinois Department of Transportation (Federal-Aid Highway Program) Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program) Plighway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program) State and Community Highway Safety Total U.S. Department of Transportation (M) Department of Transportation (M) Department of Transportation (M) Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds C	Community Development Block Grant	14.228			
Illinois Department of Yransportation: Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Ald Highway Program) Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Ald Highway Program) State and Community Highway Salety 20.600 HS-21-0052 1,3112 1,312 1	Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Ald Highway Program) 20,205 15,781 17,731 12,000 13,12 1,312	U.S. Department of Transportation passed through the Illinois Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program) 20,205 12,000 12,000 13,112 1,3112	Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Ald Highway Program)	20.205		16.761	17 791
State and Community Highway Safety Total U.S. Department of Transportation (M) Department of Transportation (M) Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 709.264 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Election Assistance Commission: Delta Area Economic Development 90.201 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program 93.071 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation	Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)				
Total U.S. Department of Transportation (M) Department of Transportation (M) Department of Transportation Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: COVID-19 Coronavirus Reflef Fund 21.019 709.264 709.264 709.264 709.264 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grant F	State and Community Highway Safety		HS-21-0052		
(M) Department of Treasury passed through the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: COVID-19 Coronavirus Reflef Fund 21.019 709,264 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants Commission: Delta Area Economic Development 90.201 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program 93.071 2.000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 20EMA 20.980 25.321 Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 10EMA 10.70 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.070 37.284 26.391	Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.000	110-21-0002		
Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Capitalization Grants for Ctean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grant State Revolvin	(M) Department of Treasury passed through the Illinois				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 709.264 709.264 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants Funds Capitalization Grants Funds Capitalization Grants Funds Capitalization Grants Capitalization Capitalization Capitalization Grants Capitalization C	Department of Commerce and Economic Concernity				
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Election Assistance Commission: Delta Area Economic Development U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Enrolliment Assistance Program 93.071 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation	COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019		709,264	709,264
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Election Assistance Commission: Delta Area Economic Development U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Enrolliment Assistance Program 93.071 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 97.042 97.042 97.042 97.043 97.045 97.045 97.046 1.070 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:				
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Election Assistance Commission: Delta Area Economic Development U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program 93.071 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revoluing Funds	68 A69	1.47,2222	10 200	40 000
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Election Assistance Commission: Delta Area Economic Development U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Enrolliment Assistance Program 93.071 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 19EMA 15.234	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolutes Funds				
Election Assistance Commission: Delta Area Economic Development U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program 93.071 2.000 2.000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 97.042 19EMA 20.980 25,321	Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	00.400	L17-3223		
Delta Area Economic Development 90.201	Flection Assistance Commission				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program 93.071 2.000 2.000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 97.042 19EMA 15.234 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.070 1.070		00 204			
Medicare Enrolliment Assistance Program 93.071 2.000 2.000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 20EMA 20.980 25,321 Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 19EMA 15.234 - U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37.284 26.391	Deta fied Logionic Detecopingni	90.201			15,105
U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 20EMA 20.980 25,321 Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 19EMA 15.234 - U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37.284 26.391	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:				
Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 20EMA 20.980 25,321 Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 19EMA 15,234 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37.284 26.391	Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071		2.000	2,000
Illinois Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 20EMA 20.980 25,321 Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 19EMA 15,234 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37.284 26.391	U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the				
Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 20EMA 20,980 25,321 Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 19EMA 15,234 - U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37,284 26,391	Illinois Emergency Management Agency:				
Emergency Management Performance Grant 97.042 19EMA 15,234 U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37,284 26,391	Emergency Management Performance Grant	97 042	20FMA	20 080	25 221
Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System: Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37.284 26.391					20,021
Homeland Security Grant Program 97.067 1.070 1.070 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37.284 26.391	U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the				
Total U.S. Department of Transportation 37,284 26,391		07 007		4.056	
Total Federal Financial Assistance \$ 1,250,829 \$ 1,254,761		97.007			
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 1,250,829</u>	\$1,254,761

⁽M) Denotes a major federal financial assistance program.

City of Marion, Illinois Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Marion, Illinois and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and the Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Indirect Facilities & Administration Costs

The City of Marion elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Note 3 - Subrecipients

The City of Marion, Illinois did not provide federal awards to any subrecipients.

Note 4 - Non-cash Assistance

There was no non-cash assistance reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Note 5 - Insurance

There is no insurance involving federal expenditures.

Note 6 - Loan Outstanding

There are no loans outstanding involving federal funds.

City of Marion, Illinois Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

OCCU	on r - Gallan	ialy of Additor 5 Results	5	
Finan	cial Statem	ents		
Туре	of auditor's r	eport issued: Unmodified	1	
intern	al control ov	er financial reporting:		
•	Material we	eaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no	
•	that are no	deficiencies identified t considered to be eaknesses?	yes <u>X</u> none re	ported
Nonco state	mpliance m ments noted	aterial to financial ?	yes _X_no	
Feder	al Awards			
Interna	al control ove	er major programs:		
•	Material we	eaknesses identified	yes <u>X</u> no	
•	Significant that are no material we	deficiencies identified t considered to be eaknesses	yes _X_ none re	ported
Туре	of auditor's r	eport issued on complian	ce for major programs: <i>U</i>	nmodified
requir	udit findings ed to be rep 200.516(a)	disclosed that are orted in accordance	yes <u>_X</u> _ no	
Identif	ication of ma	ajor programs:		
CFDA	Number	Name of Federal Progra	am or Cluster	Amount of Federal Program
21.	019	Coronavirus Relief Fund	i	\$709,264
Total f % test	ederal expe ed as major	nditures for 5/1/20 – 4/30/	/21 \$1,254,761 56.53%	
		sed to distinguish nd type B programs:	\$750,000	
Audite	e qualified a	s low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no	
Section	on II – Finan	cial Statement Findings	5	
None				
Sectio	n III – Major	r Federal Award Finding	gs and Questioned Cost	s- Major Federal Programs
None				

City of Marion, Illinois Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings for the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Finding Number

Condition

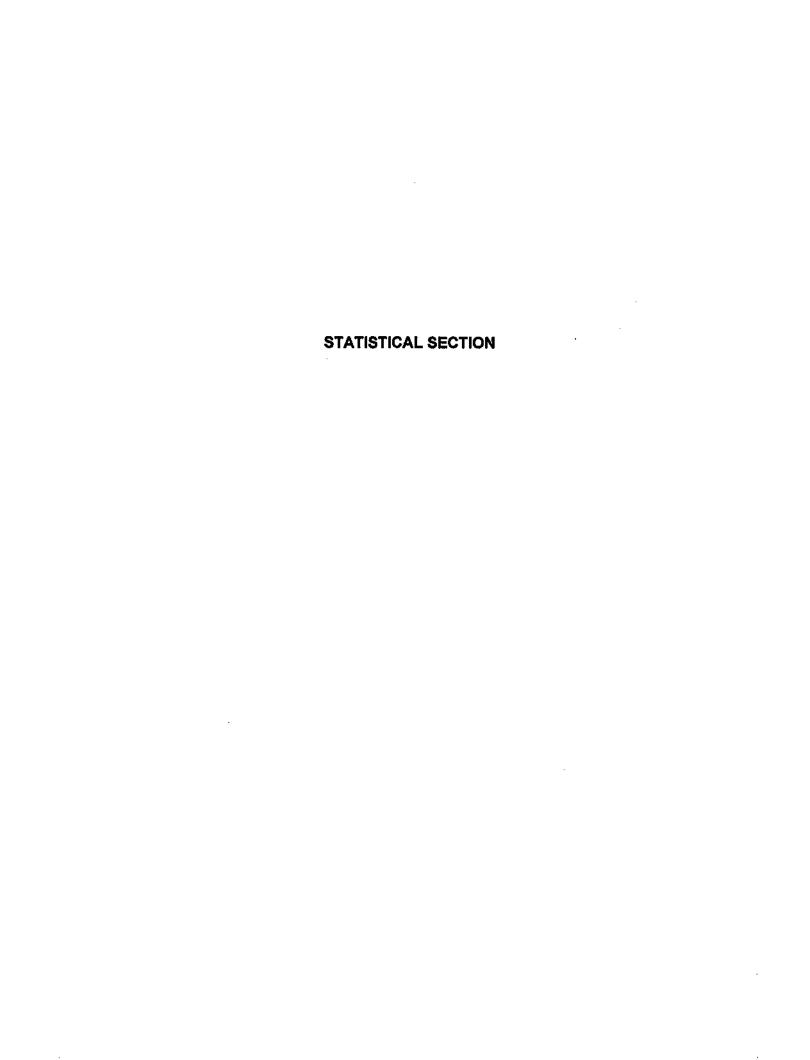
Current Status

None

City of Marion, Illinois Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings Year Ending April 30, 2021

Corrective Action Plan

None necessary



City of Marion, fillinois Not Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	ZD18	2019	2020	2021
Not investment in capital assets Restricted Nonspendable Unrestricted	\$ 48,418,691 7,898,015 1,000 1,214,501	\$ 48,988,714 8,787,744 1,430,785	\$ 49,821,327 9,714,821 1,155,881	\$ 56,384,124 6,306,101 1,000 3,551,954	\$ 62,047,732 6,897,029 1,000 (11,673,454)	\$ 64,802,687 5,808,163 1,000 (14,332,100)	\$ 70,354,133 3,253,750 1,000 (15,248,222)	\$ 77,220,678 6,278,399 1,000 {35,108,481}	\$ 80,536,278 5,318,774 1,000 (34,855,538)	\$ 82,452,446 9,860,086 1,000 (33,156,058)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 57,630,207	\$ 59,207,243	\$ 60,691,629	\$ 66,243,179	\$ 57,272,307	\$ 58,279,950	\$ 58,362,661	\$ 48,389,616	\$ 51,002,516	\$ 59,155,474
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16.061.850	\$ 16,023,309	\$ 16,682,681	\$ 17,507,218	\$ 17,984,674	\$ 19.021.088	\$ 20,588,601	\$ 21.509.808	\$ 22,886,259	
Restricted Unrestricted	1,040,330 452,048	1,771,424 507,295	1,584,620 489,822	993,495 270,048	1,057,109 (506,384)	608,784 518,054	538,239 (168,842)	647,651 (4,042,028)	767,698 (3,931,078)	\$ 23,181,168 288,199 (3,199,137)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 17,554,226	\$ 18,302,028	\$ 18,737,103	\$ 18,770,759	\$ 18,535,419	\$ 20,147,908	\$ 20,955,998	\$ 18,115,431	\$ 19,722,879	\$ 20,270,230
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
Nel investment in capital assets Restricted Nonspendable Unrestricted	\$ 64,480,541 9,036,345 1,000 1,666,547	\$ 65,012,023 10,559,168 1,938,080	\$ 86,503,988 11,299,241 1,625,503	\$ 73,891,342 7,299,598 1,000 3,822,000	\$ 80,032,406 7,954,138 1,000 (12,179,816)	\$ 63,623,975 6,416,927 1,000	\$ 90,940,734 3,791,989 1,000	\$ 98,730,488 6,924,050 1,000	\$ 103,424,537 6,086,472 1,000	\$ 105,633,614 10,148,265 1,000
Total primary government net posistion	\$ 75,184,433	\$ 77,509,271	\$ 79,428,732	\$ 65,013,938	\$ 75,807,726	(13,814,048) \$ 78,427,856	(15,415,084)	(39,150,489)	(38,788,614)	(36,357,195)
,		\$ 17,000,III	9 10,400,102	3 00,010,000	3 13,301,720	4 19,427,000	\$ 79,310,659	\$ 65,505,047	\$ 70,725,395	\$ 79,425,704

Note: Large decrease in Unrestricted fund balance for FY 2018 was due to implementation of GASB 68 Large decrease in Unrestricted fund balance for FY 2019 was due to implementation of GASB 75.

Gity of Marion, Illinois Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2018	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$ 2,947,126	\$ 3,137,439	\$ 3,034,930	\$ 3,044,488	\$ 2,887,404	\$ 2,905,642	\$ 2,988,731	\$ 3,383,178	\$ 3,922,707	\$ 4,198,496
Public, health and safety	7,739,122	7,987,799	9,116,936	10,391,875	10,717,970	11,010,205	11,558,371	11.710,576	12,609,626	12,003,017
Streets, alleys, and cometenes	3,850,271	4,287,758	3,653,773	3,266,538	4,131,493	4.731,698	4.603.639	5,290,601	5,455,612	4,959,099
Culture and recreation	2,370,623	2,383,392	2.617.267	3,451,285	4,688,411	4,954,123	5,445,073	5,285,483	5,329,206	3,997,435
Development Interest	4,321,029	4,543,137	4,103,739	3,411,208	3,158,929	3,849,973	2.999,672	2.871.426	3,969,309	4.263.662
	762,036	724,105	997,268	1,429,749	1,531,122	1.791.774	897,069	646,396	596,237	318,490
Unabocated depreciation expense	1,426,827	1,129,993	1,116,753	1,102,063	1,185,719	1,320,863	1,183,040	1,214,361	1,266,569	1,297,387
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	23,425,034	24,193,622	24,640,668	26,097,208	26,461,048	30,564,378	29,673,795	30,392,021	33,148,486	31,037,586
Business-Type Activities										
Weter	3,351,965	3,394,232	3,418,034	3,555,727	3,451,019	3,483,060	3,568,810	3,340,896	3,035,442	3.387.490
Sower	2,692,361	2,800,924	2,891,501	2,959,136	3,014,818	3,315,934	3,216,668	3,087,514	3,531,747	3,197,608
Total Susiness-Type Activities Expenses	6.044,326	6,195,156	6,309,535	6,514,683	6,485,635	6,798,994	8,767,476	6,428,210	8,587,189	6,585,096
	_									0.500,000
TOTAL GOVERNMENT EXPENSES	29,469,360	30.388.778	30,950,201	12,612,069	34,926,683	37.363.372	35,461,273	36,820,231	39,715,855	37,622,682
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governments Activities										
Charges for Services										
General government	400 254									
Public, health and safety	199,751 227,627	217,798	240.997	263,636	259,680	403,481	343,011	385,579	359,645	611.510
Streets, alleys and cometenes	221,621 92,441	279,995	279,359	299,545	206,155	202.967	305,639	361,725	352,754	285,793
Culture and recreation		175,840	92,250	94,276	97,407	90,637	94.046	117,232	87,015	B5,515
Ocyclopment	370,881 49,650	387,452	419,543	845,505	2,434,950	2,500,938	2,657,089	2,581,198	2,262,979	888.126
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,371,933	38,534 955,858	50,130	45,835	47,751	44,571	33,208	•		
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,686,323	339,633	962,603	973,519	633,299	703,151	889.252	1,339,796	1,321,274	1,281,222
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	3,989,606	2,389,810	30,727 2.075.609	2,463,824	3,512,458	486,748	638,620	1,934,015	280,340	1,284,325
And Andrews West President Landinski Continues	3,883,000	2.309,010	2.0/3.508	4,688,140	7,391,700	4,412,493	4,960,865	6.699,545	4,684,007	4,428,491
Business-Type Activities										
Charges for Services										
Water	3,267,814	3,654,671	3,432,244	3,589,711	3,490,648	3,699,540	3,825,170	0.700.440		
Sewer	2,768,083	3,105,602	3,013,746	3,104,756	3,108,394	3,224,883		3,723,442	3,571,541	3.764,438
Operating Grenza and Contributions	2,100,000	0,700,004	0,010,140	16,106	75,098	3,224,563	3,350,002	3,358,505	3,605,914	3,418,258
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,170,277		225,956	10,100	73,090	•	•	•		
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	7.225.974	6,780,473	8,671,946	8,690,573	6,674,138	8,924,223	7,175,172	7,081,947	7 027 100	815,105
•				4,000,012	0,074,100	0.044,223	1,170,172	7,001,947	7,377,455	7,995,799
TOTAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES	11,224,580	9,130,083	8,747,555	11,878,713	14,065,838	11,338,718	12,136,037	13,781,492	12,041,482	12,422,290
										14,744,490
NET REVNUE (EXPENSE)										
Governmental Activities	(19.428.428)	(21,624,012)	(22,565,057)	(21,111,066)	(21,969,348)	(29,151,885)	(24,712,930)	(23,692,476)	(28,484,459)	(26.611,095)
Business-Type Activities	1,181,648	565,317	362,411	175,710	208,303	125,229	387,694	653,737	810,266	1,410,703
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)	(18,244,780)	(21,256,895)	(22,202,646)	(20.935.358)	(20,881,045)	(26,026,656)	(24,325,236)	(23,038,739)	(27,674,193)	(25,200,392)

City of Marion, illinois Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Yen Fiscal Years

CENTRAL CONTRACTOR AND CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS AND ADDR	2012	2013	2014	2015	2018	2017	201B	2019	2020	2021
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities										
Taxte										
Property laxes	5,676,897	5,715,304	6,189,554	6,546,608	7,170,616	7,478,252	7,680,710	8,311,961	6,552,681	5.450,350
Sales texes	13,230,685	13,554,579	13,175,074	13,392,948	13,873,245	13,902,723	15,081,272	15.613.523	17,001,718	20,739,475
Other laxes and franchise fees	1,476,059	2,339,509	3,314,497	3,724,286	3,792.258	3,769,412	3,775,796	3,868,235	4,081,608	3,741,881
Intergovernental	1,479,662	1,650,931	1,667,310	1,757,467	1.779,036	1,697,480	1,588,885	1,804,882	1,723,701	3,552,775
investment income	86,827	78,052	43,887	40,548	58,784	66,469	130,972	316,468	321,022	144,486
Miscellaneous	162,477	64,205	96,528	320,264	68,481	658	121,493	110,748	231,881	248,204
Gain (Loss) on sate of capital assets		42,241	(51.743)	(26,411)	(29,481)			(53)		
Special tems Residual equity transfer	(9,068,948)	•	-		•	-	(1,652,165)			
Transfers	(12,962)	•		•	•	•				
Total Governmental Activities	(845,544) 12,585,353	(137,773)	3,617	(305,006)	21,288	(1,773,665)	(175,485)	(21,676)	(798,449)	1,290,292
- CARL GO SALIMINE WE HANDED	12,585,353	23,305,048	24,438,634	25,450,702	26,734,227	25,159,529	28,731,478	30,002,088	31,096,360	35,167,443
Business-Type Activities										
Investment income	1,403	2,085	830	747	1,350	4,951	26,134	33.326	28,000	
Miscellanocus	24,518	42,627	28,620	10,884	6,633	11,524	12,260	9.246	35.590	6,148 52,980
Gain (Loss) on seet of capital assets	-				•	(2,682)	(93,461)	39,148	(62,857)	403,647
Loss Recovery			140,751	_		,,	(0007)	***************************************	(02,031)	403,047
Special item	-	•		(407,285)			-			
Transfers	645,544	137,773	(3,617)	253,621	_ (21,268)	1,773,665	175,485	21,678	796,449	(1,290,292)
Total Business-Type Activities	671,485	182,485	166,784	(142,053)	(13,305)	1,787,258	120,398	103,398	797,182	(827,517)
										(027.011)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	13,256,818	23,467,533	24,605,418	25,308,649	26,720,922	26,948,787	26,851,876	30.105,484	31,893,542	34,339,926
CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
Governmental Activities	40.044.005									
Business-Type Activities	(6,841,075)	1,461,036	1,873,577	4,339,636	5,664,879	(982,356)	2,018,548	6,309,810	2,811,901	8,558,348
Parity ser , Abo Monthings	1,853,113	747,802	529,185	33,657	194,998	1,912,487	508,092	757,135	1,807,448	583,186
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	(4.987,982)	2,228,838	2.402,772	4,373,293	5,859,877	926,131	2,526,640	7.066,745	4,219,348	0.400.544
				.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,	425,131	2,020,040	7,000,745	4,219,346	9,139,534
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS										
Governmental Activities		96,000					_	(16,282,655)		
Business-Type Activities			<u>·</u>					(3,597,702)		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		96,000								
		50,000						(19,880,357)		<u> </u>
CHANGES IN NET POSITION AFTER PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT										
Governmental Activities	(6,841,075)	1,577,038	1,673,577	4,339,636	E 204 070	chan sates				
Business-Type Activities	1,853,113	747,602	529,195	33,857	5,564,679 194,998	(992,358) 1,912,487	2,018,548	(9,973,045)	2.611.901	8,558,348
	.,555,115	747,002	329,183	33,057	194,596	1,812,487	508,092	(2,640,567)	1,507,448	583,186
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ (4,987,962)	\$ 2,324,838	\$ 2,402,772	\$ 4,373,293	\$ 5.859.877	\$ 920,131	\$ 2,526,640	\$ (12,613,612)	\$ 4,219,349	S 9,139,534

City of Marion, Illinois Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Flacal Years

GENERAL FUND	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Restricted Assigned Committed Unassigned	\$ 285,495 460,804 4,430,678 6,729,171	\$ 207,693 72,523 4,658,748 8,192,763	\$ 168,382 72,536 4,767,505 7,956,287	\$ 205,425 89,007 4,934,514 5,147,327	\$ 194,666 62,132 4,601,530 5,517,321	\$ 272,970 54,532 5,324,178 4,281,458	\$ 211,370 97 5,317,947 4,449,408	\$ 554,462 102,107 5,457,326 4,924,950	\$ 80,495 50,561 5,615,045 5,528,655	\$ 1,023,555 50,561 6,807,268 5,889,929
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 11,926,148	\$ 13,041,727	\$ 12,964,710	\$ 10,376,273	\$ 10,375,849	\$ 9,933,138	\$ 9,978,822	\$ 11,038,845	\$ 11,272,756	\$ 13,771,333
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Special revenue funds Restricted	\$ 6,209,287	\$ 7,081,129	\$ 8,010,807	* ******	. 44.500.440					
Unassigned Capital project funds	5 0,200,207	9 7,001,129	\$ 0,010,007	\$ 10,001,190	\$ 11,592,448	\$ 9,167,583	\$ 5,894,610	\$ 4,063,671	\$ 3,288,938	\$ 5,220,962 (61,368)
Restricted Unassigned Oabt service fund	(186,000)	7.218.432	8,348,120 -	2,192,382	575 -	•	:	•	255,830	2,234,031
Restricted Permanent fund	1,186,400	1,240,422	1,714,318	2.030,882	2,007,390	2.060,270	1,852,220	1,690,076	1,721,041	1,452,868
Nonspendable Restricted	1,000 834	1,000 842	1,000 842	1,000 <u>843</u>	1,000 <u>845</u>	1,000 853	1,000 875	1,000 917	1,000 953	1,000 957
TOTAL ALL OTHER GERMMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 7,211,521	\$ 15,541,625	\$ 18,074,887	\$ 14,226,297	\$ 13,602,258	\$ 11,229,706	\$ 7.548,705	\$ 5,755,664	\$ 5,265,760	\$ 8,648,470

City of Marion, Minois Changes in Fund Balances of Governments' Funds Lest Ten Fiscel Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
REVENUES										_
Property Laxes	\$ 6,245,343	\$ 6,083,479	\$ 8,561,085	\$ 0.915.311	\$ 7.541.118	\$ 7,845,967	\$ 7,947,981	\$ 8,378,185	\$ 8,822,108	
Sales Taxes	13,230,885	13,554,578	13,175,074	13,392,948	13.871.400	13.902.723	15,081,272	15.613.523	\$ 8,922,108 17,001,716	\$ 5,519,142
Grant revenue	928,787	673,638	379,378	2,834,398	1,897,603	620,798	915,216	2,143,674	963,836	20,739,475 2,545,547
Licensee and permits	80,004	99,588	109,883	134,848	135,614	196,159	177,695	205,274	193.879	412,441
Interpovernmental revenue	1,988,163	2,144,632	2,179,741	2.341,172	2,232,422	2,103,310	2,041,314	2.254.875	2.381.479	3,552,775
Other taxes and franchise fees	1,518,515	2,387,160	3,369,112	3,726,122	3,794,103	3,771,172	4.027.684	4,145,323	4.061.607	3,741,881
Service charges and fees	821,845	844,451	948,239	1,454,841	2,885,649	2.981.795	2,899,531	2,899.587	2,888,522	1,488,503
Investment income	65,827	76,052	43,748	4D,548	58,783	98,797	120,964	301,591	272,073	113,110
Restrated Donations	39,833	10,450	18,701	16,349	1,960,345	57,096	53,363	636,305	8.488	13,902
Miscollaneous Revenue	396,295	352,602	228,607	385,530	125,578	219,001	379,201	208,791	408,487	215,302
Total revenues	25,338,497	26,223,829	27,009,587	31,242,067	34,504,013	31,794,618	33.824,403	36,788,688	36,782,157	38.322,084
EXPENDITURES										********
General government	2,934,652	3.528.712	3,224,133	2.859.345	3,095,427	3,029,997	3,116,284	3,507,190	3,725,488	
Public, heelth and safety	7,105,481	7,344,306	8,483,207	9.304.123	8,447,754	9,908,545	10.289.689	10,839,566	10,988,314	4,008,838
Streets, alleys and cemelenes	3,403,312	3,360,702	3,397,904	3,168,355	3,984,181	4,541,950	3,877,856	4,905,927	4,985,572	11,353,013 4,543,292
Culture and recreation	2,131,024	2,040,695	2,246,613	3,097,183	3,928,022	3,940,925	4,182,323	4,259,080	4,222,289	2.956.202
Capital outlay	2,321,245	3,684,626	11,135,450	3,411,209	8,402,637	1,903,848	4,690,021	8,509,938	4,033,242	4,454,847
Development	4,321,029	4,584,453	4,169,397	18,797,470	3,154,664	3,744,482	2,898,447	2,840,508	3,989,311	3,408,581
Debt service	2,104,343	2,470,791	2,797,520	4,489,873	12,339,634	6,112,823	5,924,298	5,504,288	0.074.384	18,433,969
Total Expenditures	24,321,080	26,994,885	35,434,424	43,127,558	44,350,619	33,160,851	35,359,898	35,366,496	37,996,580	47,156,342
									41,520,000	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1.075,411	(771,056)	(5,424,857)	(11,885,491)	(9,646,600)	(1,385,635)	(1,735,493)	(1,579,608)	(1,234,423)	(8,834,258)
OTHER FINANCING BOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from long-term debt	5,352,680	45 564 545	44 505 704							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,352,000	10,204,013	10,885,781	5,753,468	9,200,855	344,236	268,663	429,484	1,216,185	12,934,688
Transfers in (out)		12,925	15,120	(305,008)	04 000					458,919
Transiers in family		12,823	15,120	(303,000)	21,288	(1,773,885)	22,559	(21,678)	(237,755)	1,523,740
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	5,352,880	10.216.938	10,880,901	5,448,483	9,222,143	(1,429,429)	291,222	407,806	976,430	14,915,545
SPECIAL ITEMS										
Payment to BBA bondholders	(2,981,339)									
Peyment to Pavilion bondholders	(2,068,948)	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•
Close out of Revolving Loan Fund	(2,000,040)	•	•		•	•				•
Payment to County for property taxes	•	•	•	•	•	•	(1.652.165)	•	•	•
July and a down of the property makes		<u>_</u>	<u>_</u>		<u>-</u>	<u></u>	(603,045)	<u>-</u>		
TOTAL SPECIAL ITEMS	(5,050,287)	<u> </u>					(2.255.210)		<u></u>	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,316,004	5 9,445,882	\$ 2,458,044	\$ (8,437,028)	\$ (524,463)	\$ (2,815,264)	\$ (3,699,491)	\$ (1,171,502)	\$ (255,993)	\$ 6,081,267
DEST OFFICE AS A SECONDARY OF AN										
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF										
NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	9.57%	10.80%	11.51%	11.30%	34.33%	19.54%	19.44%	17.28%	17.89%	38.49%

City of Marien, Illinois Taxable Sales by Category - Municipal Tax Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	2011	_	2012	 2013		2014	 2015	 2016		2017		2018	2019	 2020
General Merchandise	\$ 1,448,414	\$	1,714,822	\$ 1,678,796	\$	1,676,599	\$ 1,696,741	\$ 1,196,612	\$	1,105,635	\$	1,102,880	\$ 1,161,140	\$ 1,094,178
Food	675,855		710,496	777,861		749,398	710,905	1,191,796		1,266,470		1,317,227	1,342,746	1,382,883
Drinking and Eating Places	700,163		714,878	725,745		750,666	801,532	821,182		860,726		867,807	884,106	744,817
Apparel	414,013		210,729	207,371		191,686	177,750	155,387		153,404		157,921	144,071	103,930
Furniture & H.H. & Radio	82,276		67,974	71,215		61,394	69,064	53,170		49,520		64.539	97,606	113,696
Lumber, Bidg, Hardware	743,574		774,491	769,470		779,378	825,783	847,350		879,159		839,450	835,742	1,040,025
Automotive & Filing Stations	1,625,438		1,684,950	1,821,876		1,812,976	1,810,741	1,848,754		1,747,596		1,929,102	1,990,760	2,077,181
Orugs & Miscellaneous Retail	834,199		693,505	844,975		860,748	1,101,557	1,145,230		1,149,109		1,103,551	1,172,294	1,224,944
Agriculture & All Others	260,883		237,984	229,023		214,627	225,661	261,433		307,578		346,752	367,574	346,452
Manufactures	 109,625		106,528	 101,206		107,715	 105,856	95,803		101,960		79,042	69,639	 77,466
TOTAL	\$ 6,894,440	5	7,318,357	\$ 7,227,538	\$	7,205,187	\$ 7,525,590	\$ 7,616,917	5	7,621,157	5	7,808,271	\$ 8,085,678	\$ 8,205,572
CITY DIRECT SALES TAX RATE	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	-	1.00%	 1.00%	 1,00%	_	1.00%		1,00%	 1.00%	 1.00%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

Data by category is not available from the State of illinois for categories with less than four taxpayers. Any nonreported totals are included in the General Merchandise category.

City of Marion, Illinois Taxable Sales by Category - Home Rule Tax Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Merchandise	\$	1,280,361 \$	1,499,832 \$	1,439,666 \$	1,411,470	\$ 1,417,128 \$	1,046,629 \$	1,076,999 \$	1,132,320 \$	1,089,745 \$	1,674,141
Food		362,150	416,799	483,673	445,977	387,205	799,213	873,891	985,466	1,021,584	1,491,834
Drinking and Eating Places		888,355	887,608	897,607	928,621	992,553	1,017,522	1,174,232	1,291,109	1,328,349	1,659,676
Apparel		429,221	263,387	259,165	239,600	222,176	194,207	212,147	236,447	216,080	233,443
Furniture & H.H. & Radio		102,843	84,968	89,018	76,742	86,328	66,461	67,920	96,808	146,408	255,775
Lumber, Bldg, Hardware		882,718	925,047	913,601	893,298	952,274	973,344	1,123,200	1,250,246	1,239,608	2,317,934
Automotive & Filing Stations		527,783	627,859	575,741	604,218	596,176	573,576	597,220	752,307	728,967	1,005,186
Drugs & Miscellaneous Retail		843,947	873,293	810,148	757,670	811,985	817,151	885,825	867,884	859,513	1,432,903
Agriculture & All Others		267,466	273,040	266,617	246,398	260,013	304,745	396,527	473,775	488,584	660,071
Manufactures		122,381	121,249	112,723	119,721	122,241	114,135	131,685	113,510	129,732	167,094
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	5,707,225 \$	5,973,080 \$	5,847,959 \$	5,723,715	\$ 5,848,079 \$	5,906,983 \$	6,539,646 \$	7,199,872 \$	7,248,570 \$	10,898,057
CITY DIRECT SALES TAX RATE		1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1,25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	2.25%

Data Source

illnois Department of Rovenue

Data by category is not available from the State of illinois for categories with less than four taxpayers. Any nonreported totals are included in the General Merchandise category.

In July of 2017 the homenute tax rate increased from 1.25% to 1.50%.

In January of 2020 the homerul tax rate increased from 1.50% to 2.25%

City of Marion, Illinois Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

	City			County School	
Calendar	Direct	County	State	Facility	
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Total
2011	2.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.50%
2042	0.050/	0.059/	E 000/	4 000/	0.50%
2012	2.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.50%
2013	2.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.50%
2014	2.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.50%
2015	2.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.50%
2015	2.25%	0.2576	5.00%	1.00%	0.30%
2016	2.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.50%
2017	2.50%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.75%
2018	2.50%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.75%
2010	2.50 %	0.2076	J.00 /6	1.00 /6	0.1076
2019	2.50%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	8.75%
2020	3.25%	0.25%	5.00%	1.00%	9.50%

Data Source

City and County Records

Home rule tax increasee .25% on July 1,2017. Home rule tax increasee .75% on January 1, 2020.

City of Marion, illinois Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (Rate Per \$100 of Assessed Value) (Unaudited)

City Direct Rates							Overlapping Rates							
Tax Year Levied	Corporate	Fire Pension	Police Pension	Debt Service	Recreation	Total Direct Rate	Williamson County	Williamson County Building Commssion	Williamson County Alrport	John A. Logan College	Marlon Unit #2 School District	Marion Park District	Total Overlapping Rates	Total All Rates
2011		0.13444	0.19778	0.05206		0.38428	1.34328	0.22958	0.09610	0.54842	3.73698	0.22830	6.18266	6.56694
2012		0.14696	0.20641	0.05230	0.05000	0.45567	1.31761	0.22958	0.09967	0.55535	4.04395	0.24323	6.48939	6.94506
2013		0.14360	0.22356	0.05059	0.04721	0.46496	1.36506	0.23255	0.10055	0.56323	4.08750	0.25279	6.60168	7.06664
2014		0.16634	0.24371	0.05060	0.04721	0.50786	1.41689	0.24071	0.10320	0.59101	4.21779	0.26473	6.83433	7.34219
2015		0.17905	0.27672		0.04557	0.50134	1.40990	0.24927	0.10270	0.61581	4.20029	0.26575	6.84372	7.34506
2016		0.20804	0.31627	0.00000	0.04427	0.56858	1.32663	0.24727	0.10122	0.61545	4.14139	0.26955	6.70151	7.27009
2017		0.21124	0.31894		0.04389	0.57407	1.35475	0.25426	0.10297	0.62445	4.26466	0.28054	6.88163	7.45570
2018		0.20864	0.31502		0.04335	0.56701	1.38753	0.25966	0.10453	0.62530	4.35777	0.28890	7.02369	7.59070
2019	0.00002					0.00002	1,40411	0.26491	0 .10578	0.63145	4.42781	0.29333	7.12739	7.12741
2020	0.00002					0.00002	1.66586		0.10387	0.74724	4.4378	0.29782	7.25259	7.25261

Source: Williamson County Clerk's Office

City of Marion, Illinois
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property in Areas Outside of TiFs
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

Tax Year	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Residential Property	Railroads Property	Farm Property	Minerals	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth	Total Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value
2011	115,935,245	8,510,080	161,410,595	309,583	1,968,397	3,060	288,136,960	-0.98%	0.38428	864,410,880
2012	115,248,607	6,672,276	162,322,085	345,561	2,215,724	3,060	286,807,293	-0.46%	0.45567	860,421,879
2013	125,251,925	5,969,351	162,488,590	400,107	2,398,406	3,060	296,511,439	3.36%	0.46496	889,534,317
2014	124,526,776	5,957,078	162,964,649	424,262	2,623,226	3,060	295,499,051	0.00%	0.50786	889,497,153
2015	130,506,548	5,910,219	167,569,447	498,672	2,680,151	3,060	307,166,097	3.60%	0.50134	921,498,291
2016	134,600,739	7,105,007	171,244,570	506,656	2,722,727	3,060	316,182,759	2.94%	0.56858	948,548,277
2017	136,247,648	7,101,377	172,372,579	510,716	2,736,084	3,060	318,971,464	0.88%	0.57407	956,914,392
2018	138,812,188	7,101,377	173,683,675	510,716	2,829,348	360	322,937,664	1.24%	0.56701	968,812,992
2019	141,778,900	7,098,104	190,382,668	510,716	3,035,252	2,090	342,807,730	6.15%	0.00000	1,028,423,190
2020	145,912,074	7,231,797	196,085,965	608,484	3,624,752	2,090	353,465,162	3.11%	0.00000	1,060,395,486

Source: Williamson County Clerk's Office

City of Marion, Illinois
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property in TIF Areas
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

Tax Year	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Residential Property	Railroads Property	Farm Property	<u>M</u> inerals	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth	Actual Taxable Value
2011	53,503,747	38,213	15,096,059	7,493	1,966,011	-	70,611,523	-4.10%	211,834,569
2012	52,897,324	35,231	15,832,288	7,485	2,118,516	•	70,890,844	0.40%	212,672,532
2013	55,819,270	38,213	16,469,077	7,493	2,116,625	-	74,450,678	5.02%	223,352,034
2014	58,410,061	29,851	17,308,888	•	1,945,155	-	77,693,955	4.36%	233,081,865
2015	61,306,782	91,383	17,853,786	77	2,015,283	-	81,267,311	4.60%	243,801,933
2016	64,623,089	123,293	18,243,284	144	2,167,018	-	85,156,828	4.79%	255,470,484
2017	66,731,120	123,293	18,539,393	144	2,195,341	-	87,589,291	2.86%	262,767,873
2018	67,791,177	123,293	18,393,218	144	2,179,252	-	88,487,084	1.03%	265,461,252
2019	68,175,555	123,166	4,525,676	144	2,168,398	-	74,992,939	-15.25%	224,978,817
2020	72,922,167	219,830	7,110,617	532	2,315,963	-	82,569,109	10.10%	247,707,327

Source: Williamson County Clerk's Office

City of Marion, Illinois
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Areas outside of TIF Districts
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Total Tax Levy Extended	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2012	2010	1,066,561		0.00%		-	0.00%
2013	2011	1,107,253	1,109,014	100.16%		1,109,014	100.16%
2014	2012	1,301,334	1,297,754	99.72%	1,589	1,299,343	99.85%
2015	2013	1,375,445	1,369,529	99.57%	1,253	1,370,782	99.66%
2016	2014	1,503,013	1,500,674	99.84%	(3,564)	1,497,110	99.61%
2017	2015	1,541,322	1,539,683	99.89%	968	1,540,651	99.96%
2018	2016	1,793,612	1,785,685	99.56%	(12,019)	1,773,666	98.89%
2019	2017	1,826,125	1,817,176	99.51%	2,989	1,820,165	99.67%
2020	2018	1,826,551	1,812,593	99.24%	2,281	1,814,874	99.36%
2021	2019	51	51	100.00%		51	100.00%

Source: Williamson County Treasurer's Office

City of Marion, Illinois
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Within TIF Districts
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Total Tax Levy Extended	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections	Prior Year Tax Collections (Refunds)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2012	2010	4,659,643	4,659,541	100.00%	0	4,659,541	100.00%
2013	2011	4,501,601	4,500,815	99.98%	(5,438)	4,495,377	99.86%
2014	2012	4,776,013	4,775,376	99.99%	0	4,775,376	99.99%
2015	2013	5,113,521	5,113,321	100.00%	(59,838)	5,053,483	98.83%
2016	2014	5,548,966	5,547,540	99.97%	0	5,547,540	99.97%
2017	2015	5,808,198	5,807,907	99.99%	0	5,807,907	99.99%
2018	2016	6,028,357	5,977,889	99.16%	0	5,977,889	99.16%
2019	2017	6,356,345	6,355,985	99.99%	0	6,355,985	99.99%
2020	2018	6,553,670	6,551,861	99.97%	49,488	6,601,349	100.73%
2021	2019	5,339,598	5,338,759	99.98%	1,092	5,339,851	100.00%

Source: Williamson County Treasurer's Office

City of Marion, Illinois Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	 	Governmetna	Activities			Business-Typ	e Activities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	SSA BOND	Loans Payable	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds	Loans Payable	Capital Leases	IEPA Loans Payble	Total _Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2012	16,560,022	3,115,000	8,517,848	-	4,494,116	3,144	-	6,925,555	39,615,685	9.65%	2,316.57
2013	25,079,175	2,840,000	8,473,805	-	4,161,779	42,990	-	9,246,502	49,844,251	12.14%	2,898.26
2014	34,207,060	2,555,000	8,120,689	559,274	3,827,397	26,609	•	8,702,455	57,998,484	13.81%	3,356.01
2015	36,410,959	2,265,000	8,431,394	556,934	8,119,793	9,606	•	3,450,219	59,243,905	14.11%	3,414.04
2016	33,373,748	1,970,000	8,491,888	1,361,944	6,791,153	554,501	-	3,739,221	56,282,455	13,51%	3,200.05
2017	30,021,578	1,665,000	7,731,038	859,590	6,141,876	285,162	•	3,539,082	50,243,326	12.03%	2,838.12
2018	26,638,508	1,350,000	6,695,172	821,094	5,538,785	617,082	27,684	3,331,326	45,019,651	10.82%	2,532,89
2019	23,430,046	1,030,000	5,997,188	661,389	4,813,458	545,640	21,642	3,131,451	39,630,814	9.52%	2,245.88
2020	20,130,276	700,000	5,485,626	516,821	4,072,094	485,642	15,470	2,998,495	34,404,424	8.30%	1,963.72
2021	16,618,278	355,000	6,255,029	396,725	3,309,749	423,857	1,209,166	3,306,606	31,874,410	6.94%	1,891.10

Note: For comparative purposes the 2015 Refunding Chase foan has been included with the bonded debt

City of Marion, Illinois Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Paid with Sales Tax and Hotel Tax Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Gross General Obligation Bonds	Less Funds Reserved for Debt Service	Net General Obligation Debt	Total Hotel and Sales Tax	Net General Obligation Debt Per Capita	Total Hotel and Sales Tax Per Capita
2012	15,340,022	644,675	14,695,347	13,252,301	847.24	764.04
2013	21,437,659	719,794	20,717,865	14,477,275	1,193.49	833.99
2014	26,843,620	1,020,747	25,822,873	14,169,930	1,454.24	797.99
2015	25,025,314	1,212,240	23,813,074	14,577,735	1,341.81	821.42
2016	22,706,390	1,235,555	21,470,835	15,072,278	1,219.03	855.75
2017	20,149,888	1,292,106	18,857,782	15,041,676	1,068.01	851.88
2018	17,579,131	1,173,362	16,405,769	16,286,369	932.78	925.99
2019	15,291,464	1,200,877	14,090,587	16,739,738	800.51	951.01
2020	12,775,051	1,228,648	11,546,403	16,854,086	659.04	961.99
2021	10,740,959	1,150,067	9,590,892	18,325,551	569.02	1,087.25

Note: For comparative purposes the 2015 Refunding Chase loan has been included with the bonded debt

Note: Above Total Hotel and Sales Tax does not include sales tax transferred to Property Tax Replacement Fund.

City of Marion, Illinois Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Paid with Tax Increment Financing Districts Funds Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Gross General Obligation Bonds	Less Funds Reserved for Debt Service	Net General Obligation Debt	Tax Increment Financing Fund Balance	Percent of TIF Fund Balance To Net General Obligation Debt	Net Debt Per Capita
2011	1,275,000	130,400	1,144,600	3,155,678	275.70%	66.36
2012	1,220,000	131,456	1,088,544	3,430,420	315.14%	62.76
2013	3,641,516	120,215	3,521,301	3,973,120	112.83%	202.85
2014	7,363,440	294,542	7,068,898	4,558,294	64,48%	398.09
2015	11,385,645	421,751	10,963,894	5,747,259	52.42%	617.79
2016	10,667,358	372,839	10,294,519	7,933,730	77.07%	584.48
2017	9,871,690	368,177	9,503,513	5,614,346	59. 08 %	538.23
2018	9,059,377	379,893	8,679,484	4,475,282	51.56%	493.49
2019	8,138,582	389,713	7,748,869	2,881,768	37.19%	440.23
2020	7,355,225	391,103	6,964,122	707,772	10.16%	397.50
2021	5,877,319	328,307	5,549,012	1,255,411	22.62%	329.22

City of Marion, Illinois Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Paid with Water and Sewer Service Charges and Fees Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Gross General Obligation Bonds	Less Funds Reserved for Debt Service	Net General Obligation Debt	Water and Sewer Debt Service Billings	Percentage of Water and Sewer Debt Service Billings To GO Debt	Per Capita GO Debt
2012	4,494,116	212,602	4,281,514	1,059,067	24.74%	246.84
2013	4,161,779	221,082	3,940,697	1,115,821	28.32%	227.01
2014	3,827,397	226,737	3,600,660	1,141,178	31.69%	202.77
2015	8,119,793	311,651	7,808,142	1,121,742	14.37%	439.97
2016	6,791,153	219,910	6,571,243	1,137,504	17.31%	373.09
2017	6,141,876	224,362	5,917,514	1,141,443	19.29%	335.14
2018	5,538,785	105,423	5,433,362	1,144,106	21.06%	308.92
2019	4,813,458	109,802	4,703,656	1,145,625	24.36%	267.22
2020	4,072,094	108,858	3,963,236	1,135,250	28.64%	226.21
2021	3,309,749	110,554	3,199,195	1,168,859	36.54%	189.81

City of Marion, Illinois Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt April 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Gross Bonded Debt (1)	Estimated Percentage Debt Applicable In the City of Marion (2)	Citfy of Marion Share of Debt
City of Marion	\$12,765,051	100.00%	\$12,765,051
Willamson County	17,975,000	31.72%	\$5,701,670
Williamson Co. CUSD 2	21,405,000	56.96%	\$12,192,288
Williamson CUSD 5	36,445,000	6.46%	\$2,354,347
Williamson County Airport	4,165,000	31.77%	\$1,323,221
John A. Logan College	31,450,000	17.31%	\$5,443,995
Marion Park District	770,000	99.48%	\$765,996
	\$124,975,051	_	\$40,546,568

Per Capita Direct and Overlapping Debt

⁽¹⁾ Gross bonded debt does not include the debt being paid with Tax Increment Financing funds.

⁽²⁾ Determined by ratio of assessed value of property subject to taxation in the City to assessed value of property subject to taxation in the overlapping unit.

⁽³⁾ Williamson County Clerk's Office and www.EMMA.MSRB.org (excludes principal due on or before September 1, 2020.)

City of Marion, Illinois
Full Time Equivalent City Government
Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Functions/Programs											
General Government											
Mayor and Council	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
City Administrator	-	•	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	NA J.OU	NA S.OO	NA S.OS	NA	NA J.OU
Code Enforcement	3. 94	3.00	3.00	3.12	3.38	3.00	NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA
Information Technology	2.64	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	NA NA	NA	NA.	NA.	NA
Treasurer's Office	4.87	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
City Clerk's Office	1.87	2.42	2.46	2.45	2.39	2.18	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
Human Resources	1.00	1.00			55						
Economic Development	0.85	_									-
Mayor's Chief of Staff	1.00	1.00								_	_
City Attorney	1.00	1.00				-	_	_			
Community Programs	0.95	_				-			-	_	
Senior Citizens Center	7.33	6.94	6.92	7.17	7.10	7.01	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Boyton St. Community Center	3.26	5.10	4.90	3.96	4.31	4.27	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Public Health & Safety			*****	0.00	4,22		***				1125
Police Department	58.23	54.47	50.67	48.35	47.92	45.27	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fire Department	27.09	26.00	26.00	26.00	25.39	25.16	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA
Emergency Management	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.50	0.50	0.50	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Safety Department	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA
Animal Control	2.44	2.65	2.82	2.50	2.45	2.49	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Streets, Alleys and Cemeteries											••••
Street Department	26.31	22.82	23.18	22.05	22.29	20.54	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cemetery Department	6.63	6.92	6.90	6.60	6.53	6.59	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cultural and Recreation											
Cultural &Civic Center	3.39	8.56	6.95	6.76	6.81	6.11	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CarnagieLibrary	10.80	13.50	14.08	14.23	13.55	12.32	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
The Pavilion	3.16	4.46	4,37	4.24	4,24	4.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Hub Recreational Center	21.26	39.32	43.33	41.27	39.10	35.62	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Public Utilities											
Water-Outside and Plant	11.00	11.00	10.83	10.00	10.00	10.91	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Water Office	5.54	5.85	6.00	5.87	5.76	4.50	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sewer - Outside and Plant	11.13	11.74	12.21	12.57	12.72	12.43	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	221.94	242.00	239.87	232.64	228.44	217.09					

Note: Years ending 2011 thru 2015 were under a previous accounting system and information is insufficient to calculate FTE's. Note: Cultural and Recreation FTE's were down in 2020 due to Covid-19 Pandemic furloughs.

City of Marion, Illinois Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	Н	Medican ousehold Income	 Per Capita Income	Median Age	K thru 12 School Enrolment	Unemployment Rate
2012	17,345	\$	39,167	\$ 24,869	41.2	3,744	8.90%
2013	17,359	\$	38,260	\$ 24,054	40.8	3,828	8.90%
2014	17,757	\$	41,319	\$ 26,126	41.2	3,749	8.64%
2015	17,747	\$	42,489	\$ 26,088	40.8	3,804	6.71%
2016	17,613	\$	42,839	\$ 25,205	42.9	3,886	6.70%
2017	17,657	\$	43,146	\$ 25,204	40.1	3,835	5.72%
2018	17,588	\$	43,407	\$ 25,851	40.3	3,819	4.80%
2019	17,602	\$	43,587	\$ 26,395	39.2	3,820	5.00%
2020	17,520	\$	43,502	\$ 27,252	39.3	3,794	4.80%
2021	16,855		N/A	N/A	N/A	3,723	5.07%

N/A - Not available

Data Sources

- (1) U.S Census Bureau
- (2) CityData.com
- (3) Data,USA
- (4) Marion Unit 2 School District